UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO S For	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECUR the quarterly period ended Se		
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SI	OR	THES EVOLUNIOE ACT OF 1024	
	• •		
F	or the transition period from		
	Commission File Number	1-6075	
16-1-	UNION PACIFIC CORPO (Exact name of registrant as specific	ed in its charter)	
Utah (State or other jurisdiction of incorporati	on or organization)	13-2626465 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
1400 Douglas Street, Omaha, (Address of principal executiv	Nebraska	68179 (Zip Code)	
	(402) 544-5000		
	(Registrant's telephone number, inclu	uding area code)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of <u>Title of each Class</u> Common Stock (Par Value \$2.50 per sha	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which reg New York Stock Exchange	<u>istered</u>
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (during the preceding 12 months (or for such sho requirements for the past 90 days.			
requirements for the past of days.			☑ Yes □ No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant h Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during files).			
ilies).			☑ Yes □ No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is emerging growth company. See the definitions company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.			
Large Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company	✓ Accelerated Filer□ Emerging Growth Company	□ Non-Accelerated Filer□	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by che new or revised financial accounting standards pro			_
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is	a shell company (as defined in Rule 1	2b-2 of the Exchange Act).	
As of October 18, 2024, there were 606,256,627	alance of the Desistantial Comments Of	test a detection	☐ Yes ☑ No
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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

Millions, Except Per Share Amounts, for the Three Months Ended September 30,	202	4	2023
Operating revenues:			
Freight revenues	\$ 5,76	8	\$ 5,545
Other revenues	32	3	396
Total operating revenues	6,09	1	5,941
Operating expenses:			
Compensation and benefits	1,22	8	1,201
Purchased services and materials	64	4	668
Fuel	61	0	702
Depreciation	60	2	580
Equipment and other rents	23	7	235
Other	35	4	378
Total operating expenses	3,67	5	3,764
Operating income	2,41	6	2,177
Other income, net (Note 6)	8	7	106
Interest expense	(31	4)	(334)
Income before income taxes	2,18	9	1,949
Income tax expense (Note 7)	(51	8)	(421)
Net income	\$ 1,67	1	\$ 1,528
Share and per share (Note 8):			
Earnings per share - basic	\$ 2.7	5	\$ 2.51
Earnings per share - diluted	\$ 2.7	5	\$ 2.51
Weighted average number of shares - basic	607	6	608.7
Weighted average number of shares - diluted	608	6	609.8

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited) Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

Millions, for the Three Months Ended September 30,	2024	2023
Net income	\$ 1,671	\$ 1,528
Other comprehensive income/(loss):		
Defined benefit plans	-	(2)
Foreign currency translation	(86)	22
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments	-	-
Total other comprehensive income/(loss) [a]	(86)	20
Comprehensive income	\$ 1.585	\$ 1.548

[[]a] Net of deferred taxes of \$1 million and (\$1) million during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

Millions, Except Per Share Amounts, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024	2023
Operating revenues:		
Freight revenues	\$ 17,022	\$ 16,770
Other revenues	1,107	1,190
Total operating revenues	18,129	17,960
Operating expenses:		
Compensation and benefits	3,638	3,649
Purchased services and materials	1,901	1,971
Fuel	1,893	2,132
Depreciation	1,792	1,729
Equipment and other rents	672	718
Other	1,045	1,086
Total operating expenses	10,941	11,285
Operating income	7,188	6,675
Other income, net (Note 6)	282	383
Interest expense	(957)	(1,009)
Income before income taxes	6,513	6,049
Income tax expense (Note 7)	(1,528)	(1,322)
Net income	\$ 4,985	\$ 4,727
Share and per share (Note 8):		
Earnings per share - basic	\$ 8.19	\$ 7.76
Earnings per share - diluted	\$ 8.18	\$ 7.75
Weighted average number of shares - basic	608.7	609.3
Weighted average number of shares - diluted	609.7	610.3

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024		2023
Net income	\$ 4,985		4,727
Other comprehensive income/(loss):	·		
Defined benefit plans	1		3
Foreign currency translation	(79)	66
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	16
Total other comprehensive income/(loss) [a]	(78)	85
Comprehensive income	\$ 4,907	\$	4,812

[[]a] Net of deferred taxes of \$1 million and (\$4) million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Unaudited) Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

Millions, Except Share and Per Share Amounts	Sep. 30, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 947	\$ 1,055
Short-term investments (Note 13)	20	16
Accounts receivable, net (Note 10)	2,036	2,073
Materials and supplies	775	743
Other current assets	371	261
Total current assets	4,149	4,148
Investments	2,649	2,605
Properties, net (Note 11)	58,036	57,398
Operating lease assets	1,345	1,643
Other assets	1,391	1,338
Total assets	\$ 67,570	\$ 67,132
Liabilities and Common Shareholders' Equity	•	
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities (Note 12)	\$ 3,714	\$ 3,683
Debt due within one year (Note 14)	1,652	1,423
Total current liabilities	5,366	5,106
Debt due after one year (Note 14)	29,761	31,156
Operating lease liabilities	934	1,245
Deferred income taxes	13,199	13,123
Other long-term liabilities	1,726	1,714
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
Total liabilities	50,986	52,344
Common shareholders' equity:		
Common shares, \$2.50 par value, 1,400,000,000 authorized; 1,113,023,704 and		
1,112,854,806 issued; 606,908,876 and 609,703,814 outstanding, respectively	2,783	2,782
Paid-in-surplus	5,297	5,193
Retained earnings	64,677	62,093
Treasury stock	(55,481)	(54,666)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 9)	(692)	(614)
Total common shareholders' equity	16,584	14,788
Total liabilities and common shareholders' equity	\$ 67,570	\$ 67,132

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2	024	2023
Operating Activities			
Net income	\$ 4,9	985	\$ 4,727
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	1,	792	1,729
Deferred and other income taxes		77	59
Other operating activities, net		(52)	(121)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net		37	(38)
Materials and supplies		(32)	(29)
Other current assets		(92)	(73)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(82)	(381)
Income and other taxes		51	111
Cash provided by operating activities	6,0	684	5,984
Investing Activities			
Capital investments		530)	(2,582)
Other investing activities, net		104	(68)
Cash used in investing activities	(2,4	126)	(2,650)
Financing Activities			
Dividends paid		103)	(2,380)
Debt repaid		220)	(2,179)
Share repurchase programs (Note 16)		331)	(705)
Debt issued (Note 14)		300	1,599
Other financing activities, net		279	125
Cash used in financing activities		375)	(3,540)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		117)	(206)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of year	<u> </u>)74	987
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$!	957	\$ 781
Supplemental Cash Flow Information			
Non-cash investing and financing activities:			
Capital investments accrued but not yet paid	\$ ·	153	\$ 187
Cash paid during the period for:			
Income taxes, net of refunds		219)	\$ (1,155)
Interest, net of amounts capitalized	(1,1)74 <u>)</u>	(1,113)
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash			
to the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$!	947	\$ 750
Restricted cash equivalents in other current assets		2	22
Restricted cash equivalents in other assets		8	9
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents per above	\$!	957	\$ 781

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Common Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Union Pacific Corporation and Subsidiary Companies

	Common	Treasury	(Common	Paid-in-	Retained	Treasury			
Millions	Shares	Shares		Shares	Surplus	Eamings	Stock		OCI [a]	Total
Balance at July 1, 2023	1,112.9	(503.5)	\$	2,782	\$ 5,128	\$,	\$ (54,699)	\$	(517)	\$ 13,194
Net income				-	-	1,528	-		-	1,528
Other comprehensive income/(loss)				-	-	-	-		20	20
Conversion, stock option exercises,	_	0.2		_	38	_	17		_	55
forfeitures, ESPP, and other [b]	_	0.2			30		17			55
Share repurchase programs (Note 16)	=	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
Dividends declared (\$1.30 per share)	=	-		-	-	(793)	-		-	(793)
Balance at September 30, 2023	1,112.9	(503.3)	\$	2,782	\$ 5,166	\$ 61,235	\$ (54,682)	\$	(497)	\$ 14,004
Balance at July 1, 2024	1,113.0	(503.3)	\$	2,783	\$ 5,249	\$ 63,820	\$ (54,757)	\$	(606)	\$ 16,489
Net income				-	-	1,671	-		-	1,671
Other comprehensive income/(loss)				-	-	-	-		(86)	(86)
Conversion, stock option exercises,		0.2			48		14			62
forfeitures, ESPP, and other [b]	_	-		-	40	-	14		-	02
Share repurchase programs (Note 16)	-	(3.0)		-	-	-	(738)		-	(738)
Dividends declared (\$1.34 per share)	-	-		-	-	(814)	-		-	(814)
Balance at September 30, 2024	1,113.0	(506.1)	\$	2,783	\$ 5,297	\$ 64,677	\$ (55,481)	\$	(692)	\$ 16,584
	•									
	Common	Treasury	(Common	Paid-in-	Retained	Treasury			
Millions	Shares	Shares		Shares	Surplus	Eamings	Stock	A	OCI [a]	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	1,112.6	(500.2)	\$	2,782	\$ 5,080	\$ 58,887	\$ (54,004)	\$	(582)	\$ 12,163
Net income				-	-	4,727	-		-	4,727
Other comprehensive income/(loss)				-	-	-	-		85	85
Conversion, stock option exercises,	0.3	0.4			86		34			120
forfeitures, ESPP, and other [b]	0.3	-		-	00	-	34		-	120
Share repurchase programs (Note 16)	-	(3.5)		-	-	-	(712)		-	(712)
Dividends declared (\$3.90 per share)	-	-		-	-	(2,379)	=		-	(2,379)
Balance at September 30, 2023	1,112.9	(503.3)	\$	2,782	\$ 5,166	\$ 61,235	\$ (54,682)	\$	(497)	\$ 14,004
Balance at January 1, 2024	1,112.9	(503.2)	\$	2,782	\$ 5,193	\$,	\$ (54,666)	\$	(614)	\$ 14,788
Net income				-	-	4,985	-		-	4,985
Other comprehensive income/(loss)				-	-	-	-		(78)	(78)
Conversion, stock option exercises,										
	0.1	0.6		1	104	_	3/1		_	130
forfeitures, ESPP, and other [b]	0.1	0.6		1	104	-	34		-	139
	0.1	0.6 (3.5)		1 -	104	- (2.401)	34 (849)		-	(849)

[[]a] AOCI = accumulated other comprehensive income/loss (Note 9)

Dividends declared (\$3.94 per share)

Balance at September 30, 2024

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

1,113.0

2,783

\$

5,297

(506.1) \$

(2,401)

\$ (55,481) \$

\$ 64,677

(2,401)

16,584

(692) \$

[[]b] ESPP = employee stock purchase plan

UNION PACIFIC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

For purposes of this report, unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to "Union Pacific", "Corporation", "Company", "UPC", "we", "us", and "our" mean Union Pacific Corporation and its subsidiaries, including Union Pacific Railroad Company, which will be separately referred to herein as "UPRR" or the "Railroad".

1. Basis of Presentation

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal and recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted. Accordingly, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto contained in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at December 31, 2023, is derived from audited financial statements. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year ending December 31, 2024.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in accordance with GAAP as codified in the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC).

2. Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. (ASU) 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which requires business entities to expand their annual disclosures of the effective rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, may be adopted on a prospective or retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the new guidance will have on our related disclosures.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which requires business entities to enhance disclosures about significant segment expenses. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, on a retrospective basis, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the new guidance will have on our related disclosures.

3. Operations and Segmentation

The Railroad, along with its subsidiaries and rail affiliates, is our one reportable operating segment. Although we provide and analyze revenues by commodity group, we treat the financial results of the Railroad as one segment due to the integrated nature of our rail network. Our operating revenues are primarily derived from contracts with customers for the transportation of freight from origin to destination.

The following table represents a disaggregation of our freight and other revenues:

	Three Months Ended					nded		
		Septem	nber 3	80,		Septem	ber :	30,
Millions		2024		2023		2024		2023
Bulk	\$	1,805	\$	1,766	\$	5,343	\$	5,420
Industrial		2,121		2,057		6,348		6,160
Premium		1,842		1,722		5,331		5,190
Total freight revenues	\$	5,768	\$	5,545	\$	17,022	\$	16,770
Other subsidiary revenues		179		226		608		681
Accessorial revenues		122		142		427		442
Other		22		28		72		67
Total operating revenues	\$	6,091	\$	5,941	\$	18,129	\$	17,960

Although our revenues are principally derived from customers domiciled in the U.S., the ultimate points of origination or destination for some products we transport are outside the U.S. Each of our commodity groups includes revenues from shipments to and from Mexico. Included in the above table are revenues from our Mexico business, which amounted to \$724 million and \$673 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$2.3 billion and \$2.1 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

4. Stock-Based Compensation

We have several stock-based compensation plans where employees receive nonvested stock options, nonvested retention shares, and nonvested stock units. We refer to the nonvested shares and stock units collectively as "retention awards". In addition, employees may participate in our employee stock purchase plan (ESPP).

Information regarding stock-based compensation expense appears in the table below:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					ed	
Millions		2024		2023		2024	2023
Stock-based compensation, before tax:							
Stock options	\$	4	\$	4	\$	13 \$	12
Retention awards		23		24		58	57
ESPP		6		4		16	15
Total stock-based compensation, before tax	\$	33	\$	32	\$	87 \$	84
Excess income tax benefits from equity compensation plans	\$	3	\$	2	\$	13 \$	9

Stock Options – Stock options are granted at the closing price on the date of grant, have 10-year contractual terms, and vest no later than 3 years from the date of grant. None of the stock options outstanding at September 30, 2024, is subject to performance or market-based vesting conditions.

The table below shows the annual weighted-average assumptions used for Black-Scholes valuation purposes:

Weighted-Average Assumptions	2024	2023
Risk-free interest rate	4.2%	3.9%
Dividend yield	2.1%	2.6%
Expected life (years)	4.4	4.5
Volatility	28.7%	29.3%
Weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted	\$ 61.75	\$ 48.31

The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant; the expected dividend yield is calculated as the ratio of dividends paid per share of common stock to the stock price on the date of grant; the expected life is based on historical and expected exercise behavior; and expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of our stock price over the expected life of the stock option.

A summary of stock option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, is presented below.

	Options (thous.)	W	eighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in yrs.)	Αg	ggregate Intrinsic Value (millions)
Outstanding at January 1, 2024	2,072	\$	180.56	5.9	\$	135
Granted	305		248.82	N/A		N/A
Exercised	(306)		147.67	N/A		N/A
Forfeited or expired	(45)		230.75	N/A		N/A
Outstanding at September 30, 2024	2,026	\$	194.69	6.0	\$	106
Vested or expected to vest at September 30, 2024	2,008	\$	194.38	6.0	\$	105
Options exercisable at September 30, 2024	1,434	\$	179.46	4.9	\$	96

At September 30, 2024, there was \$20 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.1 years. Additional information regarding stock option exercises appears in the following table:

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,			∌d	
Millions	 2024		2023		2024		2023
Intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$ 15	\$	10	\$	31	\$	17
Cash received from option exercises	16		9		40		17
Treasury shares repurchased for employee payroll taxes	(2)		(1)		(7)		(3)
Income tax benefit realized from option exercises	2		2		6		4
Aggregate grant-date fair value of stock options vested	-		-		15		14

Retention Awards - Retention awards are granted at no cost to the employee, vest over periods lasting up to 4 years, and have dividends and dividend equivalents paid to participants during the vesting periods.

Changes in our retention awards during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Shares	Weighted-Average
	(thous.)	Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2024	996	\$ 207.76
Granted	211	248.75
Vested	(245)	186.67
Forfeited	(34)	220.17
Nonvested at September 30, 2024	928	\$ 222.19

At September 30, 2024, there was \$85 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested retention awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years.

Performance Stock Unit Awards – In February 2024, our Board of Directors approved performance stock unit grants. This plan is based on performance targets for annual return on invested capital (ROIC) and operating income growth (OIG) compared to companies in the S&P 100 Industrials Index plus the Class I railroads. We define ROIC as net operating profit adjusted for interest expense (including interest on average operating lease liabilities) and taxes on interest divided by average invested capital adjusted for average operating lease liabilities.

The February 2024 stock units awarded to executives are subject to continued employment for 37 months, the attainment of certain levels of ROIC, and the relative three-year OIG. We expense two-thirds of the fair value of the units that are probable of being earned based on our forecasted ROIC over the three-year performance period, and with respect to the third year of the plan, we expense the remaining one-third of the fair value subject to the relative three-year OIG. We measure the fair value of performance stock units based upon the closing price of the underlying common stock as of the date of grant. Dividend equivalents are accumulated during the service period and paid to participants only after the units are earned.

Changes in our performance stock unit awards during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Shares (thous.)	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2024	617	\$ 204.50
Granted	227	248.82
Vested	(119)	204.67
Unearned	(70)	204.45
Forfeited	(46)	228.59
Nonvested at September 30, 2024	609	\$ 219.17

At September 30, 2024, there was \$19 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested performance stock unit awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years. This expense is subject to achievement of the performance measures established for the performance stock unit grants.

5. Retirement Plans

We provide defined benefit retirement income to eligible non-union employees through qualified and non-qualified (supplemental) pension plans. Qualified and non-qualified pension benefits are based on years of service and the highest compensation during the latest years of employment, with specific reductions made for early retirements. Non-union employees hired on or after January 1, 2018, are no longer eligible for pension benefits, but are eligible for an enhanced 401(k) plan.

Expense

Pension expense is determined based upon the annual service cost of benefits (the actuarial cost of benefits earned during a period) and the interest cost on those liabilities, less the expected return on plan assets. The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is applied to a calculated value of plan assets that recognizes changes in fair value over a 5-year period. This practice is intended to reduce year-to-year volatility in pension expense, but it can have the effect of delaying the recognition of differences between actual returns on assets and expected returns based on long-term rate of return assumptions. Differences in actual experience in relation to assumptions are not recognized in net income immediately but are deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income/loss and, if necessary, amortized as pension expense.

The components of our net periodic pension benefit/cost were as follows:

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Millions	2024		2023		2024	2023
Service cost	\$ 12	\$	13	\$	39 \$	38
Interest cost	47		48		139	140
Expected return on plan assets	(63)		(62)		(189)	(186)
Amortization of actuarial loss	4		2		8	6
Net periodic pension (benefit)/cost	\$ -	\$	1	\$	(3) \$	(2)

Cash Contributions

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, cash contributions totaled \$0 to the qualified pension plans. Any contributions made during 2024 will be based on cash generated from operations and financial market considerations. Our policy with respect to funding the qualified pension plans is to fund at least the minimum required by law and not more than the maximum amount deductible for tax purposes. At September 30, 2024, we do not have minimum cash funding requirements for 2024.

6. Other Income

Other income included the following:

		Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Millions		2024		2023		2024		2023
Real estate income [a]	\$	70	\$	90	\$	192	\$	335
Net periodic pension benefit/(costs)		12		12		42		40
Interest from IRS refund claims		-		-		24		-
Non-operating property environmental remediation and restoration		(7)		(9)		(21)		(31)
Other		12		13		45		39
Total	\$	87	\$	106	\$	282	\$	383

[[]a] The nine months ended September 30, 2023, includes a one-time \$107 million transaction.

7. Income Taxes

In the third quarter of 2023, the states of lowa, Kansas, and Arkansas enacted legislation to reduce their corporate income tax rate for future years resulting in a \$41 million reduction of our deferred tax expense.

In the second quarter of 2024, the state of Arkansas enacted legislation to reduce its corporate income tax rate for future years resulting in an \$8 million reduction of our deferred tax expense.

In the second quarter of 2023, the state of Nebraska enacted legislation to reduce its corporate income tax rate for future years resulting in a \$73 million reduction of our deferred tax expense.

8. Earnings Per Share

The following table provides a reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Millions, Except Per Share Amounts	 2024		2023		2024		2023		
Net income	\$ 1,671	\$	1,528	\$	4,985	\$	4,727		
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding:									
Basic	607.6		608.7		608.7		609.3		
Dilutive effect of stock options	0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4		
Dilutive effect of retention shares and units	0.6		0.7		0.6		0.6		
Diluted	608.6		609.8		609.7		610.3		
Earnings per share - basic	\$ 2.75	\$	2.51	\$	8.19	\$	7.76		
Earnings per share - diluted	\$ 2.75	\$	2.51	\$	8.18	\$	7.75		
Stock options excluded as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive	0.6		1.0		0.6		0.9		

9. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/Loss

Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income/loss were as follows (net of tax):

Millions	Defin	ed benefit plans	Foreign currency translation	Unrealized gain on derivative instruments [a]	Total
Balance at July 1, 2024	\$	(483)	\$ (139)	\$ 16	\$ (606)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications		-	(86)	-	(86)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) [b]		-	-	-	-
Net quarter-to-date other comprehensive income/(loss), net of taxes of \$1 million		-	(86)	-	(86)
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	(483)	\$ (225)	\$ 16	\$ (692)
Balance at July 1, 2023	\$	(373)	\$ (160)	\$ 16	\$ (517)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications		(1)	22	-	21
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) [b]		(1)	-	-	(1)
Net quarter-to-date other comprehensive income/(loss), net of taxes of (\$1) million		(2)	22	-	20
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	(375)	\$ (138)	\$ 16	\$ (497)

[[]a] Related to interest rate swaps from equity method investments.

[[]b] The accumulated other comprehensive income/loss reclassification components are 1) prior service cost/credit and 2) net actuarial loss, which are both included in the computation of net periodic pension benefit/cost. See Note 5 Retirement Plans for additional details.

	Foreign			Unrealized gain on		
	Defi	ned benefit		currency	derivative instruments	
Millions		plans		translation	[a]	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$	(484)	\$	(146)	\$ 16	\$ (614)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications		2		(79)	=	(77)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) [b]		(1)		-	-	(1)
Net year-to-date other comprehensive income/(loss), net of taxes of \$1 million		1		(79)	-	(78)
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	(483)	\$	(225)	\$ 16	\$ (692)
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	(378)	\$	(204)	\$ -	\$ (582)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications		5		66	16	87
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) [b]		(2)		-	-	(2)
Net year-to-date other comprehensive income/(loss), net of taxes of (\$4) million		3		66	16	85
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	(375)	\$	(138)	\$ 16	\$ (497)

[[]a] Related to interest rate swaps from equity method investments.

10. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include freight and other receivables reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts. At both September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, our accounts receivable were reduced by \$9 million. Receivables not expected to be collected in one year and the associated allowances are classified as other assets in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. At September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, receivables classified as other assets were reduced by allowances of \$81 million and \$71 million, respectively.

Receivables Securitization Facility – The Railroad maintains an \$800 million, 3-year receivables securitization facility (the Receivables Facility) maturing in July 2025. Under the Receivables Facility, the Railroad sells most of its eligible third-party receivables to Union Pacific Receivables, Inc. (UPRI), a consolidated, wholly-owned, bankruptcy-remote subsidiary that may subsequently transfer, without recourse, an undivided interest in accounts receivable to investors. The investors have no recourse to the Railroad's other assets except for customary warranty and indemnity claims. Creditors of the Railroad do not have recourse to the assets of UPRI.

The amount recorded under the Receivables Facility was \$0 at both September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we issued \$800 million and repaid \$800 million under the Receivables Facility. The Receivables Facility was supported by \$1.7 billion of accounts receivable as collateral at both September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, which, as a retained interest, is included in accounts receivable, net in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

The outstanding amount the Railroad maintains under the Receivables Facility may fluctuate based on current cash needs. The maximum allowed under the Receivables Facility is \$800 million with availability directly impacted by eligible receivables, business volumes, and credit risks, including receivables payment quality measures such as default and dilution ratios. If default or dilution ratios increase one percent, the allowable outstanding amount under the Receivables Facility would not materially change.

The costs of the Receivables Facility include interest, which will vary based on prevailing benchmark and commercial paper rates, program fees paid to participating banks, commercial paper issuance costs, and fees of participating banks for unused commitment availability. The costs of the Receivables Facility are included in interest expense and were \$2 million and \$4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$7 million and \$8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

[[]b] The accumulated other comprehensive income/loss reclassification components are 1) prior service cost/credit and 2) net actuarial loss, which are both included in the computation of net periodic pension benefit/cost. See Note 5 Retirement Plans for additional details.

11. Properties

Construction in progress

The following tables list the major categories of property and equipment, as well as the weighted-average estimated useful life for each category (in years):

Millions, Except Estimated Useful Life		Accumulated	Net Book	Estimated
As of September 30, 2024	Cost	Depreciation	Value	Useful Life
Land	\$ 5,439	NA	\$ 5,439	N/A
Road:				
Rail and other track material	19,180	7,569	11,611	46
Ties	12,268	4,053	8,215	34
Ballast	6,457	2,148	4,309	34
Other roadway [a]	23,697	5,601	18,096	47
Total road	61,602	19,371	42,231	N/A
Equipment:				
Locomotives	9,561	3,750	5,811	18
Freight cars	2,964	1,024	1,940	23
Work equipment and other [b]	1,191	472	719	17
Total equipment	13,716	5,246	8,470	N/A
Technology and other	1,423	616	807	12
Construction in progress	1,089	_	1,089	N/A
Total	\$ 83,269	\$ 25,233	\$ 58,036	N/A
Millions, Except Estimated Useful Life		Accumulated	Net Book	Estimated
As of December 31, 2023	Cost	Depreciation	Value	Useful Life
Land	\$ 5,426	\$ NA	\$ 5,426	N/A
Road:				
Rail and other track material	18,837	7,344	11,493	42
Ties	11,985	3,895	8,090	34
Ballast	6,345	2,061	4,284	34
Other roadway [a]	23,175	5,368	17,807	47
Total road	60,342	18,668	41,674	N/A
Equipment:				
Locomotives	9,295	3,591	5,704	18
Freight cars	2,765	956	1,809	23
Work equipment and other	1,344	546	798	17
Total equipment	13,404	5,093	8,311	N/A
Technology and other	1,388	574	814	12

[[]a] Other roadway includes grading, bridges and tunnels, signals, buildings, and other road assets.

1,173

81,733

1,173

57,398

24,335

N/Α

NΑ

[[]b] For retirements of depreciable railroad properties that do not occur in the normal course of business, a gain or loss may be recognized if the retirement meets each of the following three conditions: (a) is unusual, (b) is material in amount, and (c) varies significantly from the retirement profile identified through our depreciation studies. In the second quarter of 2024, we sold a large portion of an intermodal equipment asset class resulting in a \$46 million gain recognized in other expense in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

12. Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities

	Sep. 30,	Dec. 31,
Millions	2024	2023
Accounts payable	\$ 830	\$ 856
Income and other taxes payable	764	685
Compensation-related accruals	598	533
Accrued casualty costs	371	307
Current operating lease liabilities	349	355
Interest payable	237	389
Equipment rents payable	113	98
Other	452	460
Total accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 3,714	\$ 3,683

13. Financial Instruments

Short-Term Investments – All of the Company's short-term investments consist of time deposits and government agency securities. These investments are considered Level 2 investments and are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. As of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, the Company had \$20 million and \$16 million of short-term investments, respectively. All short-term investments have a maturity of less than one year and are classified as held-to-maturity.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments – The fair value of our short- and long-term debt was estimated using a market value price model, which utilizes applicable U.S. Treasury rates along with current market quotes on comparable debt securities. All of the inputs used to determine the fair market value of the Corporation's long-term debt are Level 2 inputs and obtained from an independent source. At September 30, 2024, the fair value of total debt was \$27.3 billion, approximately \$4.1 billion less than the carrying value. At December 31, 2023, the fair value of total debt was \$28.5 billion, approximately \$4.1 billion less than the carrying value of the Corporation's debt is a measure of its current value under present market conditions. The fair value of our cash equivalents approximates their carrying value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

14. Debt

Credit Facilities – At September 30, 2024, we had \$2.0 billion of credit available under our revolving credit facility (the Facility), which is designated for general corporate purposes and supports the issuance of commercial paper. Credit facility withdrawals totaled \$0 during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Commitment fees and interest rates payable under the Facility are similar to fees and rates available to comparably rated, investment-grade borrowers. The Facility allows for borrowings at floating rates based on Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), plus a spread, depending upon credit ratings for our senior unsecured debt. The Facility, set to expire May 20, 2027, requires UPC to maintain an adjusted debt-to-EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) coverage ratio.

The definition of debt used for purposes of calculating the adjusted debt-to-EBITDA coverage ratio includes, among other things, certain credit arrangements, finance leases, guarantees, unfunded and vested pension benefits under Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), and unamortized debt discount and deferred debt issuance costs. At September 30, 2024, the Company was in compliance with the adjusted debt-to-EBITDA coverage ratio, which allows us to carry up to \$46.3 billion of debt (as defined in the Facility), and we had \$33.1 billion of debt (as defined in the Facility) outstanding at that date. The Facility does not include any other financial restrictions, credit rating triggers (other than rating-dependent pricing), or any other provision that could require us to post collateral. The Facility also includes a \$150 million cross-default provision and a change-of-control provision.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we issued \$823 million and repaid \$598 million of commercial paper with maturities ranging from 13 to 57 days, and at September 30, 2024, we had \$225 million of commercial paper with a weighted average interest rate of 4.9% outstanding. Our revolving credit facility supports our outstanding commercial paper balances, and, unless we change the terms of our commercial paper program, our aggregate issuance of commercial paper will not exceed the amount of borrowings available under the Facility.

Shelf Registration Statement and Significant New Borrowings – We filed an automatic shelf registration statement with the SEC that became effective on February 13, 2024. The Board of Directors authorized the issuance of up to \$9.0 billion of debt securities, replacing the prior Board authorization in February 2022, which had \$5.6 billion of authority remaining. Under our shelf registration, we may issue, from time to time, any combination of debt securities, preferred stock, common stock, or warrants for debt securities or preferred stock in one or more offerings.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we did not issue any debt securities under this registration statement. At September 30, 2024, we had remaining authority from the Board of Directors to issue up to \$9.0 billion of debt securities under our shelf registration.

Receivables Securitization Facility – As of both September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, we recorded \$0 of borrowings under our Receivables Facility as secured debt. (See further discussion in the "Receivables Securitization Facility" section of Note 10).

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Asserted and Unasserted Claims – Various claims and lawsuits are pending against us and certain of our subsidiaries. We cannot fully determine the effect of all asserted and unasserted claims on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity. We have recorded a liability where asserted and unasserted claims are considered probable and where such claims can be reasonably estimated. We currently do not expect that any known lawsuits, claims, environmental costs, commitments, contingent liabilities, or guarantees will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity after taking into account liabilities and insurance recoveries previously recorded for these matters.

In December 2019, we received a putative class action complaint under the Illinois Biometric Information Privacy Act, alleging violation due to the use of a finger scan system developed and managed by third-parties. Union Pacific and the plaintiff are currently in the discovery phase. While we believe that we have strong defenses to the claims made in the complaint and will vigorously defend ourselves, there is no assurance regarding the ultimate outcome. Therefore, the outcome of this litigation is inherently uncertain, and we cannot reasonably estimate any loss or range of loss that may arise from this matter.

Personal Injury – The Federal Employers' Liability Act (FELA) governs compensation for work-related accidents. Under FELA, damages are assessed based on a finding of fault through litigation or out-of-court settlements. We offer a comprehensive variety of services and rehabilitation programs for employees who are injured at work.

Approximately 92% of the recorded liability is related to asserted claims and approximately 8% is related to unasserted claims at September 30, 2024. Because of the uncertainty surrounding the ultimate outcome of personal injury claims, it is reasonably possible that future costs to settle these claims may range from approximately \$393 million to \$509 million. We record an accrual at the low end of the range as no amount of loss within the range is more probable than any other. Estimates can vary over time due to evolving trends in litigation.

Our personal injury liability activity was as follows:

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024	2023
Beginning balance	\$ 383 \$	361
Current year accruals	87	81
Changes in estimates for prior years	(2)	55
Payments	(75)	(104)
Ending balance at September 30,	\$ 393 \$	393
Current portion, ending balance at September 30,	\$ 114 \$	105

Environmental Costs – We are subject to federal, state, and local environmental laws and regulations. We have identified 357 sites where we are or may be liable for remediation costs associated with alleged contamination or for violations of environmental requirements. This includes 31 sites that are the subject of actions taken by the U.S. government, including 19 that are currently on the Superfund National Priorities List. Certain federal legislation imposes joint and several liability for the remediation of identified sites; consequently, our ultimate environmental liability may include costs relating to activities of other parties, in addition to costs relating to our own activities at each site.

Our environmental liability activity was as follows:

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024	2023
Beginning balance	\$ 245	\$ 253
Accruals	100	85
Payments	(76)	(75)
Ending balance at September 30,	\$ 269	\$ 263
Current portion, ending balance at September 30,	\$ 119	\$ 83

The environmental liability includes future costs for remediation and restoration of sites, as well as ongoing monitoring costs, but excludes any anticipated recoveries from third-parties. Cost estimates are based on information available for each site, financial viability of other potentially responsible parties, and existing technology, laws, and regulations. The ultimate liability for remediation is difficult to determine because of the number of potentially responsible parties, site-specific cost sharing arrangements with other potentially responsible parties, the degree of contamination by various wastes, the scarcity and quality of volumetric data related to many of the sites, and the speculative nature of remediation costs. Estimates of liability may vary over time due to changes in federal, state, and local laws governing environmental remediation. Current obligations are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity.

Indemnities – Our maximum potential exposure under indemnification arrangements, including certain tax indemnifications, can range from a specified dollar amount to an unlimited amount, depending on the nature of the transactions and the agreements. Due to uncertainty as to whether claims will be made or how they will be resolved, we cannot reasonably determine the probability of an adverse claim or reasonably estimate any adverse liability or the total maximum exposure under these indemnification arrangements. We do not have any reason to believe that we will be required to make any material payments under these indemnity provisions.

16. Share Repurchase Programs

Effective April 1, 2022, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 100 million shares of our common stock by March 31, 2025. As of September 30, 2024, we repurchased a total of 23.1 million shares of our common stock under the 2022 authorization. These repurchases may be made on the open market or through other transactions. Our management has sole discretion with respect to determining the timing and amount of these transactions.

The table below represents shares repurchased under repurchase programs in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Number of Sha	res Purchased	Average F	Paid	
	2024	2023	2024		2023
First quarter	-	2,908,703	\$ -	\$	203.19
Second quarter	492,320	606,581	225.96		199.81
Third quarter	3,006,061	=	245.44		-
Total	3,498,381	3,515,284	\$ 242.70	\$	202.61
Remaining number of shares that may be repurchased	under current authority				76,893,646

Management's assessments of market conditions and other pertinent factors guide the timing, manner, and volume of all repurchases. We expect to fund any share repurchases under this program through cash generated from operations, the sale or lease of various operating and non-operating properties, debt issuances, and cash on hand. Open market repurchases are recorded in treasury stock at cost, which includes any applicable commissions, fees, and excise taxes.

17. Related Parties

UPRR and other North American railroad companies jointly own TTX Company (TTX). UPRR has a 37.03% economic interest in TTX while the other North American railroads own the remaining interest. In accordance with ASC 323 Investments - Equity Method and Joint Venture, UPRR applies the equity method of accounting to our investment in TTX

TTX is a rail car pooling company that owns rail cars and intermodal wells to serve North America's railroads. TTX assists railroads in meeting the needs of their customers by providing rail cars in an efficient, pooled environment. All railroads may utilize TTX rail cars through car hire by renting rail cars at stated rates.

UPRR had \$1.9 billion and \$1.8 billion recognized as investments related to TTX in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively. TTX car hire expense of \$112 million and \$101 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$321 million and \$306 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, are included in equipment and other rents in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. In addition, UPRR had accounts payable to TTX of \$74 million and \$60 million at September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

UNION PACIFIC CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024, Compared to Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

For purposes of this report, unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to "Union Pacific", "UPC", "Corporation", "Company", "we", "us", and "our" shall mean Union Pacific Corporation and its subsidiaries, including Union Pacific Railroad Company, which we separately refer to as "UPRR" or the "Railroad".

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and applicable notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, Item 1, and other information included in this report. Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are unaudited and reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal and recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Railroad, along with its subsidiaries and rail affiliates, is our one reportable business segment. Although revenues are analyzed by commodity, we analyze the net financial results of the Railroad as one segment due to the integrated nature of the rail network.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires estimation and judgment that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. If these estimates differ materially from actual results, the impact on the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements may be material. Our critical accounting estimates are available in Item 7 of our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K. During the first nine months of 2024, there have not been any significant changes with respect to our critical accounting estimates.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Quarterly Summary

The Company reported earnings of \$2.75 per diluted share on net income of \$1.7 billion and an operating ratio of 60.3% in the third quarter of 2024 compared to earnings of \$2.51 per diluted share on net income of \$1.5 billion and an operating ratio of 63.4% for the third quarter of 2023. Freight revenues increased 4% in the third quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 driven by 6% volume increase and core pricing gains, partially offset by negative mix (for example, a relative increase in international intermodal shipments, which have a lower average revenue per car (ARC)) and lower fuel surcharge revenues. Volume increases were primarily driven by international intermodal and grain, partially offset by weaker demand for coal and rock shipments.

During the third quarter of 2024 our network absorbed the additional volume including a surge in international intermodal business, which increased 33% compared to last year. As volume increased, crews and locomotives were strategically integrated into the network to efficiently handle the growth. As a result, most of our operating metrics improved compared to the third quarter of 2023. Both freight car velocity and locomotive productivity improved 5% compared to the third quarter of 2023. Workforce productivity improved 12% as our total train, engine, and yard (TE&Y) employees were flat year-over-year while the remainder of our workforce declined 8%. Our TE&Y training pipeline declined 6% year-over-year demonstrating a shift to additional active employees to cover increased needs associated with fewer available workdays because of sick leave benefits and work/rest agreements (labor agreements) and increased volume. Manifest/automotive service performance index, intermodal service performance index, and train length, all improved from the third quarter of 2023.

Operating expenses decreased 2% compared to the third quarter of 2023 due to productivity, lower fuel prices, and a 2023 write-off. These decreases were partially offset by inflation, volume-related costs, and higher depreciation. Operating income of \$2.4 billion increased 11%, and our operating ratio of 60.3% improved 3.1 points from the third quarter of 2023.

Operating Revenues

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Millions	 2024	Оорг	2023	Change	2024	ООР	2023	Change	
Freight revenues	\$ 5,768	\$	5,545	4% \$	17,022	\$	16,770	2%	
Other subsidiary revenues	179		226	(21)	608		681	(11)	
Accessorial revenues	122		142	(14)	427		442	(3)	
Other	22		28	(21)	72		67	7	
Total	\$ 6,091	\$	5,941	3% \$	18,129	\$	17,960	1%	

We generate freight revenues by transporting products from our three commodity groups. Freight revenues vary with volume (carloads) and ARC. Changes in price, traffic mix, and fuel surcharges drive ARC. Customer incentives, which are primarily provided for shipping to/from specific locations or based on cumulative volumes, are recorded as a reduction to operating revenues. Customer incentives that include variable consideration based on cumulative volumes are estimated using the expected value method, which is based on available historical, current, and forecasted volumes, and recognized as the related performance obligation is satisfied. We recognize freight revenues over time as shipments move from origin to destination. The allocation of revenues between reporting periods is based on the relative transit time in each reporting period with expenses recognized as incurred.

Other subsidiary revenues (primarily logistics and commuter rail operations) are generally recognized over time as shipments move from origin to destination. The allocation of revenues between reporting periods is based on the relative transit time in each reporting period with expenses recognized as incurred. Accessorial revenues are recognized at a point in time as performance obligations are satisfied.

Freight revenues increased 4% in the third quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 driven by a 6% volume increase and core pricing gains, partially offset by negative mix (for example, a relative increase in international intermodal shipments, which have a lower ARC) and lower fuel surcharge revenues. Volume increases were primarily driven by international intermodal and grain, partially offset by weaker demand for coal and rock shipments.

Each of our commodity groups includes revenues from fuel surcharges. Freight revenues from fuel surcharge programs decreased \$2 million to \$635 million in the third quarter of 2024 compared to \$637 million in the same period of 2023 due to lower fuel prices, partially offset by the lag impact on fuel prices (it can generally take up to two months for changing fuel prices to affect fuel surcharge recoveries), and higher volume.

Other subsidiary revenues decreased in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023 primarily driven by a weaker demand for intermodal shipments at our subsidiary that brokers intermodal and transload logistics services and the partial transfer of our commuter operations to Metra. Accessorial revenues decreased in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023 driven by lower intermodal accessorial revenues as a result of our intermodal equipment sale. In addition, the year-to-date period was positively impacted by a one-time contract settlement in the first quarter of 2024.

The following tables summarize the year-over-year changes in freight revenues, revenue carloads, and ARC by commodity type:

	Three Months Ended						Nine Months Ended				
Freight Revenues		Sep	otember 30,		September 30,						
Millions	 2024		2023	Change	2024		2023	Change			
Grain & grain products	\$ 923	\$	825	12% \$	2,767	\$	2,658	4%			
Fertilizer	208		194	7	612		563	9			
Food & refrigerated	269		259	4	832		777	7			
Coal & renewables	405		488	(17)	1,132		1,422	(20)			
Bulk	1,805		1,766	2	5,343		5,420	(1)			
Industrial chemicals & plastics	598		557	7	1,763		1,638	8			
Metals & minerals	529		556	(5)	1,574		1,654	(5)			
Forest products	322		333	(3)	1,002		1,012	(1)			
Energy & specialized markets	672		611	10	2,009		1,856	8			
Industrial	2,121		2,057	3	6,348		6,160	3			
Automotive	601		609	(1)	1,871		1,821	3			
Intermodal	1,241		1,113	12	3,460		3,369	3			
Premium	1,842		1,722	7	5,331		5,190	3			
Total	\$ 5,768	\$	5,545	4% \$	17,022	\$	16,770	2%			

	Th	ree Months End	led	N	ine Months End	led
Revenue Carloads		September 30,			September 30,	
Thousands	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Grain & grain products	206	183	13%	616	582	6%
Fertilizer	53	51	4	162	144	13
Food & refrigerated	45	45	-	137	133	3
Coal & renewables	192	231	(17)	527	650	(19)
Bulk	496	510	(3)	1,442	1,509	(4)
Industrial chemicals & plastics	169	163	4	502	484	4
Metals & minerals	186	206	(10)	540	604	(11)
Forest products	53	54	(2)	161	161	` -
Energy & specialized markets	152	146	4	453	429	6
Industrial	560	569	(2)	1,656	1,678	(1)
Automotive	202	210	(4)	627	623	1
Intermodal [a]	909	763	19	2,446	2,246	9
Premium	1,111	973	14	3,073	2,869	7
Total	2,167	2,052	6%	6,171	6,056	2%

	Th	ree N	Nonths Ende	d	Ν	line N	Ionths Ende	d
		Sept	tember 30,	er 30,			tember 30,	
Average Revenue per Car	 2024		2023	Change	2024		2023	Change
Grain & grain products	\$ 4,498	\$	4,486	-% \$	4,495	\$	4,563	(1)%
Fertilizer	3,872		3,818	1	3,775		3,921	(4)
Food & refrigerated	6,099		5,847	4	6,090		5,850	4
Coal & renewables	2,101		2,114	(1)	2,147		2,187	(2)
Bulk	3,641		3,465	5	3,706		3,592	3
Industrial chemicals & plastics	3,534		3,406	4	3,509		3,381	4
Metals & minerals	2,847		2,688	6	2,918		2,736	7
Forest products	6,157		6,197	(1)	6,235		6,305	(1)
Energy & specialized markets	4,415		4,201	5	4,431		4,331	2
Industrial	3,791		3,612	5	3,833		3,671	4
Automotive	2,968		2,894	3	2,983		2,921	2
Intermodal [a]	1,365		1,459	(6)	1,414		1,500	(6)
Premium	1,657		1,769	(6)	1,735		1,809	(4)
Average	\$ 2,662	\$	2,702	(1)% \$	2,758	\$	2,769	-%

[[]a] For intermodal shipments each container or trailer equals one carload.

Bulk – Bulk includes shipments of grain and grain products, fertilizer, food and refrigerated, and coal and renewables. Freight revenues from bulk shipments increased in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 due to a positive mix of traffic from decreased coal shipments and core pricing gains, partially offset by a decline in volume. Volume declines were driven by reduced use of coal in electricity generation because of low natural gas prices, partially offset by strength in export grain and several other grain commodities. Year-to-date, freight revenues decreased compared to the same period in 2023 due to decreased volume and lower fuel surcharge revenues, partially offset by a positive mix of traffic and core pricing gains. Year-to-date, coal volumes were negatively impacted by mild winter weather in addition to reduced coal usage, partially offset by first quarter 2023 outages and service challenges due to repeated snow events in Wyoming that negatively impacted coal volumes. Additionally, the volume declines in the year-to-date period were partially offset by increased fertilizer shipments in the second quarter of 2024 due to strong demand and a 2023 customer outage.

Industrial – Industrial includes shipments of industrial chemicals and plastics, metals and minerals, forest products, and energy and specialized markets. Freight revenues from industrial shipments increased in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023 due to core pricing gains and positive mix of traffic from decreased short haul rock shipments and higher soda ash shipments, partially offset by volume declines and lower fuel surcharge revenues. Volume decreases in both periods of 2024 compared to 2023 were driven by lower demand for rock, due to weather, high inventories, and softness in Southern markets, partially offset by strength in petroleum, plastics, and industrial chemicals.

Premium – Premium includes shipments of finished automobiles, automotive parts, and merchandise in intermodal containers, both domestic and international. Premium freight revenues increased in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023 due to increased volume and core pricing gains, partially offset by lower fuel surcharge revenues and negative mix. In the third quarter of 2024, international intermodal experienced heavy demand due to increased U.S. West Coast imports, a result of freight shifted from the East Coast and Canadian ports due to uncertainty related to labor negotiations, driving volume up 33% compared to the third quarter 2023. In addition, business development efforts in domestic intermodal drove volume growth in both periods of 2024 compared to 2023. Finished automotive shipments increased in the year-to-date period of 2024 compared to 2023 driven by business development wins, partially offset by unplanned production decreases.

Mexico Business – Each of our commodity groups includes revenues from shipments to and from Mexico. Revenues from Mexico business increased 7% to \$724 million in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 driven by a 2% volume increase and a 5% increase in ARC. Year-to-date, revenues from Mexico business increased 9% compared to the same period in 2023 driven by a 4% volume increase and a 5% increase in ARC. Volume increases in both periods were driven by higher grain, partially offset by lower automotive parts shipments. In addition, increased finished automotive shipments contributed to the year-to-date volume growth.

Operating Expenses

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Millions	 2024		2023	Change	2024		2023	Change	
Compensation and benefits	\$ 1,228	\$	1,201	2% \$	3,638	\$	3,649	-%	
Purchased services and materials	644		668	(4)	1,901		1,971	(4)	
Fuel	610		702	(13)	1,893		2,132	(11)	
Depreciation	602		580	4	1,792		1,729	4	
Equipment and other rents	237		235	1	672		718	(6)	
Other	354		378	(6)	1,045		1,086	(4)	
Total	\$ 3,675	\$	3,764	(2)% \$	10,941	\$	11,285	(3)%	

Operating expenses decreased in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023 driven by productivity, lower fuel prices, and a 2023 write-off. These decreases were partially offset by inflation, volume-related costs, and higher depreciation. Additionally, year-to-date, the 2023 labor agreement ratification charge, a gain on the sale of intermodal equipment in 2024, and lower weather-related costs from less impactful winter weather in the first quarter of 2024 compared to 2023, positively impacted the year-over-year comparison.

Compensation and Benefits – Compensation and benefits include wages, payroll taxes, health and welfare costs, pension costs, and incentive costs. For the third quarter of 2024, expense increased 2% compared to 2023 due to wage inflation, partially offset by lower employee levels. Year-to-date expense was flat as the 2023 labor agreement ratification charge and lower employee levels in 2024 offset wage inflation and increased crew needs associated with labor agreements and volume.

Fuel – Fuel includes locomotive fuel and gasoline for highway and non-highway vehicles and heavy equipment. Fuel expense decreased in the third quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 driven by a decrease in locomotive diesel fuel prices, partially offset by an increase in gross ton-miles and a 1% increase in the fuel consumption rate (computed as gallons of fuel consumed divided by gross ton-miles in thousands). Locomotive diesel fuel prices averaged \$2.60 and \$3.12 per gallon (including taxes and transportation costs) in the third quarter of 2024 and 2023, respectively. Year-to-date, fuel expense decreased driven by lower locomotive diesel fuel prices, which averaged \$2.71 compared to \$3.07 per gallon in the same period of 2023, and a slight improvement in the fuel consumption rate, partially offset by increased gross ton-miles.

Purchased Services and Materials – Expense for purchased services and materials includes the costs of services purchased from outside contractors and other service providers (including equipment maintenance and contract expense incurred by our subsidiaries for external transportation services); materials used to maintain the Railroad's lines, structures, and equipment; costs of operating facilities jointly used by UPRR and other railroads; transportation and lodging for train crew employees; trucking and contracting costs for intermodal containers; leased automobile maintenance expense; and tools and supplies. Purchased services and materials decreased 4% in both periods of 2024 compared to 2023, primarily due to declines in our active locomotive fleet as productivity improved in both periods and decreased volume-related drayage cost incurred at one of our subsidiaries, partially offset by inflation and volume-related costs. In addition, the year-to-date period was positively impacted by a contract settlement.

Depreciation – The majority of depreciation relates to road property, including rail, ties, ballast, and other track material. Depreciation expense was up 4% for both periods of 2024 compared to 2023, driven by a higher depreciable asset base.

Equipment and Other Rents – Equipment and other rents expense primarily includes rental expense that the Railroad pays for freight cars owned by other railroads or private companies; freight car, intermodal, and locomotive leases; and office and other rent expense, offset by equity income from certain equity method investments. Equipment and other rents expense increased 1% in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023, driven by inflation and increased demand in commodities utilizing freight cars owned by others, partially offset by lower lease expense. Year-to-date expense decreased 6% compared to the same period of 2023, driven by lower lease expense and improved cycle times, partially offset by increased demand in commodities utilizing freight cars owned by others and inflation.

Other – Other expense includes state and local taxes; freight, equipment, and property damage; utilities; insurance; personal injury; environmental remediation; employee travel; telephone and cellular; computer software; bad debt; and other general expenses. Other expense decreased 6% and 4% in the third quarter and nine-month period of 2024 compared to 2023, respectively, driven by lower personal injury costs and a 2023 write-off, partially offset by higher freight loss and damage, and other casualty costs. Additionally, year-to-date expense was lower due to a gain on the sale of intermodal equipment in the second quarter of 2024.

Non-Operating Items

	Three Months Ended			1	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,			September 30,				
Millions	 2024		2023	Change	2024		2023	Change
Other income, net	\$ 87	\$	106	(18)% \$	282	\$	383	(26)%
Interest expense	(314)		(334)	(6)	(957)		(1,009)	(5)
Income tax expense	(518)		(421)	23	(1,528)		(1,322)	16

Other Income, net – Other income decreased in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 driven by lower real estate income. Year-to-date, other income decreased due to a one-time \$107 million real estate transaction in 2023, partially offset by interest received in 2024 from the IRS on refund claims

Interest Expense – Interest expense decreased in the third quarter and year-to-date periods of 2024 compared to 2023 due to a decreased weighted-average debt level. The weighted-average debt levels were \$31.4 billion and \$31.8 billion in the third quarter and year-to-date periods of 2024, respectively, compared to \$33.0 billion and \$33.3 billion in the same periods of 2023, respectively. The effective interest rate was 4.0% in both periods of 2024 compared to 4.1% and 4.0% in the third quarter and nine-month period of 2023, respectively.

Income Tax Expense – Income tax expense increased in the third quarter and year-to-date periods of 2024 compared to 2023 driven by higher pre-tax income and lower deferred tax adjustments. In the third quarter of 2023, the states of lowa, Kansas, and Arkansas enacted legislation to reduce their corporate income tax rate for future years resulting in a \$41 million reduction of our deferred tax expense. Additionally, in the year-to-date period of 2023, the state of Nebraska enacted legislation to reduce its corporate income tax rate for future years resulting in a reduction of our deferred tax expense of \$73 million. Our effective tax rates for year-to-date 2024 and 2023 were 23.5% and 21.9%, respectively.

OTHER OPERATING/PERFORMANCE AND FINANCIAL STATISTICS

We report a number of key performance measures weekly to the Surface Transportation Board (STB). We provide these on our website at https://investor.unionpacific.com/key-performance-metrics.

Operating/Performance Statistics

Management continuously monitors these key operating metrics to evaluate our operational efficiency in striving to deliver the service product we sold to our customers.

Railroad performance measures are included in the table below:

	Thre	e Months End	ded	Nine	Months End	ed
	S	September 30,		Se	eptember 30,	
	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Gross ton-miles (GTMs) (billions)	216.0	208.7	4%	628.8	622.9	1%
Revenue ton-miles (billions)	104.0	103.0	1	305.3	308.4	(1)
Freight car velocity (daily miles per car) [a]	210	200	5	205	199	3
Average train speed (miles per hour) [a]	23.3	23.6	(1)	23.5	23.9	(2)
Average terminal dwell time (hours) [a]	22.4	23.5	(5)	22.8	23.6	(3)
Locomotive productivity (GTMs per horsepower day)	135	129	5	135	126	7
Train length (feet)	9,580	9,537	-	9,472	9,337	1
Intermodal service performance index (%)	86	85	1pts	90	85	5pts
Manifest/Automotive service performance index (%)	89	84	5pts	87	83	4pts
Workforce productivity (car miles per employee)	1,102	985	12	1,044	984	6
Total employees (average)	29,946	31,624	(5)	30,518	31,800	(4)
Operating ratio (%)	60.3	63.4	(3.1)pts	60.4	62.8	(2.4)pts

[a] As reported to the STB.

Gross and Revenue Ton-Miles – Gross ton-miles are calculated by multiplying the weight of loaded and empty freight cars by the number of miles hauled. Revenue ton-miles are calculated by multiplying the weight of freight by the number of tariff miles. Gross ton-miles and revenue ton-miles increased 4% and 1%, respectively, in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023, while carloadings increased 6% in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023. For the year-to-date periods, gross ton-miles increased 1% and revenue ton-miles decreased 1%, while carloadings were up 2% year-over-year. Changes in commodity mix drove the year-over-year variances between gross ton-miles, revenue ton-miles, and carloads due to lower coal shipments, which are generally heavier, and increased international intermodal shipments that are generally lighter.

Freight Car Velocity – Freight car velocity measures the average daily miles per car on our network. The two key drivers of this metric are the speed of the train between terminals (average train speed) and the time a rail car spends at the terminals (average terminal dwell time). Freight car velocity increased 5% and 3% in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023, respectively, driven by improvements in terminal dwell.

Locomotive Productivity – Locomotive productivity is gross ton-miles per average daily locomotive horsepower available. Locomotive productivity increased 5% and 7% in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024, respectively, compared to 2023 driven by improved network fluidity and asset utilization. Throughout the year, we maintained a buffer to flex the fleet size as we experienced and subsequently recovered from certain weather events and reacted to varying volume levels.

Train Length – Train length is the average maximum train length on a route measured in feet. Our train length increased slightly and 1% in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023, respectively, due to train length improvement initiatives and increases in international intermodal shipments, which generally move on longer trains, partially offset by declines in coal train length.

Service Performance Index (SPI) – SPI is a ratio of the service customers are currently receiving relative to the best monthly performance over the last three years. Measuring our performance relative to a historical benchmark demonstrates our focus on continuously improving service for our customers, and we believe it is a better indicator of service performance than the previously disclosed trip plan compliance. SPI does not replace the service commitments we have contractually agreed to with a small number of customers. Our SPI is calculated for intermodal and manifest/automotive products. Intermodal SPI improved 1 and 5 points in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023, respectively, at the same time as international volume surged. Manifest/automotive SPI improved 5 and 4 points in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024 compared to 2023, respectively. The year-to-date period improved in 2024 compared to 2023 despite the impact of 2024 weather events.

Workforce Productivity – Workforce productivity is average daily car miles per employee. Workforce productivity improved 12% and 6% in the third quarter and nine-month periods of 2024, respectively, as average daily car miles increased 6% and 2% and employees decreased 5% and 4%, respectively, compared to 2023. In the third quarter and year-to-date periods, our active TE&Y workforce increased to support carload demand and increased crew needs associated with labor agreements that went into effect in third quarter of 2023. In addition, we are maintaining an adequate training pipeline to provide a capacity buffer to enable responsiveness in an ever-changing demand and operating environment.

Operating Ratio – Operating ratio is our operating expenses reflected as a percentage of operating revenues. Our operating ratio of 60.3% improved 3.1 points in the third quarter of 2024 compared to 2023 and our year-to-date operating ratio of 60.4% improved 2.4 points compared to 2023 driven by productivity initiatives, core pricing gains, and the year-over-year impact from lower fuel prices, partially offset by inflation and other costs. In addition, the year-to-date period was positively impacted by 2024 contract settlements, a 2024 gain on the sale of intermodal equipment, and the 2023 labor agreement ratification charge.

Debt / Net Income		
Millions, Except Ratios	Sep. 30,	Dec. 31,
for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended [a]	2024	2023
Debt	\$ 31,413	\$ 32,579
Net income	6,637	6,379
Debt / net income	4.7	5.1
Adjusted Debt / Adjusted EBITDA		
Millions, Except Ratios	Sep. 30,	Dec. 31,
for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended [a]	2024	2023
Net income	\$ 6,637	\$ 6,379
Add:		
Income tax expense	2,060	1,854
Depreciation	2,381	2,318
Interest expense	1,288	1,340
EBITDA	\$ 12,366	\$ 11,891
Adjustments:		
Other income, net	(390)	(491)
Interest on operating lease liabilities [b]	47	58
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 12,023	\$ 11,458
Debt	\$ 31,413	\$ 32,579
Operating lease liabilities	1,283	1,600
Adjusted debt	\$ 32,696	\$ 34,179
Adjusted debt / adjusted EBITDA	2.7	3.0

[[]a] The trailing twelve months income statement information ended September 30, 2024, is recalculated by taking the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, subtracting the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and adding the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

[[]b] Represents the hypothetical interest expense we would incur (using the incremental borrowing rate) if the property under our operating leases were owned or accounted for as finance leases.

Adjusted debt (total debt plus operating lease liabilities plus after-tax unfunded pension and OPEB (other post-retirement benefit) obligations) to adjusted EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and adjustments for other income and interest on present value of operating leases) is considered a non-GAAP financial measure by SEC Regulation G and Item 10 of SEC Regulation S-K and may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. We believe this measure is important to management and investors in evaluating the Company's ability to sustain given debt levels (including leases) with the cash generated from operations. In addition, a comparable measure is used by rating agencies when reviewing the Company's credit rating. Adjusted debt to adjusted EBITDA should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, other information provided in accordance with GAAP. The most comparable GAAP measure is debt to net income ratio. The tables above provide reconciliations from net income to adjusted EBITDA, debt to adjusted debt, and debt to net income to adjusted EBITDA. At September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, the incremental borrowing rate on operating leases was 3.7% and 3.6%, respectively. Pension and OPEB were funded at September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Financial Condition

Cash Flows

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	202	24	2023
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,68	34	\$ 5,984
Cash used in investing activities	(2,42	26)	(2,650)
Cash used in financing activities	(4,37	' 5)	(3,540)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ (11	7)	\$ (206)

Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities increased in the first nine months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023 due primarily to 2023 payments of \$449 million for agreements reached with our labor unions and higher net income.

Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities decreased in the first nine months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023 driven by higher proceeds from asset sales, including a sale of intermodal equipment.

The table below details cash capital investments:

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024	2	2023
Rail and other track material	\$ 373		448
Ties	369		367
Ballast	145		152
Other [a]	480		509
Total road infrastructure replacements	1,367	1,	,476
Line expansion and other capacity projects	137		141
Commercial facilities	196		255
Total capacity and commercial facilities	333		396
Locomotives and freight cars [b]	643		483
Technology and other	187		227
Total cash capital investments [c]	\$ 2,530	\$ 2,	,582

- [a] Other includes bridges and tunnels, signals, other road assets, and road work equipment.
- [b] Locomotives and freight cars include early lease buyouts of \$96 million in 2024 and \$14 million in 2023.
- [c] Weather-related damages for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, are immaterial.

Capital Plan

In 2024, we expect our capital plan to be approximately \$3.4 billion, down 8% from 2023. Roughly half of the year-over-year decrease is attributable to the 2023 purchase of a small trucking and transload operator and related real estate assets. We plan to continue to make investments to support our growth strategy, harden our infrastructure, replace older assets, and improve the safety and resiliency of the network. In addition, the plan includes investments in growth-related projects to drive more carloads to the network, certain ramps to efficiently handle volumes from intermodal customers, continued modernization of our locomotive fleet, and projects intended to improve operational efficiency. The capital plan may be revised if business conditions warrant or if laws or regulations affect our ability to generate sufficient returns on these investments.

Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities increased in the first nine months of 2024 compared to the same period of 2023 driven by a decrease in debt issued and an increase in share repurchases.

See Note 14 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of all our outstanding financing arrangements and significant new borrowings and Note 16 of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of our share repurchase programs.

Free Cash Flow – Free cash flow is defined as cash provided by operating activities less cash used in investing activities and dividends paid. Cash flow conversion rate is defined as cash provided by operating activities less cash used for capital investments as a ratio of net income.

Free cash flow and cash flow conversion rate are not considered financial measures under GAAP by SEC Regulation G and Item 10 of SEC Regulation S-K and may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. We believe free cash flow and cash flow conversion rate are important to management and investors in evaluating our financial performance and measures our ability to generate cash without external financing. Free cash flow and cash flow conversion rate should be considered in addition to, rather than as a substitute for, cash provided by operating activities.

The following table reconciles cash provided by operating activities (GAAP measure) to free cash flow (non-GAAP measure):

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024	2023
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,684	\$ 5,984
Cash used in investing activities	(2,426)	(2,650)
Dividends paid	(2,403)	(2,380)
Free cash flow	\$ 1.855	\$ 954

The following table reconciles cash provided by operating activities (GAAP measure) to cash flow conversion rate (non-GAAP measure):

Millions, for the Nine Months Ended September 30,	2024		2023
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 6,684	\$	5,984
Cash used in capital investments	(2,530)		(2,582)
Total (a)	\$ 4,154	\$	3,402
Net income (b)	\$ 4,985	\$	4,727
Cash flow conversion rate (a/b)	83%)	72%

Current Liquidity Status

We are continually evaluating our financial condition and liquidity. We analyze a wide range of economic scenarios and the impact on our ability to generate cash. These analyses inform our liquidity plans and activities outlined below and indicate we have sufficient borrowing capacity to sustain an extended period of lower volumes.

During the third quarter of 2024, we generated \$2.7 billion of cash provided by operating activities, repurchased \$738 million worth of shares under our share repurchase programs, and paid our quarterly dividend. On September 30, 2024, we had \$947 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$2.0 billion of credit available under our revolving credit facility, and \$800 million undrawn on the Receivables Facility. We have been, and we expect to continue to be, in compliance with our debt covenants.

As described in the notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and as referenced in the table below, we have contractual obligations that may affect our financial condition. Based on our assessment of the underlying provisions and circumstances of our contractual obligations, other than the risks that we and other similarly situated companies face with respect to the condition of the capital markets, as of the date of this filing, there is no known trend, demand, commitment, event, or uncertainty that is reasonably likely to occur that would have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity. In addition, our commercial obligations, financings, and commitments are customary transactions that are like those of other comparable corporations, particularly within the transportation industry.

The following table identifies material obligations as of September 30, 2024:

-			Oct. 1		Payments Due by Dec. 31,									
Contractual Obligations Millions		Total		through Dec. 31, 2024		2025		2026		2027		2028		After 2028
Debt [a]	Ф	58.298	Ф	392	¢	2,591	Ф	2.617	Ф	2.348	Ф	2,294	Ф	48,056
Purchase obligations [b]	Ψ	2.082	φ	168	φ	786	φ	618	φ	2,346	φ	163	φ	112
Operating leases [c]		1.416		51		350		279		225		198		313
Other post-retirement benefits [d]		382		33		40		40		39		39		191
Finance lease obligations [e]		125		7		42		35		30		11		-
Total contractual obligations	\$	62,303	\$	651	\$	3,809	\$	3,589	\$	2,877	\$	2,705	\$	48,672

- [a] Excludes finance lease obligations of \$116 million as well as unamortized discount and deferred issuance costs of (\$1,703) million. Includes an interest component of \$25,298 million.
- [b] Purchase obligations include locomotive maintenance contracts; purchase commitments for ties, ballast, and rail; and agreements to purchase other goods and services.
- [c] Includes leases for locomotives, freight cars, other equipment, and real estate. Includes an interest component of \$133 million.
- [d] Includes estimated other post-retirement, medical, and life insurance payments and payments made under the unfunded pension plan for the next ten years.
- [e] Represents total obligations, including interest component of \$9 million.

OTHER MATTERS

Asserted and Unasserted Claims - See Note 15 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Indemnities - See Note 15 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

CAUTIONARY INFORMATION

Certain statements in this report, and statements in other reports or information filed or to be filed with the SEC (as well as information included in oral statements or other written statements made or to be made by us), are, or will be, forward-looking statements as defined by the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements and information include, without limitation, statements and information set forth under the captions "Liquidity and Capital Resources" regarding our capital plan, share repurchase programs, contractual obligations, and "Other Matters" in this Item 2 of Part I. Forward-looking statements and information also include any other statements or information in this report (including information incorporated herein by reference) regarding: potential impacts of public health crises, including pandemics, epidemics, and the outbreak of other contagious disease, such as the coronavirus and its variant strains (COVID); the Russia-Ukraine and Israel-Hamas wars and other geopolitical tensions in the middle east, and any impacts on our business operations, financial results, liquidity, and financial position, and on the world economy (including customers, employees, and supply chains), including as a result of fluctuations in volume and carloadings; closing of customer manufacturing, distribution or production facilities; expectations as to operational or service improvements; expectations as to hiring challenges; availability of employees; expectations regarding the effectiveness of steps taken or to be taken to improve operations, service, infrastructure improvements, and transportation plan modifications (including those discussed in response to increased traffic); expectations as to cost savings, revenue growth, and earnings; the time by which goals, targets, or objectives will be achieved; projections, predictions, expectations, estimates, or forecasts as to our business, financial, and operational results, future economic performance, and general economic conditions; proposed new products and services; estimates of costs relating to environmental remediation and restoration; estimates and expectations regarding tax matters; expectations that claims, litigation, environmental costs, commitments, contingent liabilities, labor negotiations or agreements, cyber-attacks or other matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity and any other similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. Forward-looking statements may be identified by their use of forward-looking terminology, such as "believes," "expects," "may," "should," "would," "will," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "anticipates," "projects" and similar words, phrases, or expressions.

Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance, results, or outcomes, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times that, or by which, such performance, results, or outcomes will be achieved, if ever. Forward-looking statements and information are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements and information. Forward-looking statements and information reflect the good faith consideration by management of currently available information, and may be based on underlying assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, such information and assumptions (and, therefore, such forward-looking statements and information) are or may be subject to variables or unknown or unforeseeable events or circumstances over which management has little or no influence or control, and many of these risks and uncertainties are currently amplified by and may continue to be amplified by, or in the future may be amplified by, among other things, macroeconomic and geopolitical conditions.

The Risk Factors in Item 1A of our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed February 9, 2024, could affect our future results and could cause those results or other outcomes to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements or information. To the extent circumstances require or we deem it otherwise necessary, we will update or amend these risk factors in a Form 10-Q, Form 8-K, or subsequent Form 10-K. All forward-looking statements are qualified by, and should be read in conjunction with, these Risk Factors.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date the statement was made. We assume no obligation to update forward looking information to reflect actual results, changes in assumptions, or changes in other factors affecting forward-looking information. If we do update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that we will make additional updates with respect thereto or with respect to other forward-looking statements.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

Our Internet website is www.up.com. We make available free of charge on our website (under the "Investors" caption link) our Annual Reports on Form 10-K; our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q; our current reports on Form 8-K; our proxy statements; Forms 3, 4, and 5, filed on behalf of directors and executive officers; and amendments to such reports filed or furnished pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). We provide these reports and statements as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. We also make available on our website previously filed SEC reports and exhibits via a link to EDGAR on the SEC's Internet site at www.sec.gov. We provide these previously filed reports as a convenience and their contents reflect only information that was true and correct as of the date of the report. We assume no obligation to update this historical information. Additionally, our corporate governance materials, including By-Laws, Board Committee charters, governance guidelines and policies, and codes of conduct and ethics for directors, officers, and employees are available on our website. From to time, the corporate governance materials on our website may be updated as necessary to comply with rules issued by the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange or as desirable to promote the effective and efficient governance of our Company. Any security holder wishing to receive, without charge, a copy of any of our SEC filings or corporate governance materials should send a written request to: Secretary, Union Pacific Corporation, 1400 Douglas Street, Omaha, NE 68179.

References to our website address in this report, including references in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, Item 2, are provided as a convenience and do not constitute, and should not be deemed, an incorporation by reference of the information contained on, or available through, the website. Therefore, such information should not be considered part of this report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There were no material changes to the Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk previously disclosed in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Corporation carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Corporation's management, including the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and the CFO concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Additionally, the CEO and CFO determined that there were no changes to the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) during the last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings, claims, and litigation that occur in connection with our business. We routinely assess our liabilities and contingencies in connection with these matters based upon the latest available information and, when necessary, we seek input from our third-party advisors when making these assessments. Consistent with SEC rules and requirements, we describe below material pending legal proceedings (other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to our business), material proceedings known to be contemplated by governmental authorities, other proceedings arising under federal, state, or local environmental laws and regulations (including governmental proceedings involving potential fines, penalties, or other monetary sanctions in excess of \$1,000,000), and such other pending matters that we may determine to be appropriate.

Environmental Matters

We receive notices from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state environmental agencies alleging that we are or may be liable under federal or state environmental laws for remediation costs at various sites throughout the U.S., including sites on the Superfund National Priorities List or state superfund lists. We cannot predict the ultimate impact of these proceedings and suits because of the number of potentially responsible parties involved, the degree of contamination by various wastes, the scarcity and quality of volumetric data related to many of the sites, and the speculative nature of remediation costs.

Information concerning environmental claims and contingencies and estimated remediation costs is set forth in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Estimates - Environmental, Item 7, and Note 17 of the Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, Item 8, of our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

For a discussion of our potential risks and uncertainties, see the risk factors disclosed in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. These risks could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations (including revenues and profitability), and/or stock price. Our business also could be affected by risks that we are not presently aware of or that we currently consider immaterial to our operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchases of Equity Securities - The following table presents common stock repurchases during each month for the third quarter of 2024:

			Total Number of Shares	Maximum Number of
	Total Number of	<i>Average</i>	Purchased as Part of a	Shares That May Be
	Shares	Price Paid	Publicly Announced Plan	Purchased Under Current
Period	Purchased [a]	Per Share	or Program	Authority [b]
Jul. 1 through Jul. 31	875,956	\$ 236.15	875,956	79,023,751
Aug. 1 through Aug. 31	1,148,092	246.70	1,147,633	77,876,118
Sep. 1 through Sep. 30	1,025,829	251.96	982,472	76,893,646
Total	3,049,877	\$ 245.44	3,006,061	N/A

[[]a] Total number of shares purchased during the quarter includes 43,816 shares delivered or attested to UPC by employees to pay stock option exercise prices and satisfy tax withholding obligations for stock option exercises or vesting of retention units or retention shares.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

On August 16, 2024, Todd M. Rynaski, Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting, Risk, and Compliance Officer, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 12,105 shares of Union Pacific Corporation common stock, of which 12,105 are to be acquired upon the exercise of vested stock options, between November 15, 2024, and August 29, 2025, subject to certain conditions.

On August 28, 2024, Craig V. Richardson, Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer, and Corporate Secretary, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 6,495 shares of Union Pacific Corporation common stock, of which 6,495 are to be acquired upon the exercise of vested stock options, between November 27, 2024, and June 30, 2025, subject to certain conditions.

On August 28, 2024, Elizabeth F. Whited, President, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to 7,500 shares of Union Pacific Corporation common stock, of which 7,500 are to be acquired upon the exercise of vested stock options, between November 27, 2024, and March 31, 2025, subject to certain conditions.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit	No	Description
⊏X⊓IDIL	INO.	Description

Filed with this Statement

10(a)	Supplemental Thrift Plan (409A Grandfathered Component) of Union Pacific Corporation, effective as of January 1, 2009, including all
. ,	amendments adopted through August 1, 2024

10(b) Supplemental Thrift Plan (409A Non-Grandfathered Component) of Union Pacific Corporation, effective as of January 1, 2009, including all amendments adopted through August 1, 2024.

10(c) Supplemental Pension Plan for Officers and Managers (409A Grandfathered Component) of Union Pacific Corporation and Affiliates, as amended and restated in its entirety effective January 1, 1989, including all amendments adopted through August 1, 2024.

[[]b] Effective April 1, 2022, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 100 million shares of our common stock by March 31, 2025. These repurchases may be made on the open market or through other transactions. Our management has sole discretion with respect to determining the timing, manner, and amount of these transactions.

- 10(d) Supplemental Pension Plan for Officers and Managers (409A Non-Grandfathered Component) of Union Pacific Corporation and Affiliates, as amended and restated in its entirety effective January 1, 1989, including all amendments adopted through August 1, 2024.
- 10(e) <u>Deferred Compensation Plan (409A Grandfathered Component) of Union Pacific Corporation, originally effective as of January 1, 2009,</u> as amended and restated including all amendments adopted through August 1, 2024.
- 10(f) Deferred Compensation Plan (409A Non-Grandfathered Component) of Union Pacific Corporation, originally effective as of January 1, 2009, as amended and restated including all amendments adopted through August 1, 2024.
- 31(a) Certifications Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a), of the Exchange Act, as Adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 V. James Vena.
- 31(b) Certifications Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a), of the Exchange Act, as Adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Jennifer L. Hamann.
- 32 <u>Certifications Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 V. James Vena and Jennifer L. Hamann.</u>
- The following financial and related information from Union Pacific Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2024 (filed with the SEC on October 24, 2024), formatted in Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language (iXBRL) includes (i) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position at September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Common Shareholders' Equity for the periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and (vi) the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in Inline XBRL (contained in Exhibit 101).

Incorporated by Reference

- 3(a) Restated Articles of Incorporation of UPC, as amended and restated through June 27, 2011, and as further amended May 15, 2014, are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3(a) to the Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014.
- 3(b) By-Laws of UPC, as amended, effective November 19, 2015, are incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Corporation's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 19, 2015.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: October 24, 2024

UNION PACIFIC CORPORATION (Registrant)

By /s/ Jennifer L. Hamann

Jennifer L. Hamann Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

By /s/ Todd M. Rynaski

Todd M. Rynaski Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting, Risk, and Compliance Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)