# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30,2025

 $_{\rm OR}\Box$   $\,$  Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the securities exchange act of 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number: 001-34177



Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

#### Delaware

 $\boxtimes$ 

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

230 Park Avenue South New York, New York (Address of principal executive offices) 35-2333914 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 10003 (Zip Code)

(212) 548-5555 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

## Title of Each Class

Series A Common Stock 4.302% Senior Notes due 2030 4.693% Senior Notes due 2033

## Trading Symbols

WBD WBDI30, WBDI30A WBDI33, WBDI33A

Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
The Nasdaq Global Select Market
The Nasdaq Global Market
The Nasdaq Global Market

		e filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 du s), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past	iring the preceding
		nteractive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of R the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes $\blacksquare$ No $\square$	Regulation S-T
		ated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an er tring company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the	
Large accelerated filer	×	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
		Emerging growth company	
	pany, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected dards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange	I not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new ge Act. $\square$	v or
Indicate by check mark who	ether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rul	e 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 🗷	
Total number of shares out	standing of each class of the Registrant's common stock	c as of July 25, 2025:	
	Series A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	2,475,772,282	

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. Unaudited Financial Statements.

#### WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited; in millions, except per share amounts)

		Three Months	d June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2025		2024	2025		2024
Revenues:							
Distribution	\$	4,885	\$	4,879	\$ 9,771	\$	9,864
Advertising		2,216		2,430	4,196		4,578
Content		2,471		2,109	4,337		4,667
Other		240		295	487		562
Total revenues		9,812		9,713	18,791		19,671
Costs and expenses:							
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		5,967		6,204	11,098		12,262
Selling, general and administrative		2,477		2,461	4,671		4,693
Depreciation and amortization		1,447		1,744	2,994		3,632
Restructuring and other charges		80		117	134		152
Impairments and loss on dispositions		26		9,395	116		9,407
Total costs and expenses		9,997		19,921	19,013		30,146
Operating loss		(185)		(10,208)	(222)		(10,475)
Interest expense, net		(463)		(518)	(931)		(1,033)
Cain on extinguishment of debt, net		2,958		542	2,954		567
Income (loss) from equity investees, net		5		(23)	(2)		(71)
Other income, net		139		172	221		158
Income (loss) before income taxes		2,454		(10,035)	2,020		(10,854)
Income tax(expense) benefit		(866)		7	(881)		(129)
Net income (loss)		1,588		(10,028)	1,139		(10,983)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(7)		(10)	(15)		(17)
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		(1)		52	3		48
Net income (loss) available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	\$	1,580	\$	(9,986)	\$ 1,127	\$	(10,952)
Net income (loss) per share available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A common stockholder	s: <del></del>		_			_	
Basic	\$	0.64	\$	(4.07)	\$ 0.46	\$	(4.48)
Diluted	\$	0.63	\$	(4.07)	0.45	\$	(4.48)
Weighted average shares outstanding:				( /2.)			()
Basic		2,477		2,451	2,469		2,447
Diluted		2,499		2,451	2,500		2,447

# WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME (unaudited; in millions)

	T	hree Months	Ended June 30,		Six Months E	nded June 30,	
		2025	2024		2025	2024	
Net income (loss)	\$	1,588	\$ (10,028	\$	1,139	\$ (10,98	83)
Other comprehensive income (loss):							
Currency translation, net of income tax expense of \$(11), \$(9), \$(101), and \$(2)		444	Ģ	)	675	(16	57)
Derivatives							
Change in net unrealized gains		20	12	2	29	2	25
Less: Reclassification adjustment for net losses (gains) included in net income		5	2	2	(8)	(	(7)
Net change, net of income tax expense of \$(9), \$(4), \$(10), and \$(4)		25	14		21	1	18
Comprehensive income (loss)		2,057	(10,005	)	1,835	(11,13	32)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(9)	(7	)	(20)	(1	13)
Comprehensive (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		(1)	52	2	3	2	48
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	\$	2,047	\$ (9,960	) \$	1,818	\$ (11,09	97)

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ consolidated \ financial \ statements.$ 

### WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited; in millions, except par value)

	Jı	ine 30, 2025	Dec	ember 31, 2024
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,888	\$	5,312
Receivables, net		5,383		4,947
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		3,340		3,819
Total current assets		13,611		14,078
Film and television content rights and games		18,817		19,102
Property and equipment, net		6,413		6,087
Goodwill		25,939		25,667
Intangible assets, net		29,906		32,299
Other noncurrent assets		7,041		7,327
Total assets	\$	101,727	\$	104,560
Liabilities and equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,074	\$	1,055
Accrued liabilities		10,218		10,438
Deferred revenues		1,527		1,569
Current portion of debt		221		2,748
Total current liabilities		13,040		15,810
Noncurrent portion of debt		34,411		36,757
Deferred income taxes		6,494		6,985
Other noncurrent liabilities		10,436		10,070
Total liabilities		64,381		69,622
Commitments and contingencies (See Note 15)				
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		23		109
Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. stockholders' equity:				
Series A common stock: \$0.01 par value; 10,800 and 10,800 shares authorized; 2,705 and 2,684 shares issued; and 2,475 and 2,454 shares outstanding		27		27
Preferred stock: \$0.01 par value; 1,200 and 1,200 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding		_		_
Additional paid-in capital		55,749		55,560
Treasury stock, at cost: 230 and 230 shares		(8,244)		(8,244)
Accumulated deficit		(11,112)		(12,239)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(371)		(1,067)
Total Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. stockholders' equity		36,049		34,037
Noncontrolling interests		1,274		792
Total equity		37,323		34,829
Total liabilities and equity	\$	101,727	\$	104,560

### WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited; in millions)

	Six Months End	led June 30,
	2025	2024
Operating Activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,139 \$	(10,983)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Content rights amortization and impairment	6,851	7,747
Depreciation and amortization	2,994	3,632
Deferred income taxes	(471)	(889)
Share-based compensation expense	298	260
Equity in losses of equity method investee companies and cash distributions	18	83
Gain on sale of investments	(6)	(203)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(2,954)	(567)
Impairments and loss on dispositions	116	9,407
Other, net	(97)	25
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and dispositions:		
Receivables, net	(460)	(191)
Film and television content rights, games, and production payables, net	(6,314)	(6,351)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, deferred revenues and other noncurrent liabilities	(141)	(132)
Foreign currency, prepaid expenses and other assets, net	563	(25)
Cash provided by operating activities	1,536	1,813
Investing Activities		
Purchases of property and equipment	(532)	(447)
Proceeds from sales of investments	54	324
Investments in and advances to equity investments	(26)	(68)
Proceeds from asset dispositions	66	<u></u>
Other investing activities, net	7	54
Cash used in investing activities	(431)	(137)
Financing Activities	( - )	( /
Principal repayments of debt, including premiums and discounts to par value	(20,403)	(3,703)
Borrowings from debt, net of discount and issuance costs	18,303	1,617
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests	(174)	(161)
Proceeds for noncontrolling interest in joint venture	601	
Borrowings under commercial paper program and revolving credit facility	3,551	11,605
Repayments under commercial paper program and revolving credit facility	(3,551)	(11,605)
Other financing activities, net	(213)	(27)
Cash used in financing activities	(1,886)	(2,274)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	256	(104)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(525)	(702)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	5,416	4,319
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 4,891	
Cash, Cash Quivaiches, and restricted Cash, Chief of period	φ 4,891 <u>4</u>	3,017

### WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited; in millions)

	Warner Discove Commo	ry, Inc.	- Add	litional			Accumulated Other		arner Bros. Discovery, Inc.		
	Shares	Par Value		id-In apital	Treasury Stock	cumulated Deficit	Comprehensive Loss	Sto	ckholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
December 31, 2024	2,684	\$ 27	\$ :	55,560	\$ (8,244)	\$ (12,239)	\$ (1,067)	\$	34,037	\$ 792	\$ 34,829
Net (loss) income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and attributable to noncontrolling interests	_	_		_	_	(453)	_		(453)	8	(445)
Other comprehensive income	_	_		_	_	_	227		227	3	230
Share-based compensation	_	_		156	_	_	_		156	_	156
Tax settlements associated with share-based plans	_	_		(124)	_	_	_		(124)	_	(124)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	(147)	(147)
Issuance of stock in connection with share-based plans	19	_		9	_	_	_		9	_	9
Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments to redemption value	_	_		(3)	_	_	_		(3)	_	(3)
Reclassification associated with the expiration of put rights	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	74	74
Formation of music catalog joint venture	_	_		(13)	_	_	_		(13)	582	569
March 31, 2025	2,703	\$ 27	\$ :	55,585	\$ (8,244)	\$ (12,692)	\$ (840)	\$	33,836	\$ 1,312	\$ 35,148
Net income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and attributable to noncontrolling interests						1,580			1,580	7	1,587
Other comprehensive income	_	_		_	_	_	469		469	2	471
Share-based compensation	_	_		164	_	_	_		164	_	164
Tax settlements associated with share-based plans	_	_		(4)	_	_	_		(4)	_	(4)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	_	_			_	_	_			(16)	(16)
Issuance of stock in connection with share-based plans	2	_		4	_	_	_		4		4
Tax gain on formation of music catalog joint venture	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	(31)	(31)
June 30, 2025	2,705	\$ 27	\$ :	55,749	\$ (8,244)	\$ (11,112)	\$ (371)	\$	36,049	\$ 1,274	\$ 37,323

#### WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited; in millions)

	Warne Discove Commo	ry, In	c.	Addition	1			Accumulated Other	Warner Bros Discovery, Inc.	i <b>.</b>	
	Shares	Pa Val		Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Ac	ccumulated Deficit	Comprehensive Loss	Stockholders Equity	Noncontrollin Interests	g Total Equity
December 31, 2023	2,669	\$	27	\$ 55,112	\$ (8,244)	\$	(928)	\$ (741)	\$ 45,226	\$ 1,081	\$ 46,307
Net (loss) income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and attributable to noncontrolling interests	_		_	_	_		(966)	_	(966	) 7	(959)
Other comprehensive loss	_		_	-	- —			(172)	(172	) (1	(173)
Share-based compensation	_		_	10	_		_	_	108	_	108
Tax settlements associated with share-based plans	_		_	(53	) —		_	_	(53)	) —	(53)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	_		_	_	- —		_	_	_	(123	(123)
Issuance of stock in connection with share-based plans	10		_	30	_		_	_	30	_	- 30
Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments to redemption value	_		_	(22	) —		_	_	(22	) —	(22)
March 31, 2024	2,679	\$	27	\$ 55,17	\$ (8,244)	\$	(1,894)	\$ (913)	\$ 44,151	\$ 964	\$ 45,115
Net (loss) income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and attributable to noncontrolling interests			_	_			(9,986)		(9,986	) 10	(9,976)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	_		_	-	- —		_	23	23	(3	) 20
Share-based compensation	_		_	15	_		_	_	151	_	151
Tax settlements associated with share-based plans	_		_	(2	) —		_	_	(2)	) —	- (2)
Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests	_		_	_	- —		_	_		(19	(19)
Issuance of stock in connection with share-based plans	2		_		· —		_	_	6	_	- 6
Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments to redemption value					<u>.                                      </u>				2		2
June 30, 2024	2,681	\$	27	\$ 55,332	\$ (8,244)	\$	(11,880)	\$ (890)	\$ 34,345	\$ 952	\$ 35,297

#### NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### **Description of Business**

Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. ("Warner Bros. Discovery", "WBD", the "Company", "we", "us" or "our") is a leading global media and entertainment company that creates and distributes a differentiated and comprehensive portfolio of content and products across television, film, streaming, interactive gaming, publishing, themed experiences, and consumer products through brands including: Discovery Channel, HBO Max, CNN, DC Studios, TNT Sports, HBO, Food Network, TLC, TBS, Warner Bros. Motion Picture Group, Warner Bros. Television Group, Warner Bros. Games, Adult Swim, Turner Classic Movies, and others.

In June 2025, the Company announced its plans to separate the Company, in a tax-free transaction, into two publicly traded companies (the "Separation"). Warner Bros. will primarily consist of our Streaming and Studios reportable segments and include Warner Bros. Television, Warner Bros. Motion Picture Group, DC Studios, HBO, and HBO Max, as well as its film and television libraries. Discovery Global will primarily consist of our Global Linear Networks reportable segment and include premier entertainment, sports and news television brands around the world including CNN, TNT Sports in the U.S., and Discovery, free-to-air channels across Europe, and digital products such as Discovery+ and Bleacher Report. The Separation is expected to be completed by mid-2026, subject to closing and other conditions, including final approval by the Warner Bros. Discovery Board, receipt of tax opinions with respect to the tax-free nature of the transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and market conditions. There can be no assurance that the Separation will occur in accordance with the expected plans or anticipated timeline, or at all.

In the first quarter of 2025, the Company renamed its Direct-to-Consumer reportable segment to Streaming and its Networks reportable segment to Global Linear Networks. There have been no changes to the Company's reportable segments or the composition of our reportable segments as a result of these announcements.

As of June 30, 2025, we classified our operations in three reportable segments:

- Streaming Our Streaming segment primarily consists of our premium pay-TV and streaming services.
- Studios Our Studios segment primarily consists of the production and release of feature films for initial exhibition in theaters, production and initial licensing of television programs to third parties and our networks/streaming services, distribution of our films and television programs to various third party and internal television and streaming services, distribution through the home entertainment market (physical and digital), related consumer products and themed experience licensing, and interactive gaming.
- Global Linear Networks Our Global Linear Networks segment primarily consists of our domestic and international television networks.

Our segment presentation is aligned with our management structure and the financial information management uses to make decisions about operating matters, such as the allocation of resources and business performance assessments.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries in which a controlling interest is maintained, including variable interest entities ("VIE") for which the Company is the primary beneficiary. Intercompany accounts and transactions between consolidated entities have been eliminated.

#### Unaudited Interim Financial Statements

These consolidated financial statements are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management, they reflect all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring adjustments necessary to state fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with U.S. GAAP applicable to interim periods. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or future periods. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "2024 Form 10-K").

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### Recent Accounting and Reporting Pronouncements

#### Income Taxes

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance updating the disclosure requirements for income taxes, primarily through standardization and disaggregation of rate reconciliation categories and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company expects to adopt this guidance prospectively and is currently evaluating the impact it will have on its annual tax disclosures that will be included in its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

#### Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses

In November 2024, the FASB issued guidance updating the disclosure requirements for income statement expenses, primarily through disaggregation of certain types of expenses presented on the income statement. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026 and for interimperiods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments may be applied either: (1) prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date, or (2) retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on its disclosures.

#### NOTE 2. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

We perform fair value-based impairment tests of goodwill and intangible assets on an annual basis, and between annual tests if an event occurs or if circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit or an intangible asset below its carrying value.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company performed goodwill and intangible assets impairment monitoring procedures for all of its reporting units and identified no indicators of impairment. As of October 1, 2024, the date of the most recent quantitative impairment assessment, the estimated fair value of each reporting unit exceeded its carrying value.

The Company continues to monitor its reporting units for triggers that could impact the recoverability of goodwill. Long-term trends and risks the Company is monitoring in its ongoing assessment include, but are not limited to, the following:

- · the delta between market capitalization and book value, as well as volatility in the price of our common stock, including any impact from the announced Separation;
- · uncertainty related to affiliate rights renewals associated with the Company's Global Linear Networks and Streaming reporting units;
- · declining levels of global GDP growth and continued softness in the U.S. linear advertising market associated with the Company's Global Linear Networks reporting unit;
- increased competition for advertising expenditures associated with the Company's Global Linear Networks and Streaming reporting units as a result of an increase in digital advertising available in the marketplace;
- · uncertainty surrounding the impacts related to the imposition of tariffs by the U.S. government and any retaliatory tariffs from foreign governments;
- · content licensing trends and volatility related to the performance of theatrical film and game slates in the Company's Studios reporting unit; and
- · risks in executing the projected growth strategies of the Company's Streaming reporting unit.

#### NOTE 3. RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER CHARGES

The Company periodically initiates restructuring programs, which may include, among other things, strategic content programming assessments, organizational restructuring, facility consolidation activities, and other contract termination costs. During 2025, the Company initiated restructuring plans related to the announced Separation. During 2024, the Company initiated two restructuring initiatives; an organizational and personnel restructuring plan and a restructuring initiative associated with its Warner Bros. Cames group.

Restructuring and other charges by reportable segments and corporate and inter-segment eliminations were as follows (in millions).

	 ree Months	En de d	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	 2025		2024		2025		2024	
Streaming	\$ 7	\$	15	\$	19	\$	17	
Studios	(1)		19		(6)		30	
Global Linear Networks	25		42		41		53	
Corporate and inter-segment eliminations	49		41		80		52	
Total restructuring and other charges	\$ 80	\$	117	\$	134	\$	152	

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, restructuring and other charges were primarily related to organization restructuring costs and consulting fees.

Changes in restructuring liabilities recorded in accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and other noncurrent liabilities by major category and by reportable segment and corporate were as follows (in millions).

	Stre	aming	Studios	obal Linear Networks	Corporate	Total
December 31, 2024	\$	31	\$ 95	\$ 105	\$ 58	\$ 289
Employee termination accruals, net		19	(6)	41	35	89
Other accruals and adjustments		_	_	_	45	45
Cash paid		(12)	(40)	(51)	(54)	(157)
June 30, 2025	\$	38	\$ 49	\$ 95	\$ 84	\$ 266

### NOTE 4. REVENUES

The following tables present the Company's revenues disaggregated by revenue source (in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025											
	Streaming		Studios		Global Linear Networks	Corporate and Inter-segment Eliminations			Total			
Revenues:												
Distribution	\$ 2,410	\$	1	\$	2,477	\$	(3)	\$	4,885			
Advertising	282		_		1,953		(19)		2,216			
Content	102		3,591		287		(1,509)		2,471			
Other	(1)		209		86		(54)		240			
Total	\$ 2,793	\$	3,801	\$	4,803	\$	(1,585)	\$	9,812			

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024											
		Streaming		Studios		Global Linear Networks		Corporate and Inter-segment Eliminations		Total		
Revenues:												
Distribution	\$	2,202	\$	3	\$	2,675	\$	(1)	\$	4,879		
Advertising		240		_		2,214		(24)		2,430		
Content		123		2,237		299		(550)		2,109		
Other		3		209		84		(1)		295		
Total	\$	2,568	\$	2,449	\$	5,272	\$	(576)	\$	9,713		

			Six	Mont	ths Ended June 3	0, 20	125		
				Global Linear Networks		Corporate and Inter-segment Eliminations			Total
Revenues:									
Distribution	\$	4,739	\$	2 \$	5,035	\$	(5)	\$	9,771
Advertising		519			3,711		(35)		4,196
Content		190	5,730	)	667		(2,250)		4,337
Other		1	382	2	164		(60)		487
Total	\$	5,449	\$ 6,113	\$	9,577	\$	(2,350)	\$	18,791

			Six M	ont	hs Ended June 30	0, 20	024		
	Streaming	Studios			Global Linear Networks	Corporate and Inter-segment Diminations			Total
Revenues:									
Distribution	\$ 4,387	\$	8	\$	5,472	\$	(3)	\$	9,864
Advertising	415		4		4,201		(42)		4,578
Content	222		4,860		563		(978)		4,667
Other	4		398		161		(1)		562
Total	\$ 5,028	\$	5,270	\$	10,397	\$	(1,024)	\$	19,671

#### **Contract Liabilities and Contract Assets**

The following table presents contract liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets (in millions).

Category	Balance Sheet Location	June	30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Contract liabilities	Deferred revenues	\$	1,527 \$	1,569
Contract liabilities	Other noncurrent liabilities		231	206

For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, revenues of \$1,003 million and \$1,046 million were recognized that were included in deferred revenues as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Contract assets were not material as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

#### **Remaining Performance Obligations**

The following table presents a summary of revenue expected to be recognized from remaining performance obligations by contract type (in millions).

Contract Type	June 3	0, 2025	Duration
Distribution - fixed price or minimum guarantee	\$	2,048	Through 2030
Content licensing and sports sublicensing		4,678	Through 2032
Brand licensing		3,012	Through 2052
Advertising		648	Through 2030
Other		144	Through 2029
Total	\$	10,530	

The value of unsatisfied performance obligations disclosed above does not include: (i) contracts involving variable consideration for which revenues are recognized in accordance with the sales or usage-based royalty exception, which typically have a similar duration as the contracts disclosed above, and (ii) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less, such as most advertising contracts; however for content licensing revenues, including revenues associated with the licensing of theatrical and television product for television and streaming services, the Company has included all contracts regardless of duration.

### NOTE 5. SALES OF RECEIVABLES

#### Revolving Receivables Program

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company amended its revolving receivables program to reduce the facility limit to \$5,000 million and extend the program to June 2026. The outstanding portfolio of receivables derecognized from our consolidated balance sheet was \$4,499 million as of June 30, 2025.

The Company recognized \$56 million and \$92 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, and \$37 million and \$88 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations from the revolving receivables program (net of non-designated derivatives). (See Note 9.)

The following table presents a summary of receivables sold (in millions).

	 Three Months	Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2025	2024		2025		2024		
Gross receivables sold/cash proceeds received	\$ 3,991	\$ 3,540	\$	8,222	\$	7,496		
Collections reinvested under revolving receivables program	 (4,240)	(3,643)	1	(8,360)		(7,630)		
Net cash proceeds remitted	\$ (249)	\$ (103)	\$	(138)	\$	(134)		
Net receivables sold	\$ 3,985	\$ 3,529	\$	8,190	\$	7,443		
Obligations recorded (Level 3)	\$ 97	\$ 86	\$	200	\$	239		

The following table presents a summary of the amounts transferred or pledged, which were held at the Company's bankruptcy-remote consolidated subsidiary (in millions).

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Gross receivables pledged as collateral	\$ 2,594	\$ 2,402
Restricted cash pledged as collateral	\$ _	\$ 100
Balance sheet classification:		
Receivables, net	\$ 2,173	\$ 2,039
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ _	\$ 100
Other noncurrent assets	\$ 421	\$ 363

#### Accounts Receivable Factoring

Total trade accounts receivable sold under the Company's factoring arrangement were \$102 million and \$57 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The impact to the consolidated statements of operations was immaterial for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. This accounts receivable factoring agreement is separate and distinct from the revolving receivables program.

### NOTE 6. CONTENT RIGHTS

For purposes of amortization and impairment, capitalized production costs are grouped based on their predominant monetization strategy: individually or as a group. Live programming includes licensed sports rights and related advances. The tables below present the components of content rights (in millions).

		Ju	ne 30, 2025	
	edominantly Monetized Individually		redominantly onetized as a Group	Total
Production costs:				
Released, less amortization	\$ 3,227	\$	5,784	\$ 9,011
Completed and not released	763		640	1,403
In production and other	1,635		2,198	3,833
Total production costs	\$ 5,625	\$	8,622	\$ 14,247
Licensed content, live programming, and advances, net				4,729
Game development costs, less amortization				286
Total film and television content rights and games				19,262
Less: Current content rights and prepaid license fees, net				(445)
Total noncurrent film and television content rights and games				\$ 18,817

<u>-</u>			Decemb	per 31, 2024				
	Predominantly Monetized Individually			dominantly letized as a Group		Total		
Production costs:								
Released, less amortization	\$	2,948	\$	5,678	\$	8,626		
Completed and not released		794		767		1,561		
In production and other		1,700		2,008		3,708		
Total production costs	\$	5,442	\$	8,453	\$	13,895		
Licensed content, live programming, and advances, net						5,744		
Game development costs, less amortization						247		
Total film and television content rights and games						19,886		
Less: Current content rights and prepaid license fees, net						(784)		
Total noncurrent film and television content rights and games					\$	19,102		

Content amortization consisted of the following (in millions).

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2025	2024	2025	2024				
Predominantly monetized individually	\$ 645	\$ 754	\$ 1,225	\$ 1,676				
Predominantly monetized as a group	3,033	3,114	5,563	5,893				
Total content amortization	\$ 3,678	\$ 3,868	\$ 6,788	\$ 7,569				

Content expense includes amortization, impairments, and development expense and is generally a component of costs of revenues on the consolidated statements of operations. Content impairments were \$28 million and \$63 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, content impairments were \$52 million and \$178 million, respectively.

#### NOTE 7. INVESTMENTS

The Company's equity investments consisted of the following, net of investments recorded in other noncurrent liabilities (in millions).

Category	Balance Sheet Location	Ownership	June	30, 2025	December 31, 2024		
Equity method investments:							
The Chernin Group (TCG) 2.0-A, LP	Other noncurrent assets	44%	\$	237	\$	240	
nC+	Other noncurrent assets		154		128		
TNT Sports	Other noncurrent assets	50%		84		92	
Other	Other noncurrent assets			243		261	
Total equity method investments		•		718		721	
Investments with readily determinable fair values	Other noncurrent assets			_		41	
Investments without readily determinable fair							
values	Other noncurrent assets <sup>(a)</sup>			350		353	
Total investments			\$	1,068	\$	1,115	

<sup>(</sup>a) Investments without readily determinable fair values included \$17 million as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 that was recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets.

#### **Equity Method Investments**

Certain of the Company's other equity method investments are VIEs, for which the Company is not the primary beneficiary. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's maximum exposure for all of its unconsolidated VIEs, including the investment carrying values and unfunded contractual commitments made on behalf of VIEs, was approximately \$542 million. The Company's maximum estimated exposure excludes the non-contractual future funding of VIEs. The aggregate carrying values of these VIE investments were \$524 million and \$550 million as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. VIE gains and losses are recorded in income (loss) from equity investees, net on the consolidated statements of operations, and were not material for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

#### Joint Venture

In January 2025, the Company contributed a 70% interest in its music catalog to a joint venture with Cutting Edge Group in exchange for net proceeds of \$601 million. The Company retained a controlling financial interest and consolidated the joint venture as a VIE. The Company has determined that it is the primary beneficiary of the joint venture as the Company has certain operational rights that significantly impact the economic performance of the business including exploitation of the catalog works and selection of the administrator. As the primary beneficiary, the Company includes the joint venture assets, liabilities and results of operations in the Company's consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2025, the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the consolidated VIE were not material. In addition to the initial equity ownership, Cutting Edge Group may receive up to an additional 10% economic interest in the venture based on the results of certain operational metrics.

#### NOTE 8. DEBT

The table below presents the components of outstanding debt (in millions).

	Weighted-Average Interest Rate as of		
	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Bridge loan with maturity of 18 months	7.33 %	\$ 17,000	\$
Senior notes with maturities of 5 years or less	3.92 %	6,757	13,744
Senior notes with maturities between 5 and 10 years	4.40 %	3,547	7,853
Senior notes with maturities greater than 10 years	5.17 %	7,696	17,930
Total debt		35,000	39,527
Unamortized discount, premium, debt issuance costs, and fair value adjustments for acquisition accounting, net		(368)	(22)
Debt, net of unamortized discount, premium, debt issuance costs, and fair value adjustments for acquisition accounting		34,632	39,505
Current portion of debt		(221)	(2,748)
Noncurrent portion of debt		\$ 34,411	\$ 36,757

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiaries, Discovery Communications, LLC ("DCL"), WarmerMedia Holdings, Inc. ("WMH"), Warmer Media, LLC ("WML"), and Historic TW Inc. ("TWI"), commenced cash tender offers to purchase (the "Tender Offers") up to approximately \$14.6 billion in aggregate purchase price of their outstanding notes and debentures. In conjunction with the Tender Offers, DCL, WMH and TWI also commenced solicitations of consents (the "Consent Solicitations") from holders of substantially all of its outstanding notes and debentures to adopt certain proposed amendments to the indentures governing such notes and debentures, to, among other things, remove substantially all of the restrictive covenants and certain events of defaults under such indentures.

To fund the Tender Offers and Consent Solicitations, as well as repay in full and terminate its \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan facility, the Company and WMH entered into a non-investment grade leveraged bridge loan facility ("Bridge Loan Facility") with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. The obligations under the Bridge Loan Facility are secured by a lien on substantially all of the personal property assets of the Company, WMH, and certain of its wholly owned domestic subsidiaries and are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries. Borrowings under the Bridge Loan Facility will bear interest at the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus (i) until December 30, 2025, 3.00% per annum, (ii) from December 31, 2025 until March 30, 2026, 3.50% per annum and (iii) from March 31, 2026 until the termination date of the Bridge Loan Facility, 4.00%. Borrowings under the Bridge Loan Facility, net of any prepayments, will become payable in full on the earlier of (i) December 30, 2026 and (ii) the date of the completion of the Separation. In addition, the Company will pay JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as the administrative agent a duration fee equal to the applicable percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the loan outstanding on the following dates: on December 31, 2025, a fee rate of 0.30%; on each of March 31, 2026 and June 30, 2026, a fee rate of 0.50%; and on each of September 30, 2026 and December 31, 2026, a fee rate of 0.75%. On June 30, 2025, WMH drew \$17.0 billion of the available Bridge Loan Facility to finance the early settlement of the Tender Offers, Consent Solicitations, and the repayment in full and termination of its \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan facility, and the payment of fees and expenses therewith and for general corporate purposes. The Bridge Loan Facility is expected to be refinanced prior to the Separation. The Bridge Loan Facility contains customary representations and warranties, as well as affirmative and negative coven

The Company completed the Tender Offers in June 2025 by purchasing senior notes and debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$17.7 billion validly tendered and accepted for purchase pursuant to the Tender Offers and recorded a gain on extinguishment of approximately \$3.0 billion. The Company also paid \$293 million for the Consent Solicitations. Additionally, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$487 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due June 2025.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$2,165 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due March 2025, and redeemed in full \$1,500 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due March 2026. The redemption was funded with the proceeds of borrowings pursuant to a \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan credit facility.

During the three months ended June 30, 2024, the Company commenced a tender offer to purchase for cash up to \$2.61 billion in aggregate purchase price (excluding accrued and unpaid interest) of (i) DCL's outstanding 3.900% Senior Notes due 2024, 4.000% Senior Notes due 2055, 4.650% Senior Notes due 2050, 4.950% Senior Notes due 2042, 4.875% Senior Notes due 2043, 5.200% Senior Notes due 2047, and 5.300% Senior Notes due 2049, (ii) Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc.'s ("Scripps Networks") outstanding 3.900% Senior Notes due 2024, (iii) the legacy WarmerMedia business's outstanding 4.650% Senior Notes due 2044, 4.850% Senior Notes due 2045, 4.900% Senior Notes due 2042, and (iv) WMH's outstanding 5.050% Senior Notes due 2042, which was funded using the aggregate net proceeds from debt financing transactions together with available cash on hand and other available sources of liquidity. The Company completed the tender offer in June 2024 by purchasing senior notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,399 million validly tendered and accepted for purchase pursuant to the offer and recorded a gain on extinguishment of \$542 million. The Company also repaid in full at maturity \$48 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due June 2024.

During the three months ended June 30, 2024, the Company issued 6650 million of 4.302% fixed rate senior notes due January 2030 and 6850 million of 4.693% fixed rate senior notes due May 2033, the proceeds of which were used to fund the tender offer. After December 2029 and February 2033, respectively, the senior notes are redeemable at par plus accrued and unpaid interest.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$726 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due February and March 2024 and completed open market repurchases for \$364 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes.

As of June 30, 2025, all senior notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks, DCL (to the extent it is not the primary obligor on such senior notes), and WMH (to the extent it is not the primary obligor on such senior notes), except for \$331 million of senior notes related to the legacy WarnerMedia business.

#### Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper Programs

DCL and certain subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers, have a multicurrency revolving credit agreement, which was amended in June 2025 (the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement provides for a senior revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility") with aggregate commitments of \$4.0 billion and includes a \$150 million sublimit for the issuance of standby letters of credit. DCL may also request additional commitments up to \$1.0 billion from the lenders upon the satisfaction of certain conditions. The obligations of the borrowers under the Credit Agreement are secured by the same collateral and have the benefit of the same guarantees as provided in respect of the Bridge Loan Facility, as described above. The Credit Agreement is available on a revolving basis until October 2029, with an option for up to two additional 364-day renewal periods subject to the lenders' consent, and provides for an early termination of the Credit Agreement upon completion of the Separation.

The Company's commercial paper program is supported by the Credit Facility. Under the commercial paper program, the Company may issue up to \$2.0 billion. In March 2025, the Company increased the issuance capacity under the commercial paper program from \$1.0 billion to \$2.0 billion. Borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility is effectively reduced by any outstanding borrowings under the commercial paper program. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company and DCL had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility or issuances under the commercial paper program.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties as well as affirmative and negative covenants, and also requires maintenance of a minimum consolidated interest coverage ratio of 3.00 to 1.00 and a maximum consolidated leverage ratio of 4.50 to 1.00. As of June 30, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all applicable covenants and there were no events of default under the Credit Agreement.

#### NOTE 9. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate market risk and interest rate fluctuations. As part of its risk management strategy, the Company uses derivative financial instruments, primarily foreign currency forward contracts, fixed-to-fixed currency swaps, total return swaps and interest rate swaps to hedge certain foreign currency, market value, and interest rate exposures. The Company's objective is to reduce earnings volatility by offsetting gains and losses resulting from these exposures with losses and gains on the derivative contracts used to hedge them. The Company does not enter into or hold derivative financial instruments for speculative trading purposes.

There were no amounts eligible to be offset under master netting agreements as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments was determined using a market-based approach (Level 2). The following table summarizes the Company's derivative financial instruments recorded on its consolidated balance sheets (in millions).

		June 30, 2025											December 31, 2024													
						Fair	Valu	e								Fair	Valu	e								
	No	tional	exp and cui	current c		Other non- current assets		Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		Other non- current liabilities		Notional		Notional		Notional		Notional		Prepaid xpenses nd other current assets	Other non- current assets		pay a	ecounts able and ecrued bilities	cu	er non- rrent pilities
Cash flow hedges:																										
Foreign exchange	\$	2,363	\$	54	\$	84	\$	60	\$	41	\$	1,608	\$	47	\$	14	\$	25	\$	28						
Net investment hedges: (a)																										
Cross-currency swaps		461		7		_		_		15		421		6		_		_		4						
No hedging designation:																										
Foreign exchange		358		6		2		14		76		951		18		7		14		122						
Cross-currency swaps		230		4		_		_		10		210		2		_		_		1						
Interest rate swaps		2,500		_		_		3		_		_		_		_		_		_						
Total return swaps		477		17		_		_		_		454		_		_		16		_						
Total			\$	88	\$	86	\$	77	\$	142			\$	73	\$	21	\$	55	\$	155						

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes €697 million and €1,500 million of euro-denominated notes (\$818 million and \$1,558 million equivalent) at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, designated as a net investment hedge. (See Note 8.)

#### Derivatives Designated for Hedge Accounting

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company uses foreign exchange forward contracts to mitigate the foreign currency risk related to revenues, production rebates, and production expenses. As production spend occurs or when rebate receivables are recognized, foreign forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges are de-designated. Upon dedesignation, gains and losses on these derivatives directly impact earnings in the same line and same period as the hedged risk. These cash flow hedges are carried at fair market value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Hedge effectiveness is assessed using the spot method, with fair market value changes recorded in other comprehensive loss until the hedged item affects earnings. Excluded components, including forward points, are included in current earnings.

The following table presents the pre-tax impact of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges on income and other comprehensive loss (in millions).

	T	hree Months Ende	d June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	<u>-</u>	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Gains (losses) recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss:							
Foreign exchange - derivative adjustments	\$	28 \$	15 \$	3 42	\$ 31		
Gains (losses) reclassified into income from accumulated other comprehensive loss:							
Foreign exchange - distribution revenue		(5)	1	(1)	3		
Foreign exchange - costs of revenues		1	(4)	1	7		
Interest rate - interest expense, net		(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)		
Interest rate - loss on extinguishment of debt		(1)	(4)	(1)	(4)		
Interest rate - other income, net		_	5	14	5		

If current fair values of designated cash flow hedges as of June 30, 2025 remained static over the next twelve months, the amount the Company would reclassify from accumulated other comprehensive loss into income in the next twelve months would not be material for the current fiscal year. The maximum length of time the Company is hedging exposure to the variability in future cash flows is 30 years.

Net Investment Hedges

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk associated with the net assets of non-USD functional entities and uses fixed-to-fixed cross currency swaps to mitigate this risk.

The following table presents the pre-tax impact of derivatives and other instruments designated as net investment hedges on other comprehensive loss (in millions). Other than amounts excluded from effectiveness testing, there were no other material gains (losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

	Three Months Ended June 30,										
	Amount of gain (loss) reco			recognized	Location of gain (loss) recognized in income on derivative (amount excluded from effectiveness	in	income on de excluded fron	n (loss) recognize derivative (amoun om effectiveness esting)			
		2025		2024	testing)		2025		2024		
Cross currency swaps	\$	(8)	\$	14	Interest expense, net	\$	3	\$	6		
Euro-denominated notes (foreign denominated debt)		(148)		21	N/A		_		_		
Total	\$	(156)	\$	35		\$	3	\$	6		

					Six Months Ended June 30,					
	in in AOCI e		in AOCÍ excluded from effectiveness				ncome on de xcluded from	gain (loss) recogniz on derivative (amou l from effectiveness testing)		
		2025	2024		testing)		2025		2024	
Cross currency swaps	\$	(12)	\$	39	Interest expense, net	\$	6	\$	12	
Euro-denominated notes (foreign denominated debt)		(208)		21	N/A		_		_	
Sterling notes (foreign denominated debt)		_		4	N/A		_		_	
Total	\$	(220)	\$	64		\$	6	\$	12	

#### **Derivatives Not Designated for Hedge Accounting**

The Company has deferred compensation plans that have risk related to the fair value gains and losses on these investments and uses total return swaps to mitigate this risk. The gains and losses associated with these swaps are recorded to selling, general and administrative expenses, offsetting the deferred compensation investment gains and losses.

The Company is also exposed to the risk of secured overnight financing rate changes in connection with securitization interest paid on the receivables securitization program. To mitigate this risk, the Company entered into \$2.5 billion notional of non-designated interest rate swaps in the first half of 2025. The gains and losses on these derivatives are recorded to selling, general and administrative expenses, offsetting securitization interest expense.

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company unwound foreign exchange forward contracts with a notional value of  $\epsilon$ 450 million associated with the Company's euro-denominated debt that was partially repaid in association with the Tender Offers. The Company also entered into and subsequently unwound and settled foreign exchange forward contracts with a notional value of  $\epsilon$ 450 million to hedge the tender payment for the Company's euro-denominated debt and recorded a gain of \$9 million to other income, net. (See Note 8.)

The following table presents the pretax gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedges and recognized in selling, general and administrative expense and other income, net in the consolidated statements of operations (in millions).

	Three Months	Ended June 30,	Six Months 1	Ended June 30,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest rate swaps	\$ (3)	\$ 7	\$ (2)	\$ 28
Total return swaps	31	1	20	20
Total in selling, general and administrative expense	28	8	18	48
Interest rate swaps	_	(5)	_	(3)
Cross-currency swaps	(6)	_	(7)	_
Foreign exchange derivatives	25	(17)	34	(25)
Total in other income, net	19	(22)	27	(28)
Total	\$ 47	\$ (14)	\$ 45	\$ 20

#### NOTE 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the amount that would be received for selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified in the following three categories:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2 — Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

Level 3 - Valuations derived from techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

The tables below present assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in millions).

		June 30, 2025							
Category	Balance Sheet Location	Le	evel 1	Le	evel 2	Le	vel 3	7	Total
Assets									
Cash equivalents:									
Time deposits	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	317	\$	_	\$	317
Equity securities:									
Money market fund	Cash and cash equivalents		50		_		_		50
Mutual funds	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		12		_		_		12
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		_		7		_		7
Mutual funds	Other noncurrent assets		211		_		_		211
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Other noncurrent assets		_		95		_		95
Total		\$	273	\$	419	\$		\$	692
Liabilities									
Deferred compensation plan	Accrued liabilities	\$	67	\$	_	\$	_	\$	67
Deferred compensation plan	Other noncurrent liabilities		659		_		_		659
Total		\$	726	\$	_	\$	_	\$	726

		December 31, 2024								
Category	Balance Sheet Location	Le	evel 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3	Total		
Assets										
Cash equivalents:										
Time deposits	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$	95	\$	_	\$	95	
Equity securities:										
Money market funds	Cash and cash equivalents		46		_		_		46	
Mutual funds	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		16		_		_		16	
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets		_		1		_		1	
Mutual funds	Other noncurrent assets		216		_		_		216	
Company-owned life insurance contracts	Other noncurrent assets		_		102		_		102	
Total		\$	278	\$	198	\$		\$	476	
Liabilities										
Deferred compensation plan	Accrued liabilities	\$	62	\$	_	\$	_	\$	62	
Deferred compensation plan	Other noncurrent liabilities		650		_		_		650	
Total		\$	712	\$	_	\$		\$	712	

In addition to the financial instruments listed in the tables above, the Company holds other financial instruments, including cash deposits, accounts receivable, accounts payable, senior notes, and a bridge loan. The carrying values for such financial instruments, other than the senior notes, each approximated their fair values as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The estimated fair value of the Company's outstanding senior notes, including accrued interest, using quoted prices from over-the-counter markets, considered Level 2 inputs, was \$14.7 billion and \$34.9 billion as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The Company's derivative financial instruments are discussed in Note 9, its investments with readily determinable fair value are discussed in Note 7, and the obligation for its revolving receivable program is discussed in Note 5.

#### NOTE 11. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company has various incentive plans under which performance based restricted stock units ("PRSUs"), service based restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and stock options have been issued. The table below presents awards granted (in millions, except weighted-average grant price).

	Six Month	ths Ended June 30, 2025				
	Awards	W	Veighted-Average Gr Price			
Awards granted:		_				
PRSUs	4.	5 \$	11			
RSUs	41.	1 \$	10			
Stock options	25.	1 \$	10			

The table below presents unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based awards and the weighted-average amortization period over which these expenses will be recognized as of June 30, 2025 (in millions, except years).

	Unrec Compensat	cognized ion Cost	Weighted-Average Amortization Period (years)
PRSUs	\$	72	
RSUs		674	
Stock options		183	
Total unrecognized compensation cost	\$	929	

#### NOTE 12. INCOME TAXES

Income tax (expense) benefit was \$(866) million and \$7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively and \$(881) million and \$(129) million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same periods in 2024 was primarily attributable to higher pre-tax book income, including a \$3.0 billion gain recognized in connection with the Tender Offers in 2025 (See Note 8) and a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$9.1 billion recorded in 2024, the majority of which was not deductible for tax purposes.

Income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, reflects an effective income tax rate that differs from the federal statutory tax rate primarily attributable to the effect of foreign operations and changes in unrecognized tax benefits.

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's reserves for unrecognized tax benefits totaled \$2,479 million and \$2,371 million, respectively.

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had accrued \$815 million and \$732 million, respectively, of total interest and penalties payable related to unrecognized tax benefits. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two Global Anti-Base Erosion ("GloBE") model rules, issued under the OECD Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting, introduce a global minimum tax of 15% applicable to multinational enterprise groups with consolidated financial statement revenue in excess of 6750 million. Numerous foreign jurisdictions have already enacted tax legislation based on the GloBE rules, with some effective as early as January 1, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, we recognized an immaterial income tax expense for Pillar Two GloBE minimum tax. The Company is continuously monitoring the evolving application of this legislation and assessing its potential impact on our future tax liability.

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act was signed into law in the U.S., which includes a broad range of tax reform provisions. We are currently evaluating its impact on our financial statements.

#### NOTE 13. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES

The following tables present supplemental information related to the consolidated financial statements (in millions).

#### Other Income, net

Other income, net, consisted of the following (in millions).

	7	hree Months	Ended Jun	e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2025		024	2025			2024	
Foreign currency gains (losses), net	\$	58	\$	(54)	\$	88	\$	(191)	
Gains (losses) on derivative instruments, net		19		(17)		41		(23)	
Change in the value of investments with readily determinable fair value		_		(1)		4		(2)	
Gain on sale of equity method investments		_		203		_		203	
Change in fair value of equity investments without readily determinable fair value		_		(13)		(4)		(27)	
Interest income		59		63		123		123	
Indemnification receivable accrual		(5)		6		(43)		96	
Other income (loss), net		8		(15)		12		(21)	
Total other income, net	\$	139	\$	172	\$	221	\$	158	

#### Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	 Six Months E	nded June 30,
	2025	2024
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Assets acquired under finance lease and other arrangements	\$ 219	\$ 224
Settlement of PRSU awards	\$ 62	\$ 40
Accrued debt tender fees	\$ 95	\$ —

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash

	June 30,	2025	December 31	, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,888	\$	5,312
Restricted cash - recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets (1)		3		104
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$	4,891	\$	5,416

<sup>(1)</sup> Restricted cash at December 31, 2024 primarily includes cash posted as collateral related to the Company's revolving receivables program. (See Note 5.)

#### **Earnings Per Share**

The table below presents a reconciliation of net income (loss) available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A common stockholders for basic and diluted earnings per share (in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months End			June 30,
		2025		2024		2025		2024
Numerator:								
Net income (loss)	\$	1,588	\$	(10,028)	\$	1,139	\$	(10,983)
Less:								
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(7)		(10)		(15)		(17)
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		(1)		52		3		48
Redeemable noncontrolling interest adjustments of carrying value to redemption value (redemption value does not equal fair value)		_		_		_		(4)
Net income (loss) available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Series A common stockholders for basic and diluted earnings per share	\$	1,580	\$	(9,986)	\$	1,127	\$	(10,956)
Denominator — weighted average:								
Common shares outstanding — basic		2,477		2,451		2,469		2,447
Dilutive effect of share-based awards		22		_		31		_
Common shares outstanding — diluted		2,499		2,451		2,500		2,447
Basic net loss per share allocated to common stockholders	\$	0.64	\$	(4.07)	\$	0.46	\$	(4.48)
Diluted net loss per share allocated to common stockholders	\$	0.63	\$	(4.07)	\$	0.45	\$	(4.48)

The table below presents the details of share-based awards that were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share (in millions).

	Three Months E	Inded June 30,	Six Months Er	ided June 30,
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Anti-dilutive share-based awards	81	106	66	73

### **Supplier Finance Programs**

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company has confirmed \$278 million and \$307 million, respectively, of accrued content producer liabilities. These amounts were outstanding and unpaid by the Company and were recorded in accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

#### Leases

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company subleased a portion of its Hudson Yards, New York office. As a result of executing the sublease, the Company recorded a right-of-use ("ROU") asset impairment charge of \$87 million. The ROU asset impairment charge was recorded in impairment and loss on dispositions in the consolidated statements of operations.

Other than the item disclosed above, no other material changes have occurred to the Company's lease portfolio for the periods presented. Refer to the Company's 2024 Form 10-K for more information on the Company's leases.

#### Collaborative Arrangements

The arrangement among TNT Sports, CBS Broadcasting, Inc. ("CBS"), and the National Collegiate Athletic Association (the "NCAA") provides TNT Sports and CBS with rights to the NCAA Division I Men's Basketball Championship Tournament (the "NCAA Tournament") in the U.S. and its territories and possessions through 2032. The aggregate programming rights fee, production costs, certain advertising revenues and sponsorship revenues related to the NCAA Tournament, and related programming are shared equally by the Company and CBS. However, if the amount paid for the programming rights fee and production costs in any given year exceeds the shared advertising and sponsorship revenues for that year, CBS' share of such shortfall is limited to a specified annual cap. The amount recorded pursuant to the loss cap was \$74 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and was not material for the six months ended June 30, 2024. In accounting for this arrangement, the Company records advertising revenue for the advertisements aired on its networks and amortizes its share of the programming rights fee based on the estimated relative value of each season over the term of the arrangement.

#### Venu Sports

On February 6, 2024, the Company announced that it would enter into a joint venture with ESPN, a subsidiary of The Walt Disney Company ("Disney"), and Fox Corporation ("Fox") to form Venu Sports, a sports-centric streaming service in the United States. On February 20, 2024, FuboTV Inc. and FuboTV Media Inc. (collectively, "Fubo") filed a lawsuit against Disney, including certain affiliates, Fox, and WBD (collectively, the "Defendants") in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging claims under federal and New York antitrust laws.

On January 6, 2025, Disney announced that it had entered into a definitive agreement to combine certain of Hulu Live TV's assets with Fubo (the "Fubo Transaction") and provide Fubo a senior unsecured term loan of up to \$145 million in January 2026 (the "Fubo Loan"). If Disney funds the Fubo Loan prior to the consummation of the Fubo Transaction, the Company and Fox will participate in a portion of the Fubo Loan by providing loans to Disney with substantially the same economic terms as the Fubo Loan. A \$130 million termination fee will be payable by Disney to Fubo if the transaction is terminated under certain circumstances. The Company and Fox have agreed to reimburse a portion of the termination fee to Disney if it becomes payable. In addition, the Defendants reached a settlement with Fubo related to Fubo's antitrust claims and collectively paid \$220 million to Fubo in January 2025, of which the Company's share was \$55 million. As of June 30, 2025, no other funding under this agreement has occurred.

On January 10, 2025, the Defendants announced their decision to discontinue the Venu Sports joint venture and not launch its streaming service effective immediately.

#### **Discovery Family**

Hasbro Inc. ("Hasbro") had the right to put the entirety of its remaining 40% interest in Discovery Family to the Company. Hasbro did not exercise the right by the election period expiration date of March 31, 2025. As of March 31, 2025, Hasbro's noncontrolling interest was reclassified from redeemable noncontrolling interest to noncontrolling interest outside of stockholders' equity on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

#### **Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

The table below presents the changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of taxes (in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025								
		Currency ranslation	Derivatives	Pension Plan and SERP Liability		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss			
Beginning balance	\$	(777)	\$ 11	\$	(74)	\$	(840)		
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		444	20		_		464		
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income		_	5		_		5		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		444	25				469		
Ending balance	\$	(333)	\$ 36	\$	(74)	\$	(371)		

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024									
	Currency Translation		Derivatives		Pension Plan and SERP Liability	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss				
Beginning balance	\$	(875)	\$ 22	\$	(60)	\$ (913)				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		9	12		_	21				
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income		_	2		_	2				
Other comprehensive income (loss)		9	14			23				
Ending balance	\$	(866)	\$ 36	\$	(60)	\$ (890)				

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025								
	Currency Translation			Derivatives	Pension Plan and SERP Liability	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss			
Beginning balance	\$	(1,008)	\$	15	\$ (74)	\$ (1,067)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		675		29	_	704			
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income		_		(8)	_	(8)			
Other comprehensive income (loss)		675		21		696			
Ending balance	\$	(333)	\$	36	\$ (74)	\$ (371)			

	 Six Months Ended June 30, 2024									
	Currency Translation		Derivatives		Pension Plan and SERP Liability		ted Other nsive Loss			
Beginning balance	\$ (699)	\$	18	\$	(60)	\$	(741)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(167)		25		_		(142)			
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income	_		(7)		_		(7)			
Other comprehensive income (loss)	 (167)		18				(149)			
Ending balance	\$ (866)	\$	36	\$	(60)	\$	(890)			

#### NOTE 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into transactions with related parties. Related party transactions include revenues and expenses for content and services provided to or acquired from equity method investees, entities that share common directorship, or minority partners of consolidated subsidiaries.

The table below presents a summary of the transactions with related parties (in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2025		2024		2025		2024
Revenues and service charges (a)	\$	161	\$	239	\$	375	\$	892
Expenses	\$	84	\$	83	\$	152	\$	160
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$	17	\$	31	\$	174	\$	161

<sup>(</sup>a) The decrease in revenue and service charges in 2025 is primarily attributable to transactions with certain entities that are no longer considered related parties, as such entities and the Company ceased to share common directorship in 2025.

The table below presents receivables due from and payables due to related parties (in millions).

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Receivables	\$ 158	\$ 254
Payables	\$ 45	\$ 13

#### NOTE 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Legal Matters

From time to time, in the normal course of its operations, the Company is subject to various litigation matters and claims, including claims related to employees, stockholders, vendors, other business partners, government regulations, or intellectual property, as well as disputes and matters involving counterparties to contractual agreements. A determination as to the amount of the accrual required for such contingencies is highly subjective and requires judgment about future events.

The Company may not currently be able to estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss for certain matters until developments in such matters have provided sufficient information to support an assessment of such loss. In the absence of sufficient information to support an assessment of the reasonably possible loss or range of loss, no accrual for such contingencies is made and no loss or range of loss is disclosed, including with respect to the matters noted below. Although the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty and the impact of the final resolution of these matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not currently believe that the resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's future consolidated financial position, future results of operations, or cash flows.

Securities Class Action. On November 25, 2024, a securities class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Collura v. Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., No. 1:24-cv-09027-KPF). The complaint named Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. ("WBD"), Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav as defendants and asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. On February 21, 2025, the court appointed co-lead plaintiffs (Anthony Yuson and Michael Steinberg) and co-lead counsel (Pomerantz LLP and The Rosen Law Firm, P.A.) to represent the putative class. On May 7, 2025, the lead plaintiffs filed a First Amended Complaint against WBD, Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav. The First Amended Complaint generally alleges that, between February 23, 2024 and August 7, 2024, defendants made false and misleading statements in SEC filings and other public disclosures relating to WBD's negotiations with the National Basketball Association ("NBA") concerning its contractual rights to broadcast the NBA's content and the potential impact of a failure to renew the contract on its business, in violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5, and seeks damages and other relief. The defendants moved to dismiss on July 11, 2025. The plaintiffs have until August 25, 2025 to file their opposition to defendants' motion to dismiss.

Consolidated Derivative Action. Between December 20, 2024 and January 14, 2025, four shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Roy v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, Hollin v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09885-AT, KO v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:25-cv-00114-AT, and Herman, III v. Chen et al., No. 1:25-cv-00352-AT). Each complaint names certain current and former directors and officers of WBD as defendants and WBD as nominal defendant, and each complaint seeks damages and other relief. The complaints generally assert claims against the defendants, derivatively on behalf of WBD, for alleged breaches of fiduciary duty based on the same facts alleged in the Collura securities case described above. The complaints assert various common law causes of action, including breach of fiduciary duties, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duties, abuse of control, unjust enrichment, gross mismanagement, and waste of corporate assets, as well claims for violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 21D of the Exchange Act. On January 21, 2025, the court consolidated the four actions for all purposes under Case No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, captioned as In re Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Derivative Litigation (the "Consolidated Derivative Action"). On February 19, 2025, the Court stayed the Consolidated Derivative Action pending resolution of a final decision on all motions to dismiss the operative complaint in the Collura securities action.

#### NOTE 16. REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

The Company's operating segments are determined based on: (i) financial information reviewed by its chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), (ii) internal management and related reporting structure, and (iii) the basis upon which the CEO makes resource allocation decisions.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's, except that certain inter-segment transactions that are eliminated for consolidation are not eliminated at the segment level. Inter-segment transactions primarily include advertising and content licenses. The Company generally records inter-segment transactions of content licenses at market value. The Company does not report assets by segment because it is not used by the CODM to allocate resources or evaluate segment performance.

The Company evaluates the operating performance of its segments based on financial measures such as revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income excluding:

- employee share-based compensation;
- · depreciation and amortization;
- restructuring and facility consolidation;
- certain impairment charges;
- · gains and losses on business and asset dispositions;
- · third-party transaction and integration costs;
- amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content;
- amortization of capitalized interest for content; and
- other items impacting comparability.

The CODM uses this measure to assess the operating results and performance of the segments, perform analytical comparisons, identify strategies to improve performance, and allocate resources to each segment. The Company believes Adjusted EBITDA is relevant to investors because it allows them to analyze the operating performance of each segment using the same metric management uses. The Company excludes employee share-based compensation, restructuring, certain impairment charges, gains and losses on business and asset dispositions, and transaction and integration costs from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA due to their impact on comparability between periods. Integration costs include transformative system implementations and integrations, such as Enterprise Resource Planning systems, and may take several years to complete. The Company also excludes the depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content (which is included in consolidated costs of revenues), and amortization of capitalized interest for content, as these amounts do not represent cash payments in the current reporting period. We prospectively updated certain corporate allocations at the beginning of 2025. The impact to prior periods was immaterial.

The tables below present summarized financial information for each of the Company's reportable segments (in millions).

#### Revenues

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	20	025	2024			2025		2024
Streaming	\$	2,793	\$	2,568	\$	5,449	\$	5,028
Studios		3,801		2,449		6,115		5,270
Global Linear Networks		4,803		5,272		9,577		10,397
Corporate		1		1		1		2
Inter-segment eliminations		(1,586)		(577)		(2,351)		(1,026)
Total revenues	\$	9,812	\$	9,713	\$	18,791	\$	19,671

#### Reconciliation of Revenues to Segment Adjusted EBITDA

		Three months ended June 30, 2025							
	St	reaming	Studios	Global Linear Networks					
Revenues	\$	2,793	\$ 3,801	\$	4,803				
Less:									
Content expense (a)		1,600	2,135		2,105				
Personnel expense (b)		191	232		505				
Marketing expense		294	363		115				
Other segment expenses (c)		415	208		566				
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$	293	\$ 863	\$	1,512				

	 Three months ended June 30, 2024							
	Streaming	Studios	Global Linear Networks					
Revenues	\$ 2,568	\$ 2,449	\$ 5,272					
Less:								
Content expense (a)	1,699	1,532	1,965					
Personnel expense (b)	201	231	566					
Marketing expense	353	268	115					
Other segment expenses (c)	422	208	628					
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (107)	\$ 210	\$ 1,998					

	Six months ended June 30, 2025							
		Streaming		Studios	Global Linear Networks			
Revenues	\$	5,449	\$	6,115	\$	9,577		
Less:								
Content expense (a)		3,104		3,474		3,937		
Personnel expense (b)		377		462		1,001		
Marketing expense		514		615		219		
Other segment expenses (c)		822		442		1,115		
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$	632	\$	1,122	\$	3,305		

	Six months ended June 30, 2024							
	Streaming			udios	Global Linear Networks			
Revenues	\$	5,028	\$	5,270	\$	10,397		
Less:								
Content expense (a)		3,266		3,482		3,808		
Personnel expense (b)		393		471		1,114		
Marketing expense		642		557		203		
Other segment expenses (c)		748		366		1,155		
Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(21)	\$	394	\$	4,117		

<sup>(</sup>a) Content expense includes amortization, impairments, participations, residuals, development expense, and production costs, including talent costs, and is a component of costs of revenues. Content expense excludes content impairments and other development costs recorded in restructuring and other charges, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content, and amortization of capitalized interest for content as these items are excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

<sup>(</sup>b) Personnel expense is a component of costs of revenues and selling general and administrative expense. Personnel expense includes marketing personnel compensation and excludes commissions (included in other segment expenses) and talent costs (included in content expense).

<sup>(</sup>c) Other segment expenses include distribution costs, other direct costs, software and hardware costs, IT services, professional and consulting fees, commissions, and certain other overhead costs. Other segment expenses exclude depreciation and amortization, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content, amortization of capitalized interest for content, employee share-based compensation, third-party transaction and integration costs, and other items impacting comparability as these items are excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

### Reconciliation of segment adjusted EBITDA to loss before income taxes

		Six Months 1	Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2025	2024	2025		2024
Streaming	\$	293	\$ (107)	\$ 632	\$	(21)
Studios		863	210	1,122		394
Global Linear Networks		1,512	1,998	3,305		4,117
Segment Adjusted EBITDA		2,668	2,101	5,059		4,490
Depreciation and amortization		1,447	1,744	2,994		3,632
Employee share-based compensation		173	156	293		255
Restructuring and other charges		80	117	134		152
Transaction and integration costs		17	51	97		132
Facility consolidation costs		4	5	9		7
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		388	522	628		757
Amortization of capitalized interest for content		3	13	9		30
Impairments and loss on dispositions		26	9,395	116		9,407
Corporate		316	285	549		631
Inter-segment eliminations		399	21	452		(38)
Other income, net		(139)	(172)	(221)		(158)
(Income) loss from equity investees, net		(5)	23	2		71
Cain on extinguishment of debt		(2,958)	(542)	(2,954)		(567)
Interest expense, net		463	518	931		1,033
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	2,454	\$ (10,035)	\$ 2,020	\$	(10,854)

## NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2025, the Company repaid \$100 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its Bridge Loan Facility.

#### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is a supplement to and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and related notes. This section provides additional information regarding our businesses, current developments, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition. Additional context can also be found in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "2024 Form 10-K").

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Warner Bros. Discovery is a leading global media and entertainment company that creates and distributes a differentiated and comprehensive portfolio of content and products across television, film, streaming, interactive gaming, publishing, themed experiences, and consumer products through brands including: Discovery Channel, HBO Max, CNN, DC Studios, TNT Sports, HBO, Food Network, TLC, TBS, Warner Bros. Motion Picture Group, Warner Bros. Television Group, Warner Bros. Games, Adult Swim, Turner Classic Movies. and others.

We are home to one of the largest collections of owned content in the world with assets and intellectual property across sports, news, lifestyle, and entertainment in most languages and regions of the globe. We create some of the best-in-class content using our renowned library, beloved franchises, and acclaimed creative expertise to serve our audiences and consumers. Our asset mix strongly positions us to execute our key strategies: grow our streaming business globally, enhance our Studios segment, and manage our linear networks for the best possible success in order to create long-term value for our shareholders.

In June 2025, the Company announced its plans to separate the Company, in a tax-free transaction, into two publicly traded companies (the "Separation"). Warner Bros. will primarily consist of our Streaming and Studios reportable segments and include Warner Bros. Television, Warner Bros. Motion Picture Group, DC Studios, HBO, and HBO Max, as well as its film and television libraries. Discovery Global will primarily consist of our Global Linear Networks reportable segment and include premier entertainment, sports and news television brands around the world including CNN, TNT Sports in the U.S., and Discovery, free-to-air channels across Europe, and digital products such as Discovery+ and Bleacher Report. The Separation is expected to be completed by mid-2026, subject to closing and other conditions, including final approval by the Warner Bros. Discovery Board, receipt of tax opinions with respect to the tax-free nature of the transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and market conditions. There can be no assurance that the Separation will occur in accordance with the expected plans or anticipated timeline, or at all.

In the first quarter of 2025, the Company renamed its Direct-to-Consumer reportable segment to Streaming and its Networks reportable segment to Global Linear Networks. There have been no changes to the Company's reportable segments or the composition of our reportable segments as a result of these announcements. We have included supplemental Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks division information and supplemental consolidating data within Management's Discussion and Analysis of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

As of June 30, 2025, we classified our operations in three reportable segments:

- Streaming Our Streaming segment primarily consists of our premium pay-TV and streaming services.
- Studios Our Studios segment primarily consists of the production and release of feature films for initial exhibition in theaters, production and initial licensing of television programs to third parties and our networks/streaming services, distribution of our films and television programs to various third party and internal television and streaming services, distribution through the home entertainment market (physical and digital), related consumer products and themed experience licensing, and interactive gaming.
- · Global Linear Networks Our Global Linear Networks segment primarily consists of our domestic and international television networks.

Our segment presentation is aligned with our management structure and the financial information management uses to make decisions about operating matters, such as the allocation of resources and business performance assessments.

#### INDUSTRY TRENDS

Headwinds in the industry, such as continued pressures on linear distribution and declines in linear subscribers and continued softness in the U.S. linear advertising market, have had, and are expected to continue to have, a material impact on the operations and results of the Company, including a negative impact on the results of operations attributed to declines in linear advertising revenue. The increase of digital advertising available in the marketplace has also resulted in, and is expected to continue to result in, increased competition for advertising expenditures for both traditional linear networks and ad-supported tiers in streaming services. In addition, the imposition of tariffs by the U.S. government and any retaliatory tariffs from foreign governments, including tariffs directly or indirectly applicable to our industry, may negatively impact our operations and results, including by leading to higher productions costs or decreased spending by advertisers whose expenditures are sensitive to such actions or to general economic conditions. We continue to closely monitor the ongoing impact of industry trends to our business; however, the full effects on our operations and results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Foreign Exchange Impacting Comparability

The impact of exchange rates on our business is an important factor in understanding period-to-period comparisons of our results. For example, our international revenues are favorably impacted as the U.S. dollar strengthens relative to other foreign currencies and unfavorably impacted as the U.S. dollar strengthens relative to other foreign currencies. We believe the presentation of results on a constant currency basis ("ex-FX"), in addition to results reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP provides useful information about our operating performance because the presentation ex-FX excludes the effects of foreign currency volatility and highlights our core operating results. The presentation of results on a constant currency basis should be considered in addition to, but not a substitute for, measures of financial performance reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The ex-FX change represents the percentage change on a period-over-period basis adjusted for foreign currency impacts. The ex-FX change is calculated as the difference between the current year amounts translated at a baseline rate, which is a spot rate for each of our currencies determined early in the fiscal year as part of our forecasting process (the "2025 Baseline Rate"), and the prior year amounts translated at the same 2025 Baseline Rate. In addition, consistent with the assumption of a constant currency environment, our ex-FX results exclude the impact of our foreign currency hedging activities, as well as realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction gains and losses. Results on a constant currency basis, as we present them, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies.

#### Consolidated Results of Operations

The table below presents our consolidated results of operations (in millions).

The table below p					tions (in mil	nons).				Six Months		20				
	Three Months Ended June 30,						%Cha					9/ Ch	220			
		2025	2024		%Cha	%Change		inge		2025	2024		%Change		% Change (ex-FX)	
Revenues:																
Distribution	\$	4,885	\$	4,879	_	%	_	%	\$	9,771	\$	9,864	(1)	%	_	%
Advertising		2,216		2,430	(9)	%	(10)	%		4,196		4,578	(8)	%	(9)	%
Content		2,471		2,109	17	%	16	%		4,337		4,667	(7)	%	(7)	%
Other		240		295	(19)	%	(23)	% _		487		562	(13)	%	(15)	%
Total revenues		9,812		9,713	1	%	_	%		18,791		19,671	(4)	%	(4)	%
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		5,967		6,204	(4)	%	(4)	%		11,098		12,262	(9)	%	(10)	%
Selling, general and administrative		2,477		2,461	1	%	_	%		4,671		4,693	_	%	(1)	%
Depreciation and amortization		1,447		1,744	(17)	%	(17)	%		2,994		3,632	(18)	%	(18)	%
Restructuring and other charges		80		117	(32)	%	(32)	%		134		152	(12)	%	(12)	%
Impairments and loss on dispositions		26		9,395	(100)	%	(100)	%		116		9,407	(99)	%	(99)	%
Total costs and					` '		` '									
expenses		9,997		19,921	(50)	%	(50)	% _		19,013		30,146	(37)	%	(37)	%
Operating loss		(185)		(10,208)	98	%	98	%		(222)		(10,475)	98	%	98	%
Interest expense, net		(463)		(518)						(931)		(1,033)				
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net		2,958		542						2,954		567				
Income (loss) from equity investees, net		5		(23)						(2)		(71)				
Other income, net		139		172						221		158				
Income (loss) before income taxes		2,454		(10,035)				_		2,020		(10,854)				
Income tax (expense) benefit		(866)		7						(881)		(129)				
Net income (loss)		1,588		(10,028)				_		1,139		(10,983)				
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(7)		(10)						(15)		(17)				
Net (income) loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests		(1)		52						3		48				
Net income (loss) available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.	\$	1,580	\$	(9,986)				_	\$	1,127	\$	(10,952)				

NM - Not meaningful

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis. The ex-FX percent changes of line items below operating loss in the table above are not included as the activity is principally in U.S. dollars.

#### Revenues

Distribution revenue remained flat for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily attributable to a 9% decline in domestic linear subscribers for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, offset by a 22% increase in Streaming subscribers for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 as a result of continued global expansion of HBO Max, including new distribution deals.

Advertising revenue decreased 10% and 9% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to audience declines in domestic networks of 23% and 25%, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and domestic pricing pressures within our Streaming segment, partially offset by an increase in ad-lite subscribers.

Content revenue increased 16% and decreased 7% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. The increase for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to a 38% increase in theatrical product revenue as a result of higher film rental revenue, primarily due to the strong performance of *A Minecraft Movie, Sinners*, and *Final Destination Bloodlines*, which were released in the second quarter of 2025. The increase in theatrical product revenue was partially offset by lower television product revenue due to lower third-party licensing.

The decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to a decrease in television product revenue due to lower third-party licensing, a 34% decrease in games revenue attributable to no releases in 2025 compared to the prior year release of Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League in the first quarter of 2024, and a decrease in home entertainment revenue due to the strong prior year performance of Dune: Part Two, Wonka, and Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom. The decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was partially offset by an increase in theatrical product revenue attributable to higher film rental revenue due to the strong current year performance of A Minecraft Move. Sinners, and Final Destination Bloodlines.

Other revenue decreased 23% and 15% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively.

#### Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues decreased 4% and 10% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to lower content expense related to the amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content, lower domestic sports and content costs due to the timing of programming releases in our Streaming segment, and a 49% decrease in games content expense commensurate with lower games revenue. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was partially offset by an 18% increase in theatrical product content expense as a result of higher film costs commensurate with higher theatrical product revenue.

The decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to a 60% decrease in games content expense due to a \$213 million impairment related to Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League in the prior year and lower games content expense commensurate with lower games revenue, a 13% decrease in theatrical product content expense as a result of lower film costs due to lower payments to partners, lower content expense related to the amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content, and lower domestic sports and content costs due to the timing of programming releases in our Streaming segment. The decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was partially offset by higher international content costs to support HBO Max launches.

#### Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses were flat and decreased 1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2025, higher overhead expenses were offset by lower marketing and personnel expenses. The decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to lower marketing expenses, partially offset by higher overhead costs.

#### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization decreased 17% and 18% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to intangible assets acquired in connection with the acquisition of the WarnerMedia business (the "WarnerMedia Business") from AT&T Inc. that are being amortized using the sum of the months' digits method and the end of the useful life for certain intangible assets, partially offset by the shortening of the useful lives of certain intangible assets.

#### Restructuring and other charges

Restructuring and other charges decreased 32% and 12% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Restructuring and other charges primarily includes organizational restructuring costs and consulting fees. (See Note 3 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Impairments and Loss on Dispositions

Impairments and loss on dispositions were \$26 million and \$116 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to a \$87 million ROU asset impairment charge related to the Hudson Yards, New York office lease in the first quarter of 2025. (See Note 13 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net decreased \$55 million and \$102 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to lower debt during the period. (See Note 8 and Note 9 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Gain on extinguishment of debt, net

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company commenced and completed the Tender Offers by purchasing senior notes and debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$17.7 billion and recorded a gain on extinguishment of debt of approximately \$3.0 billion. Additionally, the Company repaid in full at maturity \$487 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its senior notes due June 2025. (See Note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Income (Loss) From Equity Investees, net

Income (loss) from our equity method investees was \$5 million and \$(2) million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. The changes are attributable to our share of net earnings and losses from our equity investees. (See Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Other Income ne

Other income, net was \$139 million and \$221 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. (See Note 13 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

Income Tax (Expense) Benefit

Income tax (expense) benefit was \$(866) million and \$7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively and \$(881) million and \$(129) million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the same periods in 2024 was primarily attributable to higher pre-tax book income, including a \$3.0 billion gain recognized in connection with the Tender Offers in 2025 (See Note 8) and a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$9.1 billion recorded in 2024, the majority of which was not deductible for tax purposes.

Income tax expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, reflects an effective income tax rate that differs from the federal statutory tax rate primarily attributable to the effect of foreign operations and changes in unrecognized tax benefits.

The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development's ("OECD") Pillar Two Global Anti-Base Erosion ("GloBE") model rules, issued under the OECD Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting, introduce a global minimum tax of 15% applicable to multinational enterprise groups with consolidated financial statement revenue in excess of €750 million. Numerous foreign jurisdictions have already enacted tax legislation based on the GloBE rules, with some effective as early as January 1, 2024. As of June 30, 2025, we recognized an immaterial income tax expense for Pillar Two GloBE minimum tax. The Company is continuously monitoring the evolving application of this legislation and assessing its potential impact on our future tax liability. (See Note 12 to accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

#### Division and Segment Results of Operations

The Company evaluates the operating performance of its segments based on financial measures such as revenues and Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as operating income excluding:

- employee share-based compensation;
- depreciation and amortization;
- restructuring and facility consolidation;
- certain impairment charges;
- gains and losses on business and asset dispositions;
- · third-party transaction and integration costs;
- amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content;
- · amortization of capitalized interest for content; and

### other items impacting comparability.

The CODM uses this measure to assess the operating results and performance of the segments, perform analytical comparisons, identify strategies to improve performance, and allocate resources to each segment. The Company believes Adjusted EBITDA is relevant to investors because it allows them to analyze the operating performance of each segment using the same metric management uses. The Company excludes employee share-based compensation, restructuring, certain impairment charges, gains and losses on business and asset dispositions, and transaction and integration costs from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA due to their impact on comparability between periods. Integration costs include transformative system implementations and integrations, such as Enterprise Resource Planning systems, and may take several years to complete. The Company also excludes the depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of intangible assets, amortization of purchase accounting fair value step-up for content (which is included in consolidated costs of revenues), and amortization of capitalized interest for content, as these amounts do not represent cash payments in the current reporting period. We prospectively updated certain corporate allocations at the beginning of 2025. The impact to prior periods was immaterial.

The table below presents our Adjusted EBITDA for each of the Company's reportable segments, corporate, and inter-segment eliminations (in millions).

	<u></u>	Three Months	Ende	ed June 30,		Six Months E		
		2025		2024	%Change	2025	2024	% Change
Streaming	\$	293	\$	(107)	NM	\$ 632	\$ (21)	NM
Studios	\$	863	\$	210	NM	\$ 1,122	\$ 394	NM
Global Linear Networks	\$	1,512	\$	1,998	(24) %	\$ 3,305	\$ 4,117	(20) %
Corporate	\$	(316)	\$	(285)	(11) %	\$ (549)	\$ (631)	13 %
Inter-segment eliminations	\$	(399)	\$	(21)	NM	\$ (452)	\$ 38	NM

### Supplemental Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks Division Information

The following tables present, for our Streaming & Studios and Global Linear Networks divisions, supplemental information about revenues and Adjusted EBITDA (in millions).

#### Revenues

	Th	ree Months	Ende	d June 30,						
		2025		2024	% Change	% Change (ex-FX)	2025	2024	%Change	% Change (ex-FX)
Streaming	\$	2,793	\$	2,568	9 %	8 % \$	5,449	\$ 5,028	8 %	9 %
Studios		3,801		2,449	55 %	54 %	6,115	5,270	16 %	16 %
Streaming & Studios eliminations		(1,400)		(416)	NM	NM	(2,023)	(734)	NM	NM
Streaming & Studios		5,194		4,601	13 %	12 %	9,541	9,564	— %	— %
Global Linear Networks		4,803		5,272	(9) %	(9) %	9,577	10,397	(8) %	(8) %
Corporate		1		1	- %	— %	1	2	(50) %	(50) %
Other inter-segment eliminations		(186)		(161)	(16) %	(16) %	(328)	(292)	(12) %	(12) %
Total revenues	\$	9,812	\$	9,713	1 %	% \$	18,791	\$ 19,671	(4) %	(4) %

### Adjusted EBITDA

	Three Months Ended June 30,					_				
		2025		2024	% Change	% Change (ex-FX)	2025	2024	%Change	% Change (ex-FX)
Streaming	\$	293	\$	(107)	NM	NM \$	632	\$ (21)	NM	NM
Studios		863		210	NM	NM	1,122	394	NM	NM
Streaming & Studios eliminations		(366)		(27)	NM	NM	(424)	22	NM	NM
Streaming & Studios		790		76	NM	NM	1,330	395	NM	NM
Global Linear Networks		1,512		1,998	(24) %	(25) %	3,305	4,117	(20) %	(19) %
Corporate		(316)		(285)	(11) %	(9) %	(549)	(631)	13 %	14 %
Other inter-segment eliminations		(33)		6	NM	NM _	(28)	16	NM	NM
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,953	\$	1,795	9 %	9 % 🛚	4,058	\$ 3,897	4 %	6 %

# Streaming Segment

The following table presents, for our Streaming segment, revenues by type, certain operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating loss (in millions).

	T	hree Months	En de	ed June 30,			d June 30,					
		2025		2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)		2025		2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Revenues:												
Distribution	\$	2,410	\$	2,202	9 %	9 %	\$	4,739	\$	4,387	8 %	8 %
Advertising		282		240	18 %	17 %		519		415	25 %	25 %
Content		102		123	(17) %	(21) %		190		222	(14) %	(15) %
Other		(1)		3	NM	NM		1		4	(75) %	(75) %
Total revenues		2,793		2,568	9 %	8 %		5,449		5,028	8 %	9 %
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		1,913		2,028	(6) %	(6) %		3,737		3,923	(5) %	(5) %
Selling, general and administrative		587		647	(9) %	(10) %		1,080		1,126	(4) %	(4) %
Adjusted EBITDA - Streaming segment		293		(107)	NM	NM		632		(21)	NM	NM
Depreciation and amortization		356		460				727		975		
Restructuring and other charges		7		15				19		17		
Facility consolidation costs		_		3				_		5		
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		39		71				86		173		
Impairments and loss on dispositions		11		11				14		16		
Operating loss	\$	(120)	\$	(667)			\$	(214)	\$	(1,207)		

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis.

#### Revenues

Subscriber information consisted of the following (in millions).

	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	%Change
Total Domestic subscribers <sup>1</sup>	57.8	52.4	10 %
Total International subscribers <sup>1</sup>	67.9	50.8	33 %
Total Streaming subscribers <sup>1</sup>	125.7	103.3	22 %

Distribution revenue increased 9% and 8% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to a 22% increase in subscribers as a result of continued global expansion of HBO Max, including new distribution deals, partially offset by the impact of a wholesale deal renewal and lower global distribution ARPU due to a mix shift in the subscriber base across distribution channels, geography, and product type.

Advertising revenue increased 17% and 25% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to an increase in ad-lite subscribers, partially offset by domestic pricing pressures.

- 'Streaming subscriber We define a "Core Streaming Subscription" as:
  i. a retail subscription to discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product (defined below) for which we have recognized subscription revenue, whether directly or through a third party, from a Streaming platform;
  - a wholesale subscription to discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product for which we have recognized subscription revenue from a fixed-fee arrangement with a third party and where the individual user has activated their subscription;
  - a wholesale subscription to discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product for which we have recognized subscription revenue on a per subscriber basis, including third-party services that host a branded environment of discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, or a Premium Sports Product for which we have recognized subscription revenue on a per subscriber basis; a retail or wholesale subscription to an independently-branded, regional product sold on a stand-alone basis that includes discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, and/or a Premium Sports Product, for
  - which we have recognized subscription revenue (as per (i) —(iii) above); and users on free trials who convert to a subscription for which we have recognized subscription revenue within the first seven days of the calendar month immediately following the month in which their free trial expires.

The Company defines a "Premium Sports Product" as a strategically prioritized, sports-focused product sold on a stand-alone basis and made available directly to consumers.

The current "independently-branded, regional product" referred to in (iv) above consist of TVN/Player.

Subscribers to multiple WBD Streaming products (listed above) are counted as a paid subscriber for each individual WBD streaming product subscription.

We may refer to the aggregate number of Core Streaming Subscriptions as "subscribers".

The reported number of "subscribers" included herein and the definition of "Streaming Subscription" as used herein excludes:

- individuals who subscriber to Streaming products, other than discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, a Premium Sports Product, and independently-brand, regional products (currently consisting of TVN/Player), that may be offered by us or by certain joint venture partners or affiliated parties from time to time; a limited number of international discovery+ subscribers that are part of non-strategic partnerships or short-term arrangements as may be identified by the Company from time to time; domestic and international Cinemax subscribers, and international basic HBO subscribers; and users on free trials except for those users on free trial that convert to a Streaming Subscription
- within the first seven days of the next month as noted above.

Domestic subscriber - We define a Domestic subscriber as a subscription based either in the United States of America or Canada. International subscriber - We define an International subscriber as a subscription based outside of the United States of America or Canada.

#### Global ARPU consisted of the following.

	 Three Month	s Ended Jui	ne 30,		_	Six Months	e 30,			
	2025		2024	% Chan (ex-FX)	ge	2025	2024	% Chan (ex-FX)	ige	
Domestic ARPU	\$ 11.16	\$	12.08	(8)	%	\$ 11.16	\$	11.90	(6)	%
International ARPU	\$ 3.85	\$	3.85	_	%	\$ 3.75	\$	3.80	_	%
Global ARPU <sup>2</sup>	\$ 7.14	\$	8.00	(11)	%	\$ 7.12	\$	7.91	(10)	%

Global ARPU decreased 11% and 10% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to a 33% increase year-over-year in international subscribers. Additionally, global ARPU was negatively impacted by an 8% and 6% decrease in domestic ARPU for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to broader distribution of HBO Max Basic with Ads.

Content revenue decreased 21% and 15% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to lower third-party licensing as a result of launching HBO Max in new international markets.

#### Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues decreased 6% and 5% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to lower domestic sports and content costs due to the timing of programming releases, partially offset by higher international content costs to support HBO Max launches.

#### Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 10% and 4% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to lower marketing costs. Additionally, the decrease for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was partially offset by higher overhead costs.

#### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$400 million and \$653 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>ARPU: The Company defines Streaming Average Revenue Per User ("ARPU") as total subscription revenue plus net advertising revenue for the period divided by the daily average number of paying subscribers for the period. Where daily values are not available, the sum of beginning of period and end of period divided by two is used.

Excluded from the ARPU calculation are: (i) Revenue and subscribers for streaming products, other than discovery+, HBO, HBO Max, Max, a Premium Sports Product, and independently-branded, regional products (currently consisting of TVN/Player), that may be offered by us or by certain joint venture partners or affiliated parties from time to time; (ii) A limited amount of international discovery+ revenue and subscribers that are part of non-strategic partnerships or short-term arrangements as may be identified by the Company from time to time; (iii) Cinemax, Max/HBO hotel and bulk institution (i.e., subscribers billed on a bulk basis), and international basic HBO revenue and subscribers; and (iv) Users on free trials who convert to a subscription for which we have recognized subscription revenue within the first seven days of the calendar month immediately following the month in which their free trial expires.

### Studios Segment

The following table presents, for our Studios segment, revenues by type, certain operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating income (loss) (in millions).

	Three Month	s Ended J	une 30,			Six Months I	Ended June 30,	d June 30,				
	2025	2	2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)	2025	2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)			
Revenues:					,							
Distribution	\$	1 \$	3	(67) %	(67) %	\$ 2	\$ 8	(75) %	(75) %			
Advertising	_	-	_	NM	NM	1	4	(75) %	(75) %			
Content	3,59	l	2,237	61 %	59 %	5,730	4,860	18 %	18 %			
Other	209	)	209	— %	(5) %	382	398	(4) %	(6) %			
Total revenues	3,80	1	2,449	55 %	54 %	6,115	5,270	16 %	16 %			
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization	2,21:	5	1,601	38 %	38 %	3,628	3,620	— %	— %			
Selling, general and administrative	723	3	638	13 %	12 %	1,365	1,256	9 %	8 %			
Adjusted EBITDA - Studios segment	863	3	210	NM	NM	1,122	394	NM	NM			
Depreciation and amortization	169	)	174			339	360					
Employee share-based compensation	_	_	_			_	(1)					
Restructuring and other charges	(1	.)	19			(6)	30					
Transaction and integration costs	_	_	1				2					
Facility consolidation costs	_	_	1			_	1					
Impairment and amortization of fair value step- up for content	2:	5	83			61	11					
Amortization of capitalized interest for content	3	3	13			9	30					
Impairments and gain on dispositions	_	_	(1)			(1)	(1)					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 66	7 \$	(80)			\$ 720	\$ (38)					

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis. The Studios discussion below also includes intra-segment revenue and expense between product lines, which represented less than 2% and 3% of total revenues and operating expenses for this segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Intra-segment revenue and expense are eliminated at the Studios segment level.

Fluctuations in results for our Studios segment may occur due to various factors, including (but not limited to) the timing and number of new film releases each quarter, the timing of marketing expenses recognized relative to (i.e., prior to) a film's release, and the mix of content distributed each period.

#### Revenues

Content revenue increased 59% for the three months ended June 30, 2025, primarily attributable to a 115% increase in television product revenue and a 38% increase in theatrical product revenue, partially offset by a 14% decrease in games revenue.

- · The increase in television product revenue was attributable to higher intercompany content licensing, primarily due to the timing of renewals.
- The increase in theatrical product revenue was attributable to higher film rental revenue, partially offset by lower content licensing. The increase in film rental revenue was primarily due to the strong performance of A Minecraft Movie, Sinners, and Final Destination Bloodlines, which were released in the second quarter of 2025.
- The decrease in games revenue was attributable to no releases in 2025.

Content revenue increased 18% for the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily attributable to a 54% increase in television product revenue and a 3% increase in theatrical product revenue, partially offset by a 34% decrease in games revenue.

The increase in television product revenue was attributable to higher intercompany content licensing, primarily due to the timing of renewals.

- The increase in theatrical product revenue was attributable to higher film rental revenue and intercompany content sales, partially offset by lower home entertainment revenue. The increase in film rental revenue was primarily due to the strong current year performance of A Minecraft Movie, Sinners, and Final Destination Bloodlines. The decrease in home entertainment revenue was primarily due to the strong prior year performance of Dune: Part Two, Wonka, and Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom.
- The decrease in games revenue was attributable to no releases in 2025 compared to the prior year release of Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League in the first quarter of 2024.

Other revenue decreased 5% and 6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025.

#### Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues increased 38% and was flat for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to an 87% increase in television product content expense and an 18% increase in the three months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to an 87% increase in television product content expense in the trical product content expense, partially offset by a 49% decrease in games content expense commensurate with lower games revenue. The increase in television product content expense was due to higher costs commensurate with higher intercompany content licensing due to the timing of renewals. The increase in theatrical content expense was a result of higher film costs commensurate with higher theatrical product revenue.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, television product content expense increased 40%, offset by a 60% decrease in games content expense and 13% decrease theatrical product content expense. The increase in television product content expense was due to higher costs commensurate with higher intercompany content licensing due to the timing of renewals. The decrease in games content expense was primarily due to a \$213 million impairment related to *Suicide Squad: Kill the Justice League* in the prior year, and lower games content expense commensurate with lower games revenue. The decrease in theatrical content expense was primarily a result of lower film costs due to lower payments to partners.

### Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 12% and 8% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025. The increase for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to higher theatrical marketing expenses. Additionally, the increase in theatrical marketing expense for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was partially offset by lower games marketing expenses.

#### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$653 million and \$728 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively.

### Global Linear Networks Segment

The table below presents, for our Global Linear Networks segment, revenues by type, certain operating expenses, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating income (loss) (in millions).

	Three Month	s En	ided June 30,			Six Months l	Inded J	June 30,		
	2025		2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)	2025		2024	% Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Revenues:										
Distribution	\$ 2,477	7 \$	2,675	(7) %	(7) %	\$ 5,035	\$	5,472	(8) %	(7) %
Advertising	1,953	3	2,214	(12) %	(13) %	3,711		4,201	(12) %	(12) %
Content	287	7	299	(4) %	(2) %	667		563	18 %	19 %
Other	86	<u> </u>	84	2 %	(1) %	164		161	2 %	— %
Total revenues	4,803	3	5,272	(9) %	(9) %	9,577		10,397	(8) %	(8) %
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization	2,592	2	2,531	2 %	2 %	4,919		4,903	— %	— %
Selling, general and administrative	699	)	743	(6) %	(6) %	1,353		1,377	(2) %	(2) %
Adjusted EBITDA - Global Linear Networks segment	1,512	2	1,998	(24) %	(25) %	3,305		4,117	(20) %	(19) %
Depreciation and amortization	829	)	1,052			1,736		2,157		
Employee share-based compensation	_	-	_			1		_		
Restructuring and other charges	25	5	42			41		53		
Transaction and integration costs	_	_	(1)			_		_		
Impairment and amortization of fair value step- up for content	310	)	294			440		419		
Impairments and loss on dispositions	1		9,154			3		9,154		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 347	7 \$	(8,543)			\$ 1,084	\$	(7,666)		

Unless otherwise indicated, the discussion of percent changes below is on an ex-FX basis.

#### Revenues

Distribution revenue decreased 7% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily attributable to a 9% decline in domestic linear subscribers, and to a lesser extent, lower international affiliate rates and international subscriber declines, partially offset by a 2% increase in domestic affiliate rates for both periods. Declines in linear subscribers are expected to continue.

Advertising revenue decreased 13% and 12% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to audience declines in domestic networks of 23% and 25%, respectively, and the broadcast of the NCAA Final Four and championship game in 2024, partially offset by the broadcast of the Stanley Cup Finals in 2025.

Content revenue decreased 2% and increased 19% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to timing of third-party licensing deals

Other revenue decreased 1% and was flat for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively.

#### Costs of Revenues

Costs of revenues increased 2% and was flat for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to higher domestic sports costs. Costs of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2025 benefited from timing of content, production, and news related spend.

## Selling, General and Administrative

Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased 6% and 2% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively, primarily attributable to lower overhead costs.

### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA decreased 25% and 19% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively.

#### Corporate

The following table presents our Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating loss (in millions).

	П	ree Months	En de	ed June 30,			l June 30,				
		2025		2024	% Change	% Change (ex- FX)	2025		2024	%Change	% Change (ex- FX)
Adjusted EBITDA - Corporate	\$	(316)	\$	(285)	(11) %	(9) %	\$ (549)	\$	(631)	13 %	14 %
Depreciation and amortization		93		58			192		140		
Employee share-based compensation		173		156			292		256		
Restructuring and other charges		49		41			80		52		
Transaction and integration costs		17		51			97		130		
Facility consolidation costs		4		1			9		1		
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content		_		1			_		1		
Impairments and loss on dispositions		14		231			100		238		
Operating loss	\$	(666)	\$	(824)			\$ (1,319)	\$	(1,449)		

Corporate operations primarily consist of executive management and administrative support services, which are recorded in selling, general and administrative expense, as well as substantially all of our share-based compensation and third-party transaction and integration costs.

Adjusted EBITDA decreased 9% and increased 14% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to higher overhead costs and securitization expense. The increase for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was primarily attributable to lower facility costs due to office consolidations and closures and the release of previously recorded non-income tax reserves.

### Inter-segment Eliminations

The following table presents our inter-segment eliminations by revenue and expense, Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to operating loss (in millions).

	 Three Months	Ended June 30,		une 30,		
	2025	2024		2025		2024
Inter-segment revenue eliminations	\$ (1,586)	\$ (577)	\$	(2,351)	\$	(1,026)
Inter-segment expense eliminations	(1,187)	(556)		(1,899)		(1,064)
Adjusted EBITDA - Inter-segment eliminations	 (399)	(21)		(452)		38
Impairment and amortization of fair value step-up for content	14	73		41		153
Operating loss	\$ (413)	\$ (94)	\$	(493)	\$	(115)

Inter-segment revenue and expense eliminations primarily represent inter-segment content transactions and marketing and promotion activity between reportable segments. In our current segment structure, in certain instances, production and distribution activities are in different segments. Inter-segment content transactions are presented at market value (i.e., the segment producing and/or licensing the content reports revenue and profit from inter-segment transactions in a manner similar to the reporting of third-party transactions, and the required eliminations are reported on the separate "Eliminations" line when presenting our summary of segment results). Generally, timing of revenue recognition is similar to the reporting of third-party transactions. The segment distributing the content, e.g., via our streaming or linear services, capitalizes the cost of inter-segment content transactions, including "mark-ups" and amortizes the costs over the shorter of the license term, if applicable, or the expected period of use. The content amortization expense related to the inter-segment profit is also eliminated on the separate "Eliminations" line when presenting our summary of segment results.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

### Liquidity

#### Sources of Cash

Historically, we have generated a significant amount of cash from operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we funded our working capital needs primarily through cash flows from operations. As of June 30, 2025, we had \$4.9 billion of cash and cash equivalents on hand. We are a well-known seasoned issuer and have the ability to conduct registered offerings of securities, including debt securities, common stock and preferred stock, on short notice, subject to market conditions. Access to sufficient capital from the public market is not assured. We have a \$4.0 billion revolving credit facility and a commercial paper program described below. We also participate in a revolving receivables program and an accounts receivable factoring program described below.

#### • Deht

#### Bridge Loan Facility

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, we and WMH entered into a Bridge Loan Facility with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. WMH drew \$17.0 billion of the available Bridge Loan Facility to finance the early settlement of the Tender Offers, Consent Solicitations, and the repayment in full and termination of our \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan facility, and the payment of fees and expenses therewith and for general corporate purposes. The Bridge Loan Facility is expected to be refinanced prior to the Separation. The Bridge Loan Facility contains customary representations and warranties as well as affirmative and negative covenants. As of June 30, 2025, we were in compliance with all applicable covenants and there were no events of default under the Bridge Loan Facility.

## Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper

DCL and certain subsidiaries of the Company, as borrowers, have a multicurrency revolving credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") and have the capacity to borrow up to \$4.0 billion under the Credit Agreement (the "Credit Facility"). DCL may also request additional commitments up to \$1.0 billion from the lenders upon the satisfaction of certain conditions. In June 2025, we amended the Credit Agreement to, among other things, decrease the borrowing capacity from \$6.0 billion to \$4.0 billion and provide for early termination of the Credit Agreement upon completion of the Separation. The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties as well as affirmative and negative covenants. As of June 30, 2025, we were in compliance with all applicable covenants and there were no events of default under the Credit Agreement.

Additionally, our commercial paper program is supported by the Credit Facility. Under the commercial paper program, we may issue up to \$2.0 billion. In March 2025, we increased the issuance capacity under the commercial paper program from \$1.0 billion to \$2.0 billion. Borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility is effectively reduced by any outstanding issuances under the commercial paper program.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we and DCL borrowed and repaid \$3,551 million under our Credit Facility and commercial paper program. As of June 30, 2025, we and DCL had no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility or issuances under the commercial paper program.

#### Term Loan

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we entered into and repaid a \$1,500 million 364-day senior unsecured term loan credit facility. The proceeds were used to fund the redemption of \$1,500 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of WMH's senior notes due 2026.

## • Revolving Receivables Program

We have a revolving agreement to transfer up to \$5,000 million of certain receivables through our bankruptcy-remote subsidiary, Warner Bros. Discovery Receivables Funding, LLC, to various financial institutions on a recurring basis in exchange for cash equal to the gross receivables transferred. We service the sold receivables for the financial institution for a fee and pay fees to the financial institution in connection with this revolving agreement. As customers pay their balances, our available capacity under this revolving agreement increases and typically we transfer additional receivables into the program. In some cases, we may have collections that have not yet been remitted to the bank, resulting in a liability. The outstanding portfolio of receivables derecognized from our consolidated balance sheets was \$4,499 million as of June 30, 2025.

#### Accounts Receivable Factoring

We have a factoring agreement to sell certain of our non-U.S. trade accounts receivable on a limited recourse basis to a third-party financial institution. Total trade accounts receivable sold under the Company's factoring arrangement was \$102 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025.

#### Investments

In January 2025 we contributed a 70% interest in our music catalog to a joint venture with Cutting Edge Group in exchange for net proceeds of \$601 million. Additionally, we received proceeds from the sale of investments of \$54 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025.

#### Asset Dispositions

We received proceeds from asset dispositions of \$66 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

#### Uses of Cash

Our primary uses of cash include the creation and acquisition of new content, business acquisitions, income taxes, personnel costs, costs to develop and market our enhanced streaming service HBO Max, principal and interest payments on our outstanding senior notes, funding for various equity method and other investments, and repurchases of our capital stock.

#### • Content Acquisition

We plan to continue to invest significantly in the creation and acquisition of new content, as well as certain sports rights. Contractual commitments to acquire content have not materially changed as set forth in "Material Cash Requirements from Known Contractual and Other Obligations" in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2024 Form 10-K.

#### Debt

Senior Notes

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we repurchased or repaid \$20,403 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of our senior notes. In addition, we had \$97 million of senior notes that were due in July 2025, and an additional \$124 million of senior notes coming due through June 2026.

We may from time to time seek to prepay, retire or purchase our other outstanding indebtedness through prepayments, redemptions, open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers or otherwise. Any such repurchases or exchanges will be dependent upon several factors, including our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, general market conditions, as well as applicable regulatory, legal and accounting factors. Whether or not we repurchase or exchange any debt and the size and timing of any such repurchases or exchanges will be determined at our discretion.

## Capital Expenditures

We effected capital expenditures of \$532 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025, including amounts capitalized to support HBO Max. In addition, we expect to continue to incur significant costs to develop and market HBO Max.

### • Investments and Business Combinations

Our uses of cash have included investments in equity method investments and equity investments without readily determinable fair value. (See Note 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.) We also provide funding to our investees from time to time. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we contributed \$26 million for investments in and advances to our investees.

## • Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest and Noncontrolling Interest

We had redeemable equity balances of \$23 million at June 30, 2025, which may require the use of cash in the event holders of noncontrolling interests to us. Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests totaled \$174 million and \$161 million for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

### • Income Taxes and Interest

We expect to continue to make payments for income taxes and interest on our outstanding senior notes. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we made cash payments of \$974 million and \$1,275 million for income taxes and interest on our outstanding debt, respectively.

#### Cash Flows

The following table presents changes in cash and cash equivalents (in millions).

		30,		
		2025		2024
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	\$	5,416	\$	4,319
Cash provided by operating activities		1,536		1,813
Cash used in investing activities		(431)		(137)
Cash used in financing activities		(1,886)		(2,274)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		256		(104)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(525)		(702)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$	4,891	\$	3,617

### **Operating Activities**

Cash provided by operating activities was \$1,536 million and \$1,813 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily attributable to a decrease in net income, excluding non-cash items, partially offset by an improvement in working capital activity.

#### Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was \$431 million and \$137 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to reduced proceeds from the sale of investments and increased purchases of property and equipment during the six months ended June 30, 2025

#### Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities was \$1,886 million and \$2,274 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The decrease in cash used in financing activities was primarily attributable to proceeds received for the contribution of 70% of our music catalog to a joint venture during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

#### Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2025, capital resources were comprised of the following (in millions).

	 June 30, 2025							
	Total Capacity		Outstanding Indebtedness		Unused Capacity			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,888	\$		\$	4,888			
Revolving credit facility and commercial paper program	4,000		_		4,000			
Bridge loan	17,000		17,000		_			
Senior notes <sup>(a)</sup>	18,000		18,000		_			
Total	\$ 43,888	\$	35,000	\$	8,888			

<sup>(</sup>a) Interest on the senior notes is paid annually or semi-annually. Our senior notes outstanding as of June 30, 2025 had interest rates that ranged from 1.90% to 8.30% and will mature between 2025 and 2062.

We expect that our cash balance, cash generated from operations and availability under the Credit Agreement will be sufficient to fund our cash needs for both the short-and long-term. Our borrowing costs and access to capital markets can be affected by short and long-term debt ratings assigned by independent rating agencies which are based, in part, on our performance as measured by credit metrics such as interest coverage and leverage ratios. Credit rating agencies may continue to review and adjust our ratings or outlook. For example, in 2025, S&P, Moody's and Fitch downgraded certain of our ratings in part due to declines in our linear business, including as a result of the weak operating environment for linear networks, our leverage ratio, and an increase in secured debt and uncertainty in connection with the Separation.

The 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act features a participation exemption regime with current taxation of certain foreign income and imposes a mandatory repatriation toll tax on unremitted foreign earnings. Notwithstanding the U.S. taxation of these amounts, we intend to continue to reinvest some of these funds outside of the U.S. Our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate to the U.S. However, if these funds were to be needed in the U.S., we would be required to accrue and pay non-U.S. taxes to repatriate them. The determination of the amount of unrecognized deferred income tax liability with respect to these undistributed foreign earnings is not practicable.

### **Summarized Guarantor Financial Information**

### Basis of Presentation

As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company has outstanding senior notes issued by Discovery Communications, LLC ("DCL"), which are guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc. ("Scripps Networks"), and WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc. ("WMH"); senior notes issued by WMH, which are guaranteed by the Company, Scripps Networks, and DCL; senior notes issued by the legacy WarnerMedia Business (not guaranteed); and senior notes issued by Scripps Networks (not guaranteed). (See Note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.) DCL, Scripps Networks, and WMH are wholly owned by the Company.

The tables below present the summarized financial information as combined for Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. (the "Parent"), Scripps Networks, DCL, and WMH (collectively, the "Obligors"). All guarantees of DCL and WMH's senior notes (the "Note Guarantees") are full and unconditional, joint and several and unsecured, and cover all payment obligations arising under the senior notes.

Note Guarantees issued by Scripps Networks, DCL or WMH, or any subsidiary of the Parent that in the future issues a Note Guarantee (each, a "Subsidiary Guarantor") may be released and discharged (i) concurrently with any direct or indirect sale or disposition of such Subsidiary Guarantor or any interest therein, (ii) at any time that such Subsidiary Guarantor is released from all of its obligations under its guarantee of payment, (iii) upon the merger or consolidation of any Subsidiary Guarantor with and into DCL, WMH or the Parent or another Subsidiary Guarantor, as applicable, or upon the liquidation of such Subsidiary Guarantor and (iv) other customary events constituting a discharge of the Obligors' obligations.

### Summarized Financial Information

The Company has included the accompanying summarized combined financial information of the Obligors after the elimination of intercompany transactions and balances among the Obligors and the elimination of equity in earnings from and investments in any subsidiary of the Parent that is a non-guarantor (in millions).

	J	une 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Current assets	\$	1,477	\$ 2,194
Non-guarantor intercompany trade receivables, net		124	404
Noncurrent assets		4,049	4,077
Current liabilities		1,051	3,948
Noncurrent liabilities		35,640	37,118

	Six Months End 2025	
Revenues	\$	953
Operating loss		(155)
Net income		1,591
Net income available to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc.		1.568

## MATERIAL CASH REQUIREMENTS FROM KNOWN CONTRACTUAL AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

In the normal course of business, we enter into commitments for the purchase of goods or services that require us to make payments or provide funding in the event certain circumstances occur. Our contractual commitments have not materially changed as set forth in "Material Cash Requirements from Known Contractual and Other Obligations" in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2024 Form 10-K.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the ordinary course of business, we enter into transactions with related parties, such as our equity method investees, entities that share common directorship, or minority partners of consolidated subsidiaries. (See Note 14 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Our critical accounting estimates have not changed since December 31, 2024. For a discussion of each of our critical accounting estimates, including information and analysis of estimates and assumptions involved in their application, see "Critical Accounting Estimates" included in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2024 Form 10-K.

## NEW ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Certain new accounting and reporting standards will be effective for us during the year ended December 31, 2025. (See Note 1 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.)

## Supplemental Data for Results of Operations

The following table presents supplemental consolidating data for our Streaming & Studios division, Global Linear Networks reportable segment, Corporate, and consolidating adjustments.

Consolidated - Represents the consolidated results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Streaming & Studios - Represents the results of our Streaming & Studios division, which includes our Streaming and Studios reportable segments and eliminations between those two reportable segments.

Global Linear Networks - Represents the results of our Global Linear Networks reportable segment.

 $\label{lem:corporate} \textbf{Corporate} \ \textbf{-} \ \text{Represents the results of our Corporate functions}.$ 

Consolidating adjustments - Represents eliminations between the Streaming & Studios division and the Global Linear Networks reportable segment, as well as other Corporate eliminations.

Supplemental Data for Results of Operations (in millions)										Sup	ple	mental Co	ons	olidating	Data	a				
		Conso	lida	ited	s	Streaming & Studios Global Linear Networks Corporate									te	Consolidating adjustments				
For the three months ended June 30,	2025		2024		2025	25 2024		2025		2024			2025	2024		2025		2024		
Revenues:																				
Distribution	\$	4,885	\$	4,879	\$	2,411	\$	2,205	\$	2,477	\$	2,675	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(3)	\$	(1)
Advertising		2,216		2,430		280		240		1,953		2,214		_		_		(17)		(24)
Content		2,471		2,109		2,349		1,945		287		299		_		_		(165)		(135)
Other		240		295		154		211		86		84		1		1		(1)		(1)
Total revenues		9,812		9,713		5,194		4,601		4,803		5,272		1		1		(186)		(161)
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		5,967		6,204		3,163		3,407		2,902		2,825		25		44		(123)		(72)
Selling, general and administrative		2,477		2,461		1,308		1,290		699		742		486		451		(16)		(22)
Depreciation and amortization		1,447		1,744		525		634		829		1,052		93		58				_
Restructuring and other charges		80		117		6		34		25		42		49		41		_		_
Impairments and loss on dispositions		26		9,395		11		10		1		9,154		14		231		_		_
Total costs and expenses		9,997		19,921	_	5,013		5,375		4,456		13,815		667		825		(139)		(94)
Operating (loss) income	\$	(185)	\$	(10,208)	\$	181	\$	(774)	\$	347	\$	(8,543)	\$	(666)	\$	(824)	\$	(47)	\$	(67)

Supplemental Data for Results of Operations (in millions)						Supplemental Consolidating Data															
	Consolidated				Streaming & Studios				Global Linear Networks				Corporate				Consolidating adjustments				
For the six months ended June 30,		2025		2024		2025		2024	2025		2024		2025		2024		2025			2024	
Revenues:																,					
Distribution	\$	9,771	\$	9,864	\$	4,741	\$	4,395	\$	5,035	\$	5,472	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(5)	\$	(3)	
Advertising		4,196		4,578		517		419		3,711		4,201		_		_		(32)		(42)	
Content		4,337		4,667		3,960		4,349		667		563		_		_		(290)		(245)	
Other		487		562		323		401		164		161		1		2		(1)		(2)	
Total revenues		18,791		19,671		9,541		9,564		9,577		10,397		1		2		(328)		(292)	
Costs of revenues, excluding depreciation and amortization		11,098		12,262		5,925		7,001		5,359		5,322		46		56		(232)		(117)	
Selling, general and administrative		4,671		4,693		2,442		2,389		1,354		1,377		902		965		(27)		(38)	
Depreciation and amortization		2,994		3,632		1,066		1,335		1,736		2,157		192		140		_		_	
Restructuring and other charges		134		152		13		47		41		53		80		52		_		_	
Impairments and loss on dispositions		116		9,407		13		15		3		9,154		100		238		_		_	
Total costs and expenses		19,013		30,146		9,459		10,787		8,493		18,063		1,320		1,451		(259)		(155)	
Operating (loss) income	\$	(222)	\$	(10,475)	\$	82	\$	(1,223)	\$	1,084	\$	(7,666)	\$	(1,319)	\$	(1,449)	\$	(69)	\$	(137)	

#### CAUTIONARY NOTE CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding our business, marketing and operating strategies, integration of acquired businesses, new product and service offerings, financial prospects and anticipated sources and uses of capital. Words such as "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "continue," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "future," "intend," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "strategy," "target" and similar terms, and future or conditional tense verbs like "could," "may," "might," "should," "will" and "would," among other terms of similar substance used in connection with any discussion of future operating or financial performance identify forward-looking statements. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or be accomplished. The following is a list of some, but not all, of the factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated:

- · the occurrence of any event, change or other circumstances that could give rise to the abandonment of the Separation or pursuit of a different structure;
- failure to satisfy in a timely manner any of the conditions to the Separation or complete the Separation in a timely or favorable manner or at all;
- · the effects of the announcement, pendency or completion of the Separation on our ongoing business operations;
- unforeseen costs, execution risks, and operational challenges related to the Separation, including risks relating to changes to the configuration of our existing business and disruption of management time away from ongoing business operations;
- · more intense competitive pressure from existing or new competitors in the industries in which we operate;
- reduced spending on domestic and foreign television advertising, due to macroeconomic conditions, industry or consumer behavior trends or unexpected reductions in our number of subscribers;
- the imposition of tariffs, including tariffs directly or indirectly applicable to our industry, by the U.S. government and any retaliatory tariffs from foreign governments;
- uncertainties associated with product and service development and market acceptance, including the development and provision of programming for new television and telecommunications technologies, and the success of our streaming services;
- · market demand for foreign first-run and existing content libraries;
- · negative publicity or damage to our brands, reputation or talent;
- realizing streaming subscriber goals;
- · disagreements with our distributors or other business partners;
- · continued consolidation of distribution customers and production studios;
- · industry trends, including the timing of, and spending on, sports programming, feature film, television and television commercial production;
- the possibility or duration of an industry-wide strike, such as the strikes of the Writers Guild of America and Screen Actors Guild of America-American Federation of
  Television and Radio Arts in 2023, player lock-outs or other job action affecting a major entertainment industry union, athletes or others involved in the development
  and production of our sports programming, television programming, feature films and interactive entertainment (e.g., games) who are covered by collective bargaining
  agreements:
- · inherent uncertainties involved in the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of financial forecasts;
- our level of debt, including the significant indebtedness incurred in connection with the acquisition of the WarnerMedia Business, and our future compliance with debt covenants;
- · challenges related to obtaining permanent financing to refinance the Bridge Loan Facility on favorable terms in a timely manner or at all;
- · changes to our corporate or debt-specific credit ratings or outlook;

- changes in, or failure or inability to comply with, laws and government regulations, including, without limitation, regulations of the U.S. government and other international governments, the Federal Communications Commission and similar authorities internationally and data privacy regulations;
- adverse outcomes of legal proceedings or disputes, including those related to our acquisition of the WarnerMedia Business, the Separation, or adverse outcomes from regulatory proceedings;
- · threatened or actual cyber-attacks and cybersecurity breaches;
- theft of our content and unauthorized duplication, distribution and exhibition of such content; and
- general economic and business conditions, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, global events such as pandemics, natural disasters impacting the geographic areas where our businesses and operations are located, and political uncertainty or unrest in the markets in which we operate.

Forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties which change over time, are based on management's expectations and assumptions at the time the statements are made and are not guarantees of future results.

These risks have the potential to impact the recoverability of the assets recorded on our balance sheets, including goodwill and other intangibles. Management's expectations and assumptions, and the continued validity of any forward-looking statements we make, cannot be foreseen with certainty and are subject to change due to a broad range of factors affecting the U.S. and global economies and regulatory environments, factors specific to Warner Bros. Discovery, and other factors described under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our 2024 Form 10-K and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. These forward-looking statements and such risks, uncertainties, and other factors speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report, and we expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein, to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto, or any other change in events, conditions, or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

### ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about our existing market risk are set forth in Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," in the 2024 Form 10-K. Our exposures to market risk have not materially changed since December 31, 2024.

#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2025. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2025, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the three months ended June 30, 2025, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f), that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, in the normal course of its operations, the Company is subject to various litigation matters and claims, including claims related to employees, stockholders, vendors, other business partners, government regulations, or intellectual property, as well as disputes and matters involving counterparties to contractual agreements. A determination as to the amount of the accrual required for such contingencies is highly subjective and requires judgment about future events. The Company may not currently be able to estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss for certain matters until developments in such matters have provided sufficient information to support an assessment of such loss. In the absence of sufficient information to support an assessment of the reasonably possible loss or range of loss, no accrual for such contingencies is made and no loss or range of loss is disclosed. (See Note 15 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.) Although the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty and the impact of the final resolution of these matters on the Company's results of operations in a particular subsequent reporting period is not known, management does not currently believe that the resolution of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's future consolidated financial position, future results of operations, or cash flows.

Securities Class Action. On November 25, 2024, a securities class action complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Collura v. Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., No. 1:24-cv-09027-KPF). The complaint named Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. ("WBD"), Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav as defendants and asserted claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. On February 21, 2025, the court appointed co-lead plaintiffs (Anthony Yuson and Michael Steinberg) and co-lead counsel (Pomerantz LLP and The Rosen Law Firm, P.A.) to represent the putative class. On May 7, 2025, the lead plaintiffs filed a First Amended Complaint against WBD, Gunnar Wiedenfels, and David M. Zaslav. The First Amended Complaint generally alleges that, between February 23, 2024 and August 7, 2024, defendants made false and misleading statements in SEC filings and other public disclosures relating to WBD's negotiations with the National Basketball Association ("NBA") concerning its contractual rights to broadcast the NBA's content and the potential impact of a failure to renew the contract on its business, in violation of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5, and seeks damages and other relief. The defendants moved to dismiss on July 11, 2025. The plaintiffs have until August 25, 2025 to file their opposition to defendants' motion to dismiss.

Consolidated Derivative Action. Between December 20, 2024 and January 14, 2025, four shareholder derivative complaints were filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (Roy v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, Hollin v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:24-cv-09885-AT, KO v. Zaslav et al., No. 1:25-cv-00114-AT, and Herman, III v. Chen et al., No. 1:25-cv-00352-AT). Each complaint names certain current and former directors and officers of WBD as defendants and WBD as nominal defendant, and each complaint seeks damages and other relief. The complaints generally assert claims against the defendants, derivatively on behalf of WBD, for alleged breaches of fiduciary duty based on the same facts alleged in the Collura securities case described above. The complaints assert various common law causes of action, including breach of fiduciary duties, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duties, abuse of control, unjust enrichment, gross mismanagement, and waste of corporate assets, as well claims for violations of Sections 14(a), 10(b), and 21D of the Exchange Act. On January 21, 2025, the court consolidated the four actions for all purposes under Case No. 1:24-cv-09856-AT, captioned as In re Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. Derivative Litigation (the "Consolidated Derivative Action"). On February 19, 2025, the Court stayed the Consolidated Derivative Action pending resolution of a final decision on all motions to dismiss the operative complaint in the Collura securities action.

#### ITEM 1A Risk Factors

Investors should carefully review and consider the information regarding certain factors that could materially affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows as set forth under Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of the Company's 2024 Form 10-K, and as supplemented by the additional risk factors described below.

Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe not to be material may also adversely impact our business, results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

#### Risks Related to the Separation

Failure to complete the Separation in a timely manner or at all could negatively impact the market price of our common stock, as well as our future business and our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In June 2025, the Company announced its plans to separate the Company, in a tax-free transaction, into two publicly traded companies. The Separation is expected to be completed by mid-2026, though no assurance can be given as to whether the Separation will occur in accordance with the expected plans or anticipated timeline, or at all. Additionally, the specific assets, liabilities and entities to be separated have not yet been determined and may be changed, and we may determine to abandon any efforts with respect to the Separation at any time for any reason. If the Separation occurs, the Company may retain up to 19.9% of the shares of the spun-off company ("Spinco"), which it may use to de-lever the Company's balance sheet in a tax-efficient manner. No assurance can be given that we will be able to dispose of the shares in Spinco retained by us on favorable terms, or at all, or the timing thereof.

The form or other terms of the Separation may change over time, including with respect to the scope of the businesses to be separated or retained by us. The final determination to separate is subject to approval by the Board, the execution of definitive documentation, and satisfaction of customary conditions, including the effectiveness of appropriate filings with the SEC, receipt of one or more opinions as to the tax-free nature of the Separation, the completion of the requisite financial statements and the availability of financing. Additionally, no assurance can be given that the intended tax treatment will be achieved or that the Separation will qualify as tax-free to our shareholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Challenges in satisfying any of these conditions, along with various other factors, including changes in the law, the macroeconomic environment, competitive conditions, regulatory approvals or clearances, the uncertainty of the financial markets, could delay or prevent the completion of the Separation or cause the Separation to occur on terms or conditions that are different or less favorable than expected.

If the Separation is not completed in a timely or favorable manner or at all, our ongoing business may be adversely affected including as follows:

- · we may experience negative reactions from the financial markets, and our stock price could decline;
- · we may experience negative reactions from employees, customers, suppliers or other third parties;
- we may be subject to litigation, which could result in significant costs and expenses;
- management's focus may have been diverted from day-to-day business operations and pursuing other opportunities that could have been beneficial to the Company;
- · we will still be required to pay certain costs and expenses incurred in connection therewith, such as legal, accounting and other professional fees and
- · our costs of pursuing the Separation may be higher than anticipated and may not yield a discernible benefit if the Separation is not completed.

#### The pendency of the Separation may cause disruption on our business.

The pendency of the proposed Separation could cause disruptions to our business or business relationships, which could have an adverse impact on our results of operations. Parties with which we have business relationships, including distributors, advertisers and content providers, may be uncertain as to the future of such relationships and may delay or defer certain business decisions, seek alternative relationships with third parties or seek to alter their present business relationships with us. Parties with whom we otherwise may have sought to establish business relationships may seek alternative relationships with third parties.

Furthermore, the preparation for and execution of the Separation has placed and is expected to continue to place a significant burden on our management, employees and other internal resources. The diversion of management's attention away from day-to-day business concerns and any difficulties encountered in the separation process could adversely affect our financial results.

We have incurred and will continue to incur significant costs, expenses and fees for professional services and other transaction costs in connection with the Separation. We may also incur taxes and unanticipated costs throughout the process of completing the Separation. The substantial majority of these costs will be non-recurring expenses relating to the Separation, and many of these costs are payable regardless of whether or not the Separation is completed. We also could be subject to litigation related to the Separation, which could prevent or delay the completion of the Separation and result in significant costs and expenses.

### If completed, the Separation may not achieve the anticipated benefits and could expose us to new risks, including with respect to our existing indebtedness.

If the Separation is completed, we may not realize the anticipated strategic, financial, operational, or other benefits from the Separation. In addition, we will also incur ongoing costs and dis-synergies in connection with, or as a result of, the Separation and related restructuring transactions, including costs of operating as independent, publicly traded companies that the two businesses will no longer be able to share. We cannot predict with certainty if or when anticipated benefits will occur or the extent to which they will be achieved, or that the costs or dis-synergies of the Separation will not exceed the anticipated amounts. Following the Separation, we will be a smaller and less diversified company and may be more vulnerable to changing market conditions. While we believe that the Separation will position each company to better unlock its full standalone long-term potential, we cannot assure you that following the Separation we will be successful. Further, there can be no assurance that the combined value of the shares of the two resulting companies will be equal to or greater than what the value of our common stock would have been had the Separation not occurred. We cannot predict the prices at which our common stock may trade after the Separation or the effect of the Separation on the trading prices of our common stock.

In addition, following the completion of the Separation, we will not be able to rely on the earnings, assets or cash flow of the studios and streaming business unit, and that business will not provide funds to finance our working capital or other cash requirements. As a result, our ability to service our debt may be adversely affected.

#### Risks Related to our Financial, Capital and Corporate Structure

### The terms of the Bridge Loan Facility may restrict our current and future operations, particularly our ability to respond to changes or to take certain actions.

In June 2025, we and WMH, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Bridge Loan Facility with respect to an 18-month \$17 billion term loan. The Bridge Loan Facility contains a number of restrictive covenants that impose operating restrictions on us and may limit our ability to engage in acts that may be in our long-term best interest, including the right to engage in mergers, consolidations and asset sales, incur debt and liens, enter into transactions with affiliates, pay dividends and certain other restricted payments and make certain restricted investments. The Bridge Loan Facility requires the dedication of a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to service our debt, thereby reducing the amount of cash flow available for other purposes such as capital expenditures, investment business opportunities, and other purposes. The Bridge Loan Facility bears interest at a variable rate, which exposes us to the risk of increased interest rates. If we are not able to service our debt or refinance our debt as it becomes due, we could be forced to take unfavorable actions, including limiting investment in our business or selling assets.

A breach of the covenants, nonpayment of any principal or interest when due under the Bridge Loan Facility or upon the occurrence of certain significant corporate events could result in an event of default under the Bridge Loan Facility, which may allow lenders to declare all loans outstanding under the Bridge Loan Facility (including accrued interest and fees payable thereunder) immediately due and payable. Furthermore, an event of default under the Bridge Loan Facility could result in the acceleration of any of our other debt to which a cross-acceleration or cross-default provision applies. Any such default, and any resulting acceleration of our outstanding indebtedness, would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In addition, the obligations under the Bridge Loan Facility are secured by a lien on substantially all of the personal property assets of the Company, WMH, and certain of its wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its wholly owned subsidiaries. If we are unable to repay the amounts due and payable under the Bridge Loan Facility, the lenders could proceed against the collateral granted to them to secure the loans under the Bridge Loan Facility, and we may not have sufficient assets to repay such indebtedness.

## We may be unable to obtain permanent financing to refinance the Bridge Loan Facility on favorable terms in a timely manner or at all.

Borrowings under the Bridge Loan Facility, net of any prepayments, will become payable in full on the earlier of (x) December 30, 2026 and (y) the date of the completion of the Separation. Although we expect to refinance or replace the Bridge Loan Facility with permanent financing prior to the completion of the Separation, we may be unable to obtain permanent financing on favorable terms in a timely manner or at all. The permanent financing could subject us to higher borrowing costs and additional restrictive covenants not present in the agreements governing our existing debt or in the Bridge Loan Facility, which could reduce our profitability and diminish our operational flexibility. If we are unable to refinance or replace the Bridge Loan Facility or access additional credit, or if borrowing costs dramatically increase, our ability to meet our short-term and long-term obligations could be adversely affected, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

# If the Separation were to fail to qualify for non-recognition treatment for U.S. federal income tax purposes, then we, Spinco and our shareholders may be subject to significant U.S. federal income taxes

We expect to receive one or more opinions from our tax advisors as to the tax-free nature of the Separation. A tax opinion is not binding on the IRS or the courts, and there can be no assurance that the IRS or a court will not take a contrary position. In addition, our tax advisors will rely on certain representations and covenants delivered by us and Spinco in rendering such opinions.

If the IRS ultimately determines that the Separation is taxable, then we and our shareholders could incur significant tax liabilities in connection with the Separation. Spinco may be required to indemnify us for such tax liabilities pursuant to a tax matters agreement, but there can be no assurance that Spinco would have the resources or liquidity required to indemnify us for any such tax liability.

Even if the Separation otherwise qualifies for non-recognition of gain or loss under Section 355 of the Internal Revenue Code ("the Code"), the Separation may be taxable to us (but not to our shareholders) pursuant to Section 355(e) of the Code if there is a 50% or more (by vote or value) change in ownership of either us or Spinco, directly or indirectly, as part of a plan or series of related transactions that include the Separation. For this purpose, any acquisitions of our or Spinco's common stock within two years before or after the Separation are presumed to be part of such a plan, although we or Spinco may be able to rebut that presumption based on applicable facts and circumstances or a "safe harbor" described in the U.S. income tax regulations.

# ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Third Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Form 8-K filed on June 3, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. effective as of June 2, 2025 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Form 8-K filed on June 3, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))
4.1	Twenty-Third Supplemental Indenture, dated June 13, 2025, among Discovery Communications, LLC, as the issuer, the guarantors from time to time party thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor in interest to U.S. Bank National Association), as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))
4.2	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated June 13, 2025, among WarmerMedia Holdings, Inc., as the issuer, the guarantors from time to time party thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))
4.3	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated June 13, 2025, among WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc., as the issuer, the guarantors from time to time party thereto and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, and Elavon Financial Services DAC, UK Branch, as paying agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))
4.4	Fifteenth Supplemental Indenture, dated June 16, 2025, among Historic TW Inc., as the issuer, the guarantors from time to time party thereto and the Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Form8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))
10.1	Amendment No.2 to Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. 2011 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on June 3, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))*
10.2	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between David Zaslav, Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and Discovery Communications, LLC, dated June 12, 2025 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))*
10.3	Form of David Zaslav Non-Qualified Stock Option Grant Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))*#
10.4	Employment Agreement between Gunnar Wiedenfels, Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. and Discovery Communications, LLC, dated June 12, 2025 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Form 8-K filed on June 16, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177))*#
10.5	Non-Investment Grade Leveraged Bridge Loan Agreement, dated as of June 26, 2025, among WarmerMedia Holdings, Inc., Warmer Bros, Discovery, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as lead arranger, bookrunner and sole administrative agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on June 26, 2025 (SEC File No. 001-34177)) #
10.6	Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 26, 2025, among Discovery Communications, LLC, Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., as facility guarantor, certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., as borrowers, Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc. and WarnerMedia Holdings, Inc., as subsidiary guarantors, certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc., as joining guarantors, the lenders from time to time party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent (filed herewith) #
10.7	Form of Warner Bros. Discovery, Inc. 2025 RSU Grant Agreement for Non-Employee Directors (filed herewith)*
10.8	Third Amendment to Fourth Amended and Restated Receivables Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 20, 2025, by and among Warner Bros. Discovery Receivables Funding, LLC, the other persons from time to time party thereto, PNC Bank, National Association, Turner Broadcasting System, Inc. and PNC Capital Markets LLC (filed herewith) #
22	Table of Senior Notes, Issuer and Guarantors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 22 to the Form 10-Q filed on August 3, 2023 (File No. 001-34177))
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)

31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Amended, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith)
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith)
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document (filed herewith)†
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document (filed herewith)†
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

<sup>#</sup> Certain exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K and will be supplementally provided to the SEC upon request.

st Indicates management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement.

<sup>†</sup> Attached as Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are the following formatted in Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, (v) Consolidated Statements of Equity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

WARNER BROS. DISCOVERY, INC. (Registrant)

Date: August 7, 2025 /s/ David M. Zaslav By:

David M. Zaslav

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 7, 2025 /s/ Gunnar Wiedenfels By:

Gunnar Wiedenfels Chief Financial Officer