# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q

$\boxtimes$	QUARTE	RLY REPORT PURSUANT T	O SECTION 13 OR	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXC	CHANGE AC	CT OF 1934	
			For th	e quarterly period ended March 3	31, 2025		
				OR			
	TRANSIT	ION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OF	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXC	CHANGE A	CT OF 1934	
			For the tran	sition period from to	0		
				Commission file number 1-44			
				VDW.			
			ARC	CHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COM	IPANV		
				ame of registrant as specified in it			
		Delaware				41-0129150	
	(State o	or other jurisdiction of incorp		on)		(I. R. S. Employer Identification N	√o.)
		77 West Wacker Drive Chicago, Illino				60601	
		(Address of principal exec				(Zip Code)	
				(212) (24 9100			
			(Registra	(312) 634-8100 ant's telephone number, including	area code)		
Sec	urities regist	ered pursuant to Section 12(1	o) of the Act:				
		Title of each clas		Trading Symbol(s)		Name of each exchange on which re	gistered
		Common Stock, no pa 1.000% Notes due 2		ADM		NYSE NYSE	
					10 15(1)		
prec	ceding 12 mo					of the Securities Exchange Act of 193 as been subject to such filing requiren	
						to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 quired to submit such files). Yes $\boxtimes$	
grov		y. See the definitions of "larg				ted filer, a smaller reporting company ny," and "emerging growth company"	
		Large Accelerated				Emerging Growth	
	Filer	Non-accelerated Filer		Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company		Company	
		rowth company, indicate by ting standards provided pur			e extended to	ransition period for complying with a	ny new or revised
Indi	icate by chec	k mark whether the registran	t is a shell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Ex	xchange Act	t). Yes □ No ⊠.	
Indi	icate the nun	ber of shares outstanding o	feach of the issuer's	classes of common stock, as of the	he latest pra	cticable date.	
			Commo	on Stock, no par value – 480,450,01 (April 28, 2025)	15 shares		

#### SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, are forward-looking statements. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "outlook," "will," "should," "can have," "likely," and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events. For example, all statements the Company makes relating to its future results and operations, growth opportunities, pending litigation and investigations, and timing of the remediation of the Company's material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting are forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to significant risks, uncertainties and changes in circumstances that could cause actual results and outcomes to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, assumptions and uncertainties, including, without limitation, those that are described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as may be updated in subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual outcomes may vary materially from those indicated or anticipated by such forward-looking statements. Accordingly, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Except to the extent required by law, Archer-Daniels-Midlan

# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

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# PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED)

# Three Months Ended March 31,

		march 51,					
		2025	2024	_			
	(In	(In millions, except per share amou					
Revenues	\$	20,175	\$ 21,847	7			
Cost of products sold		18,995	20,188	3			
Gross Profit		1,180	1,659	)			
Selling, general, and administrative expenses		932	951	l			
Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs		38	18	3			
Equity in (earnings) of unconsolidated affiliates		(144)	(212	2)			
Interest and investment (income)		(138)	(123	3)			
Interest expense		158	166	5			
Other (income) – net		(19)	(26	)			
Farnings Before Income Taxes		353	885	5			
Income tax expense		61	166	5			
Net Earnings Including Non-controlling Interests		292	719	)			
Net (losses) attributable to non-controlling interests		(3)	(10	))			
·							
Net Earnings Attributable to Archer-Daniels-Midland Company	\$	295	\$ 729	)			
				Ī			
Average number of shares outstanding – basic		483	513	3			
Average number of shares outstanding – diluted		483	514	1			
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.61	\$ 1.42	2			
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.61	\$ 1.42	2			
Dividends per common share	\$	0.51	\$ 0.50	)			
•							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

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# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended March 31,

		Mai Cii 31,	
	2	2025	2024
		(In millions)	
Net Earnings Including Non-controlling Interests	\$	292 \$	719
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(133)	4
Taxeffect		38	(20)
Net of tax amount		(95)	(16)
Deferred (loss) on hedging activities		(5)	(69)
Tax effect		(1)	10
Net of tax amount		(6)	(59)
Pension and other postretirement benefit liabilities adjustment		(22)	(4)
Tax effect		6	1
Net of tax amount		(16)	(3)
Unrealized (loss) on investments		(3)	(7)
Tax effect	<u></u>		(1)
Net of tax amount		(3)	(8)
Total other comprehensive (loss), net of tax		(120)	(86)
Total comprehensive income		172	633
Less: Comprehensive (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests		(3)	(13)
Comprehensive income attributable to Archer-Daniels-Midland Company	<u>*</u>	175 \$	646

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	N	larch 31, 2025	Decer	nber 31, 2024
		(In m	illions)	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	864	\$	611
Short-term marketable securities		33		246
Segregated cash and investments		6,870		7,212
Trade receivables - net		4,419		3,708
Inventories		11,550		11,572
Other current assets		4,146		4,369
Total Current Assets		27,882		27,718
Non-Current Assets				
Investments in affiliates		5,022		5,276
Goodwill		4,623		4,509
Intangible assets		2,252		2,260
Right of use assets		1,334		1,358
Other non-current assets		1,289		1,313
Property, plant, and equipment, net		11,000		10,837
Total Non-Current Assets		25,520		25,553
Total Assets	\$	53,402	\$	53,271
Liabilities, Temporary Equity, and Shareholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities				
Short-term debt	\$	2,765	\$	1,903
Current maturities of long-term debt		704		674
Trade payables		5,151		5,535
Payables to brokerage customers		7,726		7,772
Accrued expenses and other payables		3,511		3,730
Current lease liabilities		314		324
Total Current Liabilities	'	20,171		19,938
Long-Term Liabilities				
Long-term debt		7,596		7,580
Deferred income taxes		1,185		1,268
Non-current lease liabilities		1,044		1,057
Other		1,024		997
Total Long-Term Liabilities		10,849		10,902
Temporary Equity - Redeemable non-controlling interest		255		253
Shareholders' Equity				
Common stock		3,246		3,223
Reinvested earnings		21,981		21,933
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss)		(3,108)		(2,988)
Non-controlling interests		8		10
Total Shareholders' Equity		22,127		22,178
Total Liabilities, Temporary Equity, and Shareholders' Equity	\$	53,402	\$	53,271
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 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ Consolidated \ Financial \ Statements.$ 

# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Three Months Ended March 31,

	IV	taren 31,
	2025	2024
	(Ir	n millions)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net earnings including non-controlling interests	\$ 29	<b>92</b> \$ 719
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	28	<b>37</b> 280
Asset impairment charges	-	_ 3
Deferred income taxes	(4	<b>12)</b> (64)
Equity in earnings of affiliates, net of dividends	(2	<b>28)</b> (136)
Stock compensation expense	4	50 66
(Gain) Loss on sales / investment revaluation	(2	<b>26)</b> 14
Other – net	(9	<b>D4</b> ) —
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Segregated investments	22	20 (159)
Trade receivables	(65	<b>65</b> )
Inventories	13	37 295
Other current assets	20	<b>63</b> 163
Trade payables	(42	<b>23)</b> (713)
Payables to brokerage customers		<b>79)</b> 319
Accrued expenses and other payables	(24	(148)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(34	700
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(29	(328)
Net assets of businesses acquired	(9	<b>915</b> )
Proceeds from sales of assets	1	10 6
Purchases of marketable securities	(1	<b>–</b>
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	24	48 —
Other – net		5 7
Net cash used in investing activities	(12	(1,230)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net borrowings under lines of credit agreements	86	1,619
Share repurchases, net of tax	-	<b>—</b> (1,327)
Cash dividends	(24	<b>17</b> ) (257)
Other – net	(2	<b>29)</b> (37)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	58	(2)
Effect of exchange rate on cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and restricted cash equivalents		16 (13)
Increase (Decrease) in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and restricted cash equivalents	13	
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and restricted cash equivalents - beginning of period	3,92	5,390
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and restricted cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 4,05	\$ 4,845

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Equity Attributable to Archer-Daniels-Midland Company

	Commo	n St	ock		Reinvested		Accumulated Other Comprehensive	ľ	Non-controlling		Total Shareholders'
(In millions, except per share amounts)	Shares		Amount		Earnings		Income (Loss)		Interests		Equity
Balance, December 31, 2024	478	\$	3,223	\$	21,933	\$	(2,988)	\$	10	\$	22,178
Comprehensive income											
Net earnings					295				(1)		294
Other comprehensive loss							(120)		_		(120)
Cash dividends paid - \$0.51 per share					(247)						(247)
Share repurchases	_				_						_
Stock compensation expense	2		50								50
Stock option exercises, net of taxes			(30)						_		(30)
Other			3				<u> </u>		(1)		2
Balance, March 31, 2025	480	\$	3,246	\$	21,981	\$	(3,108)	\$	8	\$	22,127
Balance, Balance December 31, 2023	513	\$	3,154	\$	23,465	\$	(2,487)	\$	13	\$	24,145
Comprehensive income											
Net earnings					729				(10)		719
Other comprehensive loss							(83)		(3)		(86)
Cash dividends paid - \$0.50 per share					(257)						(257)
Share repurchases	(13)				(868)						(868)
Share repurchases prepayment			(462)								(462)
Stock compensation expense	3		66								66
Stock option exercises, net of taxes	(1)		(41)								(41)
Other			3						13		16
Balance March 31, 2024	502	_	2,720	_	23,069	_	(2,570)	_	13	_	23,232

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The Consolidated Financial Statements of Archer-Daniels-Midland Company and its subsidiaries ("ADM" or the "Company") included herein have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for audited financial statements.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2025 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2025. For further information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Certain prior period data has been reclassified in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes to conform to the current period presentation.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The Company consolidates all entities, including variable interest entities (VIEs), in which it has a controlling financial interest. For VIEs, the Company assesses whether it is the primary beneficiary as defined under the applicable accounting standard. Investments in affiliates, including VIEs through which the Company exercises significant influence but does not control the investee and is not the primary beneficiary of the investee's activities, are carried at cost plus equity in undistributed earnings since acquisition and are adjusted, where appropriate, for basis differences between the investment balance and the underlying net assets of the investee. The Company's portion of the results of certain affiliates and results of certain VIEs are included using the most recent available financial statements. In each case, the financial statements are within 93 days of the Company's year-end and are consistent from period to period.

#### Segregated Cash and Investments

The Company segregates certain cash, cash equivalents, and investment balances in accordance with regulatory requirements, commodity exchange requirements, and insurance arrangements. These balances represent deposits received from customers of the Company's registered futures commission merchant and commodity brokerage services, cash margins and securities pledged to commodity exchange clearinghouses, and cash pledged as security under certain insurance arrangements.

Segregated cash and investments also include restricted cash collateral for the various insurance programs of the Company's captive insurance business. To the degree these segregated balances are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, they are considered restricted cash and cash equivalents on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following represents a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents in the Consolidated Balance Sheets to total cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and restricted cash equivalents in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as of March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	Mar	ch 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	864	\$ 830
Restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents included in segregated cash and investments		3,192	4,015
Total cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and restricted cash equivalents	\$	4,056	\$ 4,845

#### Receivables

The Company records accounts receivable at net realizable value. This value includes an allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts to reflect any loss anticipated on the accounts receivable balances including any accrued interest receivables thereon. The Company estimates uncollectible accounts by pooling receivables according to type, region, credit risk rating, and age. Each pool is assigned an expected loss co-efficient to arrive at a general reserve based on historical write-offs adjusted, as needed, for regional, economic, and other forward-looking factors. The Company minimizes credit risk due to the large and diversified nature of its worldwide customer base. ADM manages its exposure to counter-party credit risk through credit analysis and approvals, credit limits, and monitoring procedures. Long-term receivables recorded in other assets were not material to the Company's overall receivables portfolio.

Changes to the allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts were as follows (in millions).

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	20	025	2024		
Opening balance, January 1	\$	167 \$	3 215		
Provisions (reversals), net		2	5		
Write-offs against allowance		(14)	(13)		
Recoveries and other		3	9		
Closing balance, March 31	\$	158 \$	S 216		

#### Inventories

Certain merchandisable agricultural commodity inventories, which include inventories acquired under deferred pricing contracts, are stated at market value. In addition, the Company values certain inventories using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

The following table sets forth the Company's inventories as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in millions).

	March 31, 2025		December 31, 2024		
Raw materials and supplies (1)	\$ 1,770	5 \$	1,922		
Finished goods	2,75	3	2,689		
Market inventories	7,02	<u> </u>	6,961		
Total inventories	\$ 11,55	\$	11,572		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes work in process inventories which were not material as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

## Cost Method Investments

Cost method investments represent investments in private companies and private equity funds for strategic purposes or to diversify the overall investment portfolio. These investments are generally in the startup or development stages and the markets for products these companies are developing are typically in the early stages. The Company's evaluation of privately held investments is based on the fundamentals of the businesses invested in. The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of such investments to determine if any valuation adjustments are appropriate under the applicable accounting pronouncements.

Cost method investments of \$436 million and \$439 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, were included in Other Assets in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Revaluation gains and losses are recorded in interest and investment income in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Earnings. As of March 31, 2025, the lifetime cumulative amounts of upward and downward adjustments were \$118 million and \$75 million, respectively. Any year-to-date upward and downward adjustments were immaterial to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Investments in Affiliates

The Company applies the equity method of accounting for investments in investees over which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence.

The Company had a 22.5% share ownership in Wilmar International Limited ("Wilmar") as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Company's investment in Wilmar had a carrying value of \$3.6 billion as of March 31, 2025, and a market value of \$3.5 billion based on the quoted Singapore Exchange market price, converted to U.S. dollars at the applicable exchange rate, at March 31, 2025.

In accordance with its accounting policy, as of March 31, 2025, the Company evaluated several factors in its determination of whether an other-than-temporary impairment of its investment in Wilmar had occurred as of that date. This included consideration of the short duration of the carrying value being above Wilmar's stock price, the recent performance of Wilmar's stock price as quoted on the Singapore Exchange, latest consensus analyst forecasts, Wilmar's long history of earnings and dividends and the Company's continued representation on Wilmar's Board. The Company considers its investment in Wilmar a significant and strategic relationship and has the intent and ability to retain its investment in Wilmar for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value. Based on the evaluation of the factors above, the Company does not consider the investment to be other-than temporarily impaired at March 31, 2025. The Company will continue to reassess its investment in Wilmar, which may result in the recognition of an other-than-temporary impairment in the future.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company also held equity method investments in Pacificor (32.2%), Stratas Foods LLC (50.0%), Edible Oils Limited (50.0%), Olenex (37.5%), SoyVen (50.0%), Hungrana Ltd (50.0%), Almidones Mexicanos S.A. de C.V. (50.0%), Terminal de Grãos Ponta da Montanha S.A. (50.0%), Gradable, LLC (50.0%), Aston Foods and Food Ingredients (50.0%), Red Star Yeast Company, LLC (40.0%), LSCP, LLLP (22.1%), Vimison S.A. de C.V. (45.3%), ADM Matsutani LLC (50%), Matsutani Singapore Pte. Ltd. (50%), Dusial S.A. (42.8%), and Vitafort ZRT (34.3%).

Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Company's net property, plant, and equipment consisted of the following as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in millions).

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Land	\$ 585	\$ 566
Buildings	6,250	6,143
Machinery and equipment	20,963	20,636
Construction in progress	1,545	1,553
	29,343	28,898
Accumulated depreciation	(18,343)	(18,061)
Net Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$ 11,000	\$ 10,837

#### Redeemable Non-controlling Interests

The Company presents any redeemable non-controlling interests in temporary equity within the Consolidated Balance Sheets at redemption value with period changes recorded in reinvested earnings. The Company reports the portion of its earnings or loss for redeemable non-controlling interests as net earnings (losses) attributable to non-controlling interests in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

Changes to the Company's redeemable non-controlling interests for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	 2025	20	024			
Opening balance, January 1	\$ 253	\$	320			
Net (loss) attributable to redeemable non-controlling interests	(2)		(10)			
Currency translation adjustments and other	4		(3)			
Closing balance, March 31	\$ 255	\$	307			

#### Note 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective December 31, 2025, the Company will be required to adopt Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which enhances the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures. The amendments address investor requests for more transparency about income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this ASU are required to be applied on a prospective basis, and retrospective adoption is permitted. The adoption of the amended guidance will result in expanded disclosures in the Company's income taxes footnote but is not expected to have an impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Effective December 31, 2027, the Company will be required to adopt ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income — Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of income statement expenses*, which will require tabular disclosure of certain operating expenses disaggregated into categories, such as purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, and intangible asset amortization. The amendments in this ASU can be applied on a prospective basis or retrospective basis upon adoption. The adoption of the amended guidance will result in expanded disclosures in the Company's footnotes but is not expected to have an impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Note 3. Revenues

The following tables present revenue disaggregated by timing of recognition and major product lines for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

		Three Months Ended March 31, 2025									
		To	Topic 815	Total							
	Poi	Point in Time		Total	Revenue (1)	Revenues					
Ag Services and Oilseeds											
Ag Services	\$	1,041 \$	207 \$	1,248 \$	9,288 \$	10,536					
Crushing		100	_	100	2,539	2,639					
Refined Products and Other		851	_	851	1,649	2,500					
Total Ag Services and Oilseeds		1,992	207	2,199	13,476	15,675					
Carbohydrate Solutions											
Starches and Sweeteners		1,384	_	1,384	553	1,937					
Vantage Corn Processors		634	_	634	_	634					
Total Carbohydrate Solutions		2,018	_	2,018	553	2,571					
Nutrition											
Human Nutrition		998	_	998	_	998					
Animal Nutrition		819	_	819	_	819					
Total Nutrition		1,817	_	1,817	_	1,817					
Total Segment Revenues		5,827	207	6,034	14,029	20,063					
Other Business		112	_	112	_	112					
Total Revenues	\$	5,939 \$	207 \$	6,146 \$	14,029 \$	20,175					

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

		To		Topic 815	Total	
	Poir	nt in Time	Over Time	Total	Revenue (1)	Revenues
Ag Services and Oilseeds						
Ag Services	\$	1,022 \$	193 \$	1,215 \$	9,982 \$	11,197
Crushing		117	_	117	3,210	3,327
Refined Products and Other		548	_	548	2,147	2,695
Total Ag Services and Oilseeds		1,687	193	1,880	15,339	17,219
Carbohydrate Solutions						
Starches and Sweeteners		1,593	_	1,593	563	2,156
Vantage Corn Processors		527	_	527	_	527
Total Carbohydrate Solutions		2,120	_	2,120	563	2,683
Nutrition						
Human Nutrition		964	_	964	_	964
Animal Nutrition		872	_	872	_	872
Total Nutrition		1,836	_	1,836	_	1,836
Total Segment Revenues		5,643	193	5,836	15,902	21,738
Other Business		109	_	109	_	109
Total Revenues	\$	5,752 \$	193 \$	5,945 \$	15,902 \$	21,847

<sup>(1)</sup> Topic 815 revenue relates to the physical delivery or the settlement of the Company's sales contracts that are accounted for as derivatives and are outside the scope of Topic 606.

#### Ag Services and Oilseeds

The Ag Services and Oilseeds segment generates revenue from the sale of commodities, from service fees for the transportation of goods, from the sale of products manufactured in its global processing facilities, and from its structured trade finance activities.

The Company engages in various structured trade finance activities to leverage its global trade flows whereby the Company obtains letters of credit (LCs) to guarantee payments on both global purchases and sales of grain. LCs guaranteeing payment on grain sales are sold on a non-recourse basis with no continuing involvement. The Company earms returns from the difference in interest rates between the LCs that guarantee payment on the underlying purchases and sales of grain given the differing risk profiles of the underlying transactions. The net return related to structured trade finance activities is included in Ag Services revenue and was not significant for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

# Carbohydrate Solutions

The Carbohydrate Solutions segment generates revenue from the sale of products manufactured at the Company's global corn and wheat milling facilities around the world. Revenue is recognized when control over products is transferred to the customer. Products are shipped to customers from the Company's various facilities and from its network of storage terminals. The amount of revenue recognized is based on the consideration specified in the contract which could include freight and other costs depending on the specific shipping terms of each contract.

#### Nutrition

The Nutrition segment sells ingredients and solutions including plant-based proteins, natural flavors, flavor systems, natural colors, emulsifiers, soluble fiber, polyols, hydrocolloids, probiotics, postbiotics, enzymes, botanical extracts, edible beans, formula feeds, animal health and nutrition products, pet food and treats, and other specialty food and feed ingredients. Revenue is recognized when control over products is transferred to the customer. The amount of revenue recognized follows the contracted price or the mutually agreed price of the product.

#### Other Business

Other Business includes the Company's futures commission business whose primary sources of revenue are commissions and brokerage income generated from executing orders and clearing futures contracts and options on futures contracts on behalf of its customers. Commissions and brokerage revenue are recognized on the date the transaction is executed.

Other Business also includes the Company's captive insurance business which generates third party revenue through its proportionate share of premiums from third-party reinsurance pools. Reinsurance premiums are recognized on a straight-line basis over the period underlying the policy.

#### Note 4. Acquisitions

On January 31, 2025, the Company acquired Vandamme Hugaria Kft ("Vandamme"), a 700 metric ton/day non-genetically modified crush and extraction facility based in Hungary for an aggregate cash consideration of \$123 million. This acquisition adds capabilities to the Company's Ag Services and Oilseeds and Carbohydrate Solutions segments.

The aggregate cash consideration, net of \$33 million cash acquired, was allocated as follows, subject to final measurement period adjustments (in millions).

	 Vandamme
Working capital, net of cash acquired	\$ 17
Property, plant, and equipment	31
Goodwill	31
Other intangible assets <sup>(1)</sup>	14
Deferred tax liabilities	 (3)
Aggregate cash consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 90

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny (1)}}\mbox{Primarily represents customer lists with expected useful lives of 10 years to 18 years.$ 

Goodwill recorded in connection with the acquisition is primarily attributable to the synergies expected to arise after the Company's acquisition of the business. This goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The Company's Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2025 includes the post-acquisition results of the acquired business which were immaterial.

#### Note 5. Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures the fair value of certain assets and liabilities in accordance with ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which defines fair value as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company uses the market approach valuation technique to measure the majority of its assets and liabilities carried at fair value. Three levels are established within the fair value hierarchy that may be used to report fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.

Level 2: Observable inputs, including Level 1 prices that have been adjusted; quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are less active than traded exchanges; and other inputs that are observable or can be substantially corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are a significant component of the fair value of the assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

The following tables set forth, by level, the Company's assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in millions).

	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2025						
	Level 1	Lev	el 2		Level 3		Total
Assets:							
Inventories carried at market	\$ _	\$	3,918	\$	3,103	\$	7,021
Unrealized derivative gains:							
Commodity contracts	_		274		508		782
Foreign currency contracts	_		145		_		145
Interest rate contracts	_		15		_		15
Cash equivalents	413		_		_		413
Marketable securities	33		_		_		33
Segregated investments	1,899						1,899
Total Assets	\$ 2,345	\$	4,352	\$	3,611	\$	10,308
Liabilities:							
Unrealized derivative losses:							
Commodity contracts	\$ _	\$	381	\$	352	\$	733
Foreign currency contracts	_		114		_		114
Inventory-related payables	 		1,400		52		1,452
Total Liabilities	\$	\$	1,895	\$	404	\$	2,299

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2024

	I	evel 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets:	·						
Inventories carried at market	\$	_	\$ 3,	930 \$	3,031	\$	6,961
Unrealized derivative gains:							
Commodity contracts		_		404	427		831
Foreign currency contracts		_		272	_		272
Interest rate contracts		_		5	_		5
Cash equivalents		70		_	_		70
Marketable securities		246		_	_		246
Segregated investments		1,681			_		1,681
Total Assets	\$	1,997	\$ 4,	611 \$	3,458	\$	10,066
Liabilities:							
Unrealized derivative losses:							
Commodity contracts	\$	_	\$	355 \$	405	\$	760
Foreign currency contracts		_		212	_		212
Inventory-related payables				654	88		742
Total Liabilities	\$	_	\$ 1,	221 \$	493	\$	1,714

#### Inventories Carried at Market and Inventory-Related Payables

Estimated fair values for inventories and inventory-related payables stated at market are based on exchange-quoted prices, adjusted for differences in local markets and quality, referred to as basis. Market valuations for the Company's inventories are adjusted for location and quality (basis) because the exchange-quoted prices represent contracts with standardized terms for commodity, quantity, future delivery period, delivery location, and commodity quality or grade.

The basis adjustments are generally determined using the inputs from competitor and broker quotations or market transactions and are considered observable. Basis adjustments are impacted by specific local supply and demand characteristics at each facility and the overall market. Factors such as substitute products, weather, fuel costs, contract terms, and futures prices also impact the movement of these basis adjustments. In some cases, the basis adjustments are unobservable because they are supported by little to no market activity.

When unobservable inputs have a significant impact (more than 10%) on the measurement of fair value, the inventory is classified in Level 3. Changes in the fair value of inventories and inventory-related payables are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a component of cost of products sold.

# Unrealized Derivative Gains and Losses

Derivative contracts include exchange-traded commodity futures and options contracts, forward commodity purchase and sale contracts, and over-the-counter (OTC) instruments related primarily to agricultural commodities, energy, interest rates, and foreign currencies. Substantially all of the Company's exchange-traded commodity futures and options contracts are cash-settled on a daily basis and, therefore, are not included in these tables.

Fair value for forward commodity purchase and sale contracts is estimated based on exchange-quoted prices adjusted for differences in local markets. Market valuations for the Company's forward commodity purchase and sale contracts are adjusted for location (basis) because the exchange-quoted prices represent contracts that have standardized terms for commodity, quantity, future delivery period, delivery location, and commodity quality or grade.

The basis adjustments are generally determined using inputs from competitor and broker quotations or market transactions and are considered observable. Basis adjustments are impacted by specific local supply and demand characteristics at each facility and the overall market. Factors such as substitute products, weather, fuel costs, contract terms, and futures prices also impact the movement of these basis adjustments. In some cases, the basis adjustments are unobservable because they are supported by little to no market activity.

When observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the contract, it is classified in Level 2. When unobservable inputs have a significant impact (more than 10%) on the measurement of fair value, the contract is classified in Level 3. Except for certain derivatives designated as cash flow hedges, changes in the fair value of commodity-related derivatives are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a component of cost of products sold.

Except for certain derivatives designated as net investment hedges, changes in the fair value of foreign currency-related derivatives are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a component of revenues, cost of products sold, and other (income) - net, depending upon the purpose of the contract.

The changes in the fair value of derivatives designated as effective cash flow hedges are recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) until the hedged items are recorded in earnings or it is probable the hedged transaction will no longer occur.

Cash Equivalents

The Company's cash equivalents are comprised of money market funds valued using quoted market prices and are classified as Level 1.

Marketable Securities

The Company's marketable securities are comprised of foreign government securities and foreign term deposits with original maturities greater than 90 days. These securities are valued using quoted market prices and are classified as Level 1.

Segregated Investments

The Company's segregated investments are comprised of U.S. Treasury securities. U.S. Treasury securities are valued using quoted market prices and are classified as Level 1.

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#### Level 3 Assets and Liablities

The following table presents a roll forward of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended March 31, 2025 (in millions).

# Level 3 Fair Value Asset Measurements at

	March 31, 2025							
		Inventories Carried at Market		Commodity Derivative Contracts Gains		Total		
Opening balance, January 1, 2025	\$	3,031	\$	427	\$	3,458		
Total increase in net realized/unrealized gains included in cost of products sold*		152		213		365		
Purchases		4,086		_		4,086		
Sales		(4,578)		_		(4,578)		
Settlements		_		(228)		(228)		
Transfers into Level 3		571		113		684		
Transfers out of Level 3		(159)		(17)		(176)		
Closing Balance, March 31, 2025	\$	3,103	\$	508	\$	3,611		

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized gains of \$311 million relating to Level 3 assets still held at March 31, 2025.

The following table presents a roll forward of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended March 31, 2025 (in millions).

# Level 3 Fair Value Liability Measurements at

	March 31, 2025								
		Inventory- related Payables		Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses		Total			
Opening balance, January 1, 2025	\$	88	\$	405	\$	493			
Total (decrease) increase in net realized/unrealized losses included in cost of products sold*		(3)		194		191			
Purchases		3		_		3			
Sales		(36)		_		(36)			
Settlements		_		(277)		(277)			
Transfers into Level 3		_		35		35			
Transfers out of Level 3		_		(5)		(5)			
Closing Balance, March 31, 2025	\$	52	\$	352	\$	404			

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized losses of \$193 million relating to Level 3 liabilities still held at March 31, 2025.

The following table presents a roll forward of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended March 31, 2024 (in millions).

Level 3 Fair Value Asset Measurements at

	March 31, 2024								
		Inventories Carried at Market	Commodity Derivative Contracts Gains			Total			
Opening balance, January 1, 2024	\$	2,713	\$	731	\$	3,444			
Total (decrease) increase in net realized/unrealized gains included in cost of products sold*		(97)		375		278			
Purchases		3,789		_		3,789			
Sales		(3,883)		_		(3,883)			
Settlements		_		(352)		(352)			
Transfers into Level 3		516		28		544			
Transfers out of Level 3		(90)		(18)		(108)			
Closing balance, March 31, 2024	\$	2,948	\$	764	\$	3,712			

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized gains of \$564 million relating to Level 3 assets still held at March 31, 2024.

The following table presents a roll forward of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the three months ended March 31, 2024 (in millions).

Level 3 Fair Value Liability Measurements at

	March 31, 2024							
		Inventory- related Payables		Commodity Derivative Contracts Losses		Total		
Opening balance, January 1, 2024	\$	101	\$	457	\$	558		
Total (decrease) increase in net realized/unrealized losses included in cost of products sold and interest expense*		(3)		329		326		
Purchases		1		_		1		
Sales		(38)		_		(38)		
Settlements		_		(290)		(290)		
Transfers into Level 3		1		13		14		
Transfers out of Level 3		_		(74)		(74)		
Closing balance, March 31, 2024	\$	62	\$	435	\$	497		

<sup>\*</sup> Includes increase in unrealized losses of \$338 million relating to Level 3 liabilities still held at March 31, 2024.

Transfers into Level 3 of assets and liabilities previously classified in Level 2 were due to the relative value of unobservable inputs to the total fair value measurement of certain products and derivative contracts rising above the 10% threshold. Transfers out of Level 3 were primarily due to the relative value of unobservable inputs to the total fair value measurement of certain products and derivative contracts falling below the 10% threshold and thus permitting reclassification to Level 2.

In some cases, the price components that result in differences between exchange-traded prices and local prices for inventories and commodity purchase and sale contracts are observable based upon available quotations for these pricing components, and in some cases, the differences are unobservable. These price components primarily include transportation costs and other adjustments required due to location, quality, or other contract terms. In the table below, these other adjustments are referred to as basis. The changes in unobservable price components are determined by specific local supply and demand characteristics at each facility and the overall market. Factors such as substitute products, weather, fuel costs, contract terms, and futures prices also impact the movement of these unobservable price components.

The following table sets forth the weighted average percentage of the unobservable price components included in the Company's Level 3 valuations as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Company's Level 3 measurements may include basis only, transportation cost only, or both price components.

		Weighted Average % of Total Price								
	March 3	1,2025	December 31, 2024							
Component Type	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities						
Inventories and Inventory-Related Payables										
Basis	25.7 %	27.0 %	24.9 %	31.3 %						
Transportation cost	15.4 %	— %	10.8 %	— %						
Commodity Derivative Contracts										
Basis	26.7 %	21.5 %	21.8 %	23.4 %						
Transportation cost	21.8 %	23.8 %	10.8 %	10.8 %						

In certain of the Company's principal markets, the Company relies on price quotes from third parties to value its inventories and physical commodity purchase and sale contracts. These price quotes are generally not further adjusted by the Company in determining the applicable market price. In some cases, availability of third-party quotes is limited to only one or two independent sources. In these situations, absent other corroborating evidence, the Company considers these price quotes as 100% unobservable and, therefore, the fair value of these items is reported in Level 3.

#### Note 6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

## Derivatives Not Designated As Hedging Instruments

The majority of the Company's derivative instruments have not been designated as hedging instruments. The Company uses exchange-traded and OTC commodity instruments to manage its net position of merchandisable agricultural product inventories and forward cash purchase and sales contracts to reduce price risk caused by market fluctuations in agricultural commodities and foreign currencies.

The Company also uses exchange-traded and OTC commodity instruments as components of merchandising strategies designed to enhance margins. The results of these strategies can be significantly impacted by factors such as the correlation between the value of exchange-traded commodities futures and the value of the underlying commodities, counterparty contract defaults, and volatility of freight markets.

Derivatives, including exchange-traded contracts and forward commodity purchase or sale contracts, and inventories of certain merchandisable agricultural products, which include amounts acquired under deferred pricing contracts, are stated at fair value. Inventory is not a derivative and therefore fair values of and changes in fair values of inventories are not included in the tables below.

Fair Value of Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The following table sets forth the fair value of derivatives not designated as hedging instruments as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in millions).

	March 31, 2025					December 31, 2024			
	Ass	sets		Liabilities		Assets		Liabilities	
Foreign Currency Contracts	\$	117	\$	61	\$	272	\$	102	
Commodity Contracts		782		733		828		760	
Total	\$	899	\$	794	\$	1,100	\$	862	

The following table sets forth the pre-tax gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments that have been included in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	Revenues	Cost of products sold	Other (income) - net	Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2025				
Pre-tax gains (losses) on:				
Foreign Currency Contracts	\$ (25)	\$ 150	\$ (68)	
Commodity Contracts		112		
Total gain (loss) recognized in earnings	\$ (25)	\$ 262	\$ (68)	\$ 169
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
Pre-tax gains (losses) on:				
Foreign Currency Contracts	\$ 1	\$ (63)	\$ 54	
Commodity Contracts	_	197		
Total gain recognized in earnings	\$ 1	\$ 134	\$ 54	\$ 189

Changes in the fair value of foreign currency-related derivatives are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a component of revenues, cost of products sold, and other (income) - net, depending on the purpose of the contract.

Changes in the market value of inventories of certain merchandisable agricultural commodities, inventory-related payables, forward cash purchase and sales contracts, and exchange-traded and OTC instruments are recognized in earnings immediately as a component of cost of products sold.

#### Derivatives Designated As Hedging Instruments

The Company had certain derivatives designated as cash flow, fair value, and net investment hedges as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Cash Flow Hedges

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as highly-effective cash flow hedges (i.e., hedging the exposure to variability in expected future cash flow that is attributable to a particular risk), the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of AOCI and as an operating activity in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and is reclassified into earnings in the same line item affected by the hedged transaction in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness, if any, and gains and losses related to discontinued hedges are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings during the relevant period.

For each of the hedge programs described below, the derivatives are designated as cash flow hedges. The changes in the market value of such derivative contracts have historically been, and are expected to continue to be, highly effective at offsetting changes in price movements of the hedged item. Once the hedged item is recognized in earnings, the gains and losses arising from the hedge are reclassified from AOCI to either revenues or cost of products sold, as applicable.

The Company uses exchange-traded futures and options contracts to hedge the purchase price of anticipated volumes of corn to be purchased and processed in a future month. The objective of this hedging program is to reduce the variability of cash flows associated with the Company's forecasted purchases of corn. The Company's corn processing plants normally grind approximately 59 million bushels of corn per month. During the past 12 months, the Company hedged between 13% and 31% of its monthly grind. At March 31, 2025, the Company had designated hedges representing between 1% and 30% of its anticipated monthly grind of corn for the next 12 months.

The Company uses exchange-traded futures and options contracts to hedge the purchase price of the anticipated volumes of soybeans to be purchased and processed in a future month for certain of its U.S. soybean crush facilities, subject to certain program limits. The Company also uses futures and options contracts to hedge the sales prices of anticipated soybean meal and soybean oil sales proportionate to the soybean crushing process at these facilities, subject to certain program limits. During the past 12 months, the Company hedged between 76% and 100% of the anticipated monthly soybean crush for soybean purchases and soybean meal and oil sales at the designated facilities. At March 31, 2025, the Company had designated hedges representing between 0% and 100% of the anticipated monthly soybean crush for soybean purchases and soybean meal and oil sales at the designated facilities over the next 12 months.

The Company uses exchange-traded futures and OTC swaps to hedge the purchase price of anticipated volumes of natural gas consumption in a future month for certain of its facilities in North America and Europe, subject to certain program limits. During the past 12 months, the Company hedged between 39% and 74% of the anticipated monthly natural gas consumption at the designated facilities. At March 31, 2025, the Company had designated hedges representing between 4% and 40% of the anticipated monthly natural gas consumption over the next 12 months.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had after-tax gains of \$10 million in AOCI related to gains from these programs. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had after-tax losses of \$13 million in AOCI related to losses from these programs. The Company expects to recognize \$10 million of the March 31, 2025 after-tax gains in its Consolidated Statements of Earnings during the next 12 months.

#### Fair Value Hedges

The Company uses interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges to protect the fair value of fixed-rate debt due to changes in interest rates. The changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps and the underlying fixed-rate debt is recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings during the current period. The terms of the interest rate swaps match the terms of the underlying debt. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had pre-tax gains of \$15 million and \$5 million, respectively, in other current assets related to interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$500 million. A corresponding offset to the underlying debt is recorded for the same amount, with no net impact to earnings.

#### Net Investment Hedges

The Company uses cross-currency swaps and foreign exchange forwards designated as net investment hedges to protect the Company's investment in foreign subsidiaries against changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company executed USD-fixed to Euro-fixed cross-currency swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$411 million and \$394 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, and foreign exchange forwards with an aggregate notional amount of \$2.4 billion as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had after-tax gains of \$10 million and \$99 million in AOCI, respectively, related to foreign exchange gains and losses from net investment hedge transactions. The amount is deferred in AOCI until the underlying investment is divested.

The Company has designated its €650 million outstanding long-term debt and commercial paper borrowings at each of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 as hedges of its net investment in a foreign subsidiary. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had after-tax gains of \$222 million and \$251 million in AOCI, respectively, related to foreign exchange gains and losses from the net investment hedge transactions. The amount is deferred in AOCI until the underlying investment is divested.

Fair Value of Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments

The following table sets forth the fair value of derivatives designated as hedging instruments as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (in millions).

	March 31, 2025				December 31, 2024			
	Assets		Liabilities			Assets		Liabilities
Commodity Contracts	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3	\$	_
Foreign Currency Contracts		28		53		_		110
Interest Rate Contracts		15				5		_
Total	\$	43	\$	53	\$	8	\$	110

The following table sets forth the pre-tax gains (losses) on derivatives designated as hedging instruments that have been included in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	Cost of p	roducts sold
Three Months Ended March 31, 2025		
Pre-tax gains on:		
Commodity Contracts	\$	17
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		
Pre-tax gains on:		
Commodity Contracts	\$	19

#### Note 7. Other Current Assets

The following table sets forth the items in other current assets (in millions).

	N	March 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
Unrealized gains on derivative contracts	\$	942	\$	1,108	
Customer omnibus receivable		1,129		872	
Margin deposits and grain accounts		571		516	
Financing receivables - net (1)		176		258	
Insurance premiums receivable		37		76	
Prepaid expenses		274		279	
Biodiesel tax credit		12		104	
Tax receivables		459		539	
Non-trade receivables		346		393	
Other current assets		200		224	
	\$	4,146	\$	4,369	

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest earned on financing receivables was \$5 million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, and is included in interest and investment income in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

#### Note 8. Accrued Expenses and Other Payables

The following table sets forth the items in accrued expenses and other payables (in millions).

	M	larch 31, 2025	ember 31, 2024
Unrealized losses on derivative contracts	\$	847	\$ 972
Accrued compensation		288	346
Income tax payable		248	167
Other taxes payable		204	138
Insurance liabilities		89	172
Accrued interest payable		112	153
Other deferred income		137	156
Contract liabilities (1)		480	534
Other accruals and payables		1,106	1,092
	\$	3,511	\$ 3,730

<sup>(1)</sup> Contract liabilities relate to advance payments from customers for goods and services the Company has yet to provide. Revenues recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 from contract liabilities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$280 million and \$235 million, respectively.

#### Note 9. Debt and Financing Arrangements

At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the fair value of the Company's long-term debt, excluding current portion, was \$7.2 billion and \$7.1 billion, respectively, as estimated using market values that utilize observable inputs, where available (a Level 2 measurement under applicable accounting standards), compared to a carrying value of \$7.6 billion as of each such date.

At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had lines of credit, including the accounts receivable securitization programs described below, totaling \$12.4 billion and \$13.0 billion, respectively, of which \$7.6 billion and \$9.1 billion, respectively, was unused.

The Company has accounts receivable securitization programs (the "Programs"). The Programs provide the Company with up to \$2.9 billion in funding resulting from the sale of accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company utilized \$2.1 billion and \$2.0 billion, respectively, of its facility under the Programs. See Note 15. Sale of Accounts Receivable for further information on the Programs.

The weighted average interest rates on short-term borrowings outstanding at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, were 4.5% and 4.7%, respectively. Of the Company's total lines of credit, \$5.1 billion supported the combined U.S. and European commercial paper borrowing programs, against which there was \$2.6 billion of commercial paper outstanding at March 31, 2025.

#### Note 10. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate was 17.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to 18.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the impact of discrete tax items in the prior year quarter.

#### Note 11. Shareholders' Equity

The Company has authorized one billion shares of common stock and 500,000 shares of preferred stock, each with zero par value. No preferred stock has been issued.

#### Treasury stock

At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had approximately 235.7 million shares and 237.6 million shares, respectively, of its common shares in treasury. Treasury stock of \$4.8 billion and \$4.8 billion at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, is recorded at cost as a reduction of common stock, and treasury stock of \$2.3 billion at each of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is recorded at cost as a reduction of reinvested earnings.

#### Repurchase Program

On March 12, 2024, the Company entered into an accelerated share repurchase ("ASR") transaction agreement ("ASR Agreement") with Merrill Lynch International, an affiliate of BofA Securities, Inc., to repurchase \$1.0 billion (the "Prepayment Amount") of ADM common stock. The ASR transaction was part of ADM's existing share repurchase program to repurchase up to 200 million shares through December 31, 2024, which was later increased and extended, as described below.

Under the terms of the ASR Agreement, on March 13, 2024, the Company paid the Prepayment Amount and received no upfront shares of common stock. The total number of shares of common stock repurchased under the ASR Agreement were determined based on volume weighted-average prices of the common stock during the term of the ASR transaction less a discount and subject to certain adjustments pursuant to the terms of the ASR Agreement.

On March 28, 2024, the Company received an interim delivery of 8,880,986 shares at an average share price of \$60.60 or \$538 million in aggregate. The Prepayment Amount initially recorded in additional paid in capital was partially reclassified to reinvested earnings for the \$538 million amount repurchased. On April 15, 2024, the Company received a final delivery of 7,325,733 shares at an average share price of \$63.05, or \$462 million in aggregate, as final settlement of the ASR transaction and the amount was reclassified to reinvested earnings.

On December 11, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved a second extension of the stock repurchase program through December 31, 2029 and the repurchase of up to an additional 100 million shares under the extended program. As of March 31, 2025, the Company had 115 million shares remaining under its share repurchase program until December 31, 2029.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following tables set forth the changes in AOCI by component for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025									
	Trans	Currency slation stment		eferred Gain (Loss) on Hedging Activities	Pos	ion and Other stretirement efit Liabilities	Unrealized Gair (Loss) on Investments	ı	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	
Balance at January 1, 2025	\$	(2,999)	\$	126	\$	(100)	\$ (15	5) 5	\$ (2,988)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications		25		12		(20)	(3	)	14	
Gain (loss) on net investment hedges		(158)		_		_	_	-	(158)	
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_		(17)		(2)	_	-	(19)	
Tax effect		38		(1)		6			43	
Net of tax amount		(95)		(6)		(16)	(3	)	(120)	
Balance at March 31, 2025	\$	(3,094)	\$	120	\$	(116)	\$ (18	) !	\$ (3,108)	

	Three months ended March 31, 2024									
	Tra	n Currency anslation justment	D	Deferred Gain (Loss) on Hedging Activities	F	nsion and Other Postretirement enefit Liabilities	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments		ccumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$	(2,539)	\$	158	\$	(108)	\$ 2	\$	(2,487)	
Other comprehensive (loss) before reclassifications		(77)		(50)		(2)	(7)		(136)	
Gain on net investment hedges		84		_		_	_		84	
Amounts reclassified from AOCI		_		(19)		(2)	_		(21)	
Tax effect		(20)		10		1	(1)		(10)	
Net of tax amount		(13)		(59)		(3)	(8)		(83)	
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$	(2,552)	\$	99	\$	(111)	\$ (6)	\$	(2,570)	

The following table sets forth the reclassifications out of AOCI for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

		Amount reclassified Three Months Ended		Afficiated line items in the Court lideted		
Details about AOCI components		2025	2024	Affected line item in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings		
Deferred (Gain) Loss on Hedging Activities						
	\$	(17) \$	(1	Cost of products sold		
	<u>-</u>	(17)	(1	9) Earnings before income tax		
		4		4 Income tax expense		
	\$	(13) \$	(1	5) Net earnings		

The Company's accounting policy is to release the income tax effects from AOCI when the individual units of account are sold, terminated, or extinguished.

#### Note 12. Other Income - Net

The following table sets forth the items in other income - net for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	Three Mon Marc		
	 2025	20:	24
Gains on sale of assets	\$ (8)	\$	(2)
Other – net	 (11)		(24)
Other Income – Net	\$ (19)	\$	(26)

#### Note 13. Segment Information

The Company's operations are organized, managed, and classified into three reportable segments: Ag Services and Oilseeds (AS&O), Carbohydrate Solutions, and Nutrition.

Each of these segments is organized based upon the nature of products and services offered. The Company's remaining operations are not reportable segments, as defined by the applicable accounting standard, and are classified within either Corporate or Other Business.

The reportable segments have been identified based on financial data utilized by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), which is the Company's Chief Executive Officer, who is also the Company's Chair of the Board. The CODM uses segment operating profit as the measurement of segment profit or loss. Separate financial information for the Company's three reportable segments is evaluated by the CODM on a monthly basis to allocate resources and assess performance. The CODM does not use total assets by segment to make decisions regarding resources; therefore, the total asset disclosure by segment has not been included. Operating profit for each segment is based on net sales less identifiable operating expenses. Also included in operating profit for each segment is equity in earnings of affiliates based on the equity method of accounting. Specified items and certain corporate items are not allocated to the Company's individual business segments because operating performance of each business segment is evaluated by the CODM exclusive of these items.

The Ag Services and Oilseeds segment includes global activities related to the origination, merchandising, transportation, and storage of agricultural raw materials, and the crushing and further processing of oilseeds such as soybeans and soft seeds (cottonseed, sunflower seed, canola, rapeseed, and flaxseed) into vegetable oils and protein meals. Oilseeds products produced and marketed by the segment include ingredients for food, feed, energy, and industrial customers. Crude vegetable oils produced by the segment's crushing activities are sold "as is" to manufacturers of renewable green diesel and other customers or are further processed by refining, deodorizing, bleaching, and blending, as applicable, into salad oils. Salad oils are sold "as is" or are further processed by hydrogenating and/or interesterifying into margarine, shortening, and other food products. Partially refined oils are used to produce biodiesel and glycols or are sold to other manufacturers for use in chemicals, paints, and other industrial products. Oilseed protein meals are principally sold to third parties to be used as ingredients in commercial livestock and poultry feeds. The Ag Services and Oilseeds segment is also a major supplier of peanuts and peanut-derived ingredients to both the U.S. and export markets. In North America, cotton cellulose pulp is manufactured and sold to the chemical, paper, and other industrial markets. The Ag Services and Oilseeds segment's grain sourcing, handling, and transportation network (including barge, ocean-going vessel, truck, rail, and container freight services) provides reliable and efficient services to the Company's customers and agricultural processing operations. The Ag Services and Oilseeds segment also includes distribution, and structured trade finance activities. The Company engages in various structured trade finance activities to leverage its global trade flows. This segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investments in Wilmar, Pacificor, LLC, Stratas Food

The Carbohydrate Solutions segment is engaged in corn and wheat wet and dry milling and other activities. The Carbohydrate Solutions segment converts corn and wheat into products and ingredients used in the food and beverage industry including sweeteners, corn and wheat starches, syrup, glucose, wheat flour, and dextrose. Dextrose and starch are used by the Carbohydrate Solutions segment as feedstocks in other downstream processes. By fermentation of dextrose, the Carbohydrate Solutions segment produces alcohol and other food and animal feed ingredients. Ethyl alcohol is produced by the Company for industrial use in products such as hand sanitizers and ethanol for use in gasoline due to its ability to increase octane as an extender and oxygenate. Corn gluten feed and meal, as well as distillers' grains, are produced for use as animal feed ingredients. Corn germ, a by-product of the wet milling process, is further processed into vegetable oil and protein meal. Other Carbohydrate Solutions products include citric acids which are used in various food and industrial products. The Carbohydrate Solutions segment is a leader in carbon capture and sequestration. This segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investments in Hungrana Ltd., Almidones Mexicanos S.A. de C.V., Aston Foods and Food Ingredients, Red Star Yeast Company, LLC, and LSCP, LLP.

The Nutrition segment serves various end markets including food, beverages, and nutritional supplements for humans, and complete feed, feed premix and additives, petfood and pet treats for livestock, aquaculture, and pets. The segment engages in the creation, manufacturing, sale, and distribution of a wide array of ingredients and solutions including plant-based proteins, natural flavors, flavor systems, natural colors, emulsifiers, soluble fiber, polyols, hydrocolloids, probiotics, postbiotics, enzymes, botanical extracts, and other specialty food and feed ingredients and systems. The Nutrition segment also includes activities related to the procurement, processing, and distribution of edible beans, the processing and distribution of formula feeds and animal health and nutrition products and the manufacture of contract and private label pet treats and foods. This segment also includes the Company's share of the results of its equity investments in Vimison S.A. de C.V., ADM Matsutani LLC, Matsutani Singapore Pte. Ltd., Dusial S.A., and Vitafort ZRT.

Other Business results include the Company's financial business units related to futures commission and insurance activities. Corporate results principally include unallocated corporate expenses, interest cost net of interest income, and revaluation gains and losses on cost method investments and the share of the results of equity investments in early-stage start-up companies.

Intersegment sales have been recorded using principles consistent with ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

# Segment Information for the Three Months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024

The following tables present data by reportable segment (in millions).

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025							
	Ag and	g Services d Oilseeds		Carbohydrate Solutions		Nutrition		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	15,675	\$	2,571	\$	1,817	\$	20,063
Other Business								112
Total consolidated revenue							\$	20,175
Less:								
Cost of materials		14,339		1,602		1,139		
Manufacturing costs		881		677		319		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses		193		82		278		
Other segment items <sup>(1)</sup>		(150)		(30)		(14)		
Segment operating profit	\$	412	\$	240	\$	95	\$	747
Reconciliation of segment operating profit								
Other Business								96
Corporate								(441)
Specified items:								
Impairment, exit, restructuring charges, and settlement contingencies <sup>(2)</sup>								(49)
Earnings before income taxes							\$	353

(1) Other segment items for each reportable segment include:

Ag Services and Oilseeds: Equity in the earnings of affiliates; interest and investment income/expense, and other income/expense.

Carbohydrate Solutions: Equity in the earnings of affiliates and other income/expense.

Nutrition: Equity in the earnings of affiliates and other income/expense.

<sup>(2)</sup> These charges were related to restructuring and a contingent loss settlement provision.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024							
	Ag	Services Oilseeds		Carbohydrate Solutions		Nutrition		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	17,219	\$	2,683	\$	1,836	\$	21,738
Other Business								109
Total consolidated revenue							\$	21,847
Less:								
Cost of materials		15,482		1,732		1,164		
Manufacturing costs		833		641		298		
Selling, general, and administrative expenses		242		92		296		
Other segment items <sup>(1)</sup>		(202)		(30)		(6)		
Segment operating profit	\$	864	\$	248	\$	84	\$	1,196
Reconciliation of segment operating profit								
Other Business								121
Corporate								(426)
Specified items:								
Gains on sales of assets and businesses								_
Impairment, exit, restructuring charges, and settlement contingencies $^{(2)}$								(6)

Earnings before income taxes

(1) Other segment items for each reportable segment include:

Ag Services and Oilseeds: Equity in the earnings of affiliates; interest and investment income/expense; and other income/expense.

Carbohydrate Solutions: Equity in the earnings of affiliates and other income/expense.

Nutrition: Equity in the earnings of affiliates and other income/expense.

(2) These charges were related to the impairment of certain long-lived assets and restructuring

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# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(In millions)	Thr	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	20	25	2024				
Intersegment revenue							
Ag Services and Oilseeds	\$	421 \$	426				
Carbohydrate Solutions		199	208				
Nutrition		19	13				
Total intersegment revenue	\$	639 \$	647				
Depreciation expense							
Ag Services and Oilseeds	\$	100 \$	92				
Carbohydrate Solutions	·	75	75				
Nutrition		37	36				
Total segment depreciation expense		212	203				
Other Business		2	2				
Corporate		10	9				
Total depreciation expense	\$	224 \$	214				
Amortization expense							
Ag Services and Oilseeds	\$	3 \$	3				
Carbohydrate Solutions		1	2				
Nutrition		39	39				
Total segment amortization expense		43	44				
Corporate		20	22				
Total amortization expense	\$	63 \$	66				
Interest and investment income							
	¢	21 6	9				
Ag Services and Oilseeds	<u>\$</u>	21 \$	9				
Total segment interest and investment income Other Business							
		97	119				
Corporate	<u></u>	20	(5)				
Total interest and investment income	<u>\$</u>	138 \$	123				
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates							
Ag Services and Oilseeds	\$	110 \$	180				
Carbohydrate Solutions		29	32				
Nutrition		7	5				
Total segment equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates		146	217				
Corporate		(2)	(5)				
Total equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates	\$	144 \$	212				

#### Note 14. Asset Impairment, Exit, and Restructuring Costs

The following table sets forth the charges for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	 Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2025		2024	
Restructuring and exit costs (1)	\$ 38	\$	15	
Impairment charge - other long-lived assets (2)	_		3	
Total asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs	\$ 38	\$	18	

- (1) On February 4, 2025, the Company announced a restructuring program that is expected to deliver in excess of \$500 million of cost savings by fiscal 2029. The restructuring program has several initiatives including improvements in manufacturing costs, reductions in purchased materials and services, and targeted workforce reductions, and is designed to help the Company achieve cost efficiencies. The three months ended March 31, 2025 included restructuring charges (primarily employee termination benefits) of \$23 million, \$5 million, \$4 million, and \$4 million within the Ag Services and Oilseeds segment, Carbohydrate Solutions segment, Nutrition segment, and Corporate, respectively, presented as specified items. The three months ended March 31, 2024 included restructuring charges of \$3 million and \$12 million within the Nutrition segment and Corporate, respectively, both presented as specified items.
- (2) The three months ended March 31, 2024 included impairments related to certain long-lived assets of \$3 million within the Nutrition segment, presented as a specified item.

#### Note 15. Sale of Accounts Receivable

The Company has an accounts receivable securitization program (the "First Program") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers (collectively, the "First Purchasers"). Under the First Program, certain U.S.-originated trade accounts receivable are sold to a wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote entity, ADM Receivables"). ADM Receivables transfers certain of the purchased accounts receivable to each of the First Purchasers together with a security interest in all of its right, title, and interest in the remaining purchased accounts receivable. In exchange, ADM Receivables receives a cash payment of up to \$1.7 billion for the accounts receivable transferred. The First Program terminates on May 16, 2025, unless extended.

The Company also has an accounts receivable securitization program (the "Second Program") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers (collectively, the "Second Purchasers"). Under the Second Program, certain non-U.S.-originated trade accounts receivable are sold to a wholly-owned bankruptcy-remote entity, ADM Ireland Receivables Company ("ADM Ireland Receivables"). ADM Ireland Receivables transfers certain of the purchased accounts receivable to each of the Second Purchasers together with a security interest in all of its right, title, and interest in the remaining purchased accounts receivable. In exchange, ADM Ireland Receivables receives a cash payment of up to \$1.2 billion (€1.1 billion) for the accounts receivables transferred. The Second Program terminates on May 19, 2025, unless extended.

Under the First and Second Programs (collectively, the "Programs"), ADM Receivables and ADM Ireland Receivables use the cash proceeds from the transfer of receivables to the First Purchasers and Second Purchasers (collectively, the "Purchasers") and other consideration, as applicable, to finance the purchase of receivables from the Company and the ADM subsidiaries originating the receivables. The Company accounts for these transfers as sales of accounts receivable. The Company acts as a servicer for the transferred receivables. At March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company did not record a servicing asset or liability related to its retained responsibility, based on its assessment of the servicing fee, market values for similar transactions, and its cost of servicing the receivables sold.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the fair value of trade receivables transferred to the Purchasers under the Programs and derecognized from the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets was \$2.1 billion and \$2.0 billion, respectively. Total receivables sold were \$11.3 billion and \$12.3 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Cash collections from customers on receivables sold were \$11.3 billion and \$11.8 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. All cash flows under the Programs are classified as operating activities because the cash received from the Purchasers upon both the sale and the collection of the receivables is not subject to significant interest rate risk given the short-term nature of the Company's trade receivables. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, receivables pledged as collateral to the Purchasers was \$625 million and \$693 million, respectively.

Transfers of receivables under the Programs resulted in an expense for the loss on sale of \$20 million and \$27 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which is classified as selling, general, and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

#### Note 16. Supplier Finance Programs

The Company has Supplier Payable Programs ("SPP") with financial institutions which act as its paying agents for payables due to certain of its suppliers. The Company has neither an economic interest in a supplier's participation in the SPP nor a direct financial relationship with the financial institutions, and has concluded that its obligations to the suppliers, including amounts due and scheduled payment terms, are not impacted by their participation in the SPP. Accordingly, amounts associated with the SPP continue to be classified in trade payables in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets and in operating activities in its Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The supplier invoices that have been confirmed as valid under the program require payment in full generally within 90 days of the invoice date.

Changes to the outstanding payment obligations were as follows (in millions).

	1	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2025		2024		
Opening balance, January 1	\$	222	\$	274		
Obligations confirmed		275		257		
Obligations paid		(221)		(256)		
Closing balance, March 31	\$	276	\$	275		

#### Note 17. Legal Proceedings

The Company is routinely involved in a number of actual or threatened legal actions, including those involving alleged personal injuries, employment law, product liability, intellectual property, environmental issues, alleged tax liability, and class actions. The Company also routinely receives inquiries from regulators and other government authorities relating to various aspects of its business, and at any given time, the Company has matters at various stages of resolution. The outcomes of these matters are not within the Company's complete control and may not be known for prolonged periods of time. In some actions, claimants seek damages, as well as other relief including injunctive relief, that could require significant expenditures or result in lost revenues.

In accordance with applicable accounting standards, the Company records a liability in its Consolidated Financial Statements for material loss contingencies when a loss is known or considered probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If the reasonable estimate of a known or probable loss is a range, and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other, the minimum amount of the range is accrued. If a material loss contingency is reasonably possible but not known or probable, and can be reasonably estimated, the estimated loss or range of loss is disclosed in the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. When determining the estimated loss or range of loss, significant judgment is required to estimate the amount and timing of a loss to be recorded. Estimates of probable losses resulting from litigation and governmental proceedings involving the Company are inherently difficult to predict, particularly when the matters are in early procedural stages, with incomplete facts or legal discovery; involve unsubstantiated or indeterminate claims for damages; potentially involve penalties, fines, disgorgement, or punitive damages; or could result in a change in business practice.

The Company's estimated loss or range of loss with respect to loss contingencies may change from time to time, and it is reasonably possible the Company will incur actual losses in excess of the amounts currently accrued and such additional amounts may be material. While the Company continues to work with parties with respect to potential resolution, no assurance can be given that it will be successful in doing so and the Company cannot predict the outcome of these matters.

#### Commodities Class Actions

On September 4, 2019, AOT Holding AG ("AOT") filed a putative class action under the U.S. Commodities Exchange Act in federal district court in Urbana, Illinois, alleging that the Company sought to manipulate the benchmark price used to price and settle ethanol derivatives traded on futures exchanges. On March 16, 2021, AOT filed an amended complaint adding a second named plaintiff Maize Capital Group, LLC ("Maize"). AOT and Maize allege that members of the putative class collectively suffered damages calculated to be between approximately \$500 million to over \$2.0 billion as a result of the Company's alleged actions. On July 14, 2020, Green Plains Inc. and its related entities ("GP") filed a putative class action lawsuit, alleging substantially the same operative facts, in federal court in Nebraska, seeking to represent sellers of ethanol. On July 23, 2020, Midwest Renewable Energy, LLC ("MRE") filed a putative class action in federal court in Illinois alleging substantially the same operative facts and asserting claims under the Sherman Act. On November 11, 2020, United Wisconsin Grain Producers LLC ("UWGP") and five other ethanol producers filed a lawsuit in federal court in Illinois alleging substantially the same facts and asserting claims under the Sherman Act and Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin law. The court granted ADM's motion to dismiss the MRE and UWGP complaints without prejudice on August 9, 2021 and September 28, 2021, respectively. On August 16, 2021, the court granted ADM's motion to dismiss the GP complaint, dismissing one claim with prejudice and declining jurisdiction over the remaining state law claim. MRE filed an amended complaint on August 30, 2021, which ADM moved to dismiss on September 27, 2021. The court denied ADM's motion to dismiss on September 26, 2023. On May 17, 2024, the court stayed MRE's case pending a decision in UWGP's appeal, described below. UWGP filed an amended complaint on October 19, 2021, which the court dismissed on July 12, 2022. UWGP has appealed the dismissal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit. On October 26, 2021, GP filed a new complaint in Nebraska federal district court, alleging substantially the same facts and asserting a claim for tortious interference with contractual relations. The case was transferred back to the Central District of Illinois, and on December 30, 2022, the court dismissed GP's complaint with prejudice. GP appealed the dismissal, and on January 12, 2024, the appellate court vacated the dismissal and remanded the case to the district court for further proceedings. On March 8, 2024, GP filed an amended complaint, which ADM moved to dismiss. On December 3, 2024, the court issued a decision on ADM's motion to dismiss GP's amended complaint, denying one ground for dismissal and certifying a question of law to the Nebraska Supreme Court before deciding the other ground.

The Company denies liability, and is vigorously defending itself in these actions. As these actions are in pretrial proceedings, the Company is unable at this time to predict the final outcome with any reasonable degree of certainty, but believes the outcome will not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### Government Investigations

As previously disclosed, the Company is under investigation by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Department of Justice ("DOJ") relating to, among other things, intersegment sales between the Company's Nutrition segment and the Company's Ag Services and Oilseeds and Carbohydrate Solutions segments. The Company is continuing to cooperate with the SEC and DOJ investigations and is unable to predict the outcome of these investigations.

#### Shareholder Litigation

As previously disclosed, on January 24, 2024, following the Company's announcement of an investigation relating to intersegment sales, a purported stockholder of the Company filed a putative securities fraud class action in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against the Company and certain of its current and former officers (collectively, the "Defendants"). On March 12, 2025, the court denied Defendants' motions to dismiss. The Company intends to continue to vigorously defend against these claims. However, given the uncertainty of litigation, the Company is unable to predict the final outcome of this proceeding with any reasonable degree of certainty, nor does it currently have sufficient information to estimate a reasonably possible loss or range of loss with respect to this matter.

Also, as previously disclosed, beginning on March 29, 2024, purported stockholders of the Company filed a number of related derivative lawsuits against certain current and former officers and directors of the Company, seeking unspecified damages. The initial actions were consolidated in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware. Separately, on March 28, 2025, a purported stockholder filed a derivative lawsuit in the Chancery Court of Delaware against certain current and former officers and directors of the Company, seeking unspecified damages. On April 14, 2025, a purported stockholder filed a derivative lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against certain current and former officers and directors of the Company, seeking unspecified damages; that action has been transferred to the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware. The Company is unable to predict the final outcome of these proceedings with any reasonable degree of certainty.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, which can be found in Part I. Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Company Overview

Archer-Daniels-Midland Company and its subsidiaries (the "Company" or "ADM") unlock the power of nature to enrich the quality of life. The Company is an essential global agricultural supply chain manager and processor, providing food security by connecting local needs with global capabilities. ADM is a premier human and animal nutrition provider, offering one of the industry's broadest portfolios of ingredients and solutions from nature. The Company is a trailblazer in health and well-being, with an industry-leading range of products for consumers looking for new ways to live healthier lives. ADM is a cutting-edge innovator, guiding the way to a future of new bio-based consumer and industrial solutions. ADM is a leader in business-driven sustainability efforts that support a strong agricultural sector, resilient supply chains, and a vast and growing bioeconomy. Around the globe, the Company's expertise and innovation are meeting critical needs from harvest to home.

## Reportable Segments

The Company's operations are organized, managed, and classified into three reportable segments: Ag Services and Oilseeds, Carbohydrate Solutions, and Nutrition. The Company's remaining operations are not reportable segments, as defined by the applicable accounting standard, and are classified within either Corporate or Other Business.

See Part I. Item 1. Note 13. Segment Information of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" for further details on the nature of our business and our reportable operating segments.

## 2025 Strategy

The Company's goal is to continue to build and sustain long-term value for our shareholders and customers. The Company believes the following mid-term priorities will help create value for its shareholders:

- Focus on execution and cost management ADM seeks to prioritize operational excellence and driving targeted cost reductions through: (1) boosting plant efficiencies and restoring operations at the Decatur East plant; (2) optimizing operating leverage within the Nutrition segment; and (3) reducing third party spend and selling, general, and administrative expenses.
- Strategic simplification ADM seeks to enhance returns on invested capital by executing a pipeline of simplification opportunities to optimize our portfolio and organizational structure, including: (1) addressing performance, demand, and capacity challenges; (2) reducing capital expenditures that do not meet the Company's return objectives; and (3) reducing capability overlaps through synergies, closures, and divestitures.
- Targeted growth investment ADM seeks to prioritize organic investment in key strategic initiatives, while also ensuring our businesses are ready for the future, including: (1) plant modernization investments; (2) cost optimization investments; and (3) enterprise system and process enhancements.
- Deploy capital with discipline ADM seeks to prudently invest in opportunities. The Company also expects to continue returning cash to shareholders
  through dividends and share repurchases as appropriate.

## Sustainability

Sustainability is a key driver in ADM's expanding portfolio of environmentally responsible, plant-derived products. Consumers today increasingly expect their food and drink to come from sustainable ingredients, produced by companies that share their values, and ADM is continually finding new ways to meet those needs through its portfolio actions.

#### Significant Portfolio Actions

ADM's recent significant portfolio actions and announcements, in the quarter, include:

• The acquisition in January 2025 of Vandamme Hugaria Kft, a 700 metric ton/day non-genetically modified crush and extraction facility based in Hugary. See Note 4. Acquisitions of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

#### Restructuring Program

On February 4, 2025, the Company announced a restructuring program that is expected to deliver in excess of \$500 million of annual cost savings by fiscal 2029. The restructuring program has several initiatives including improvements in manufacturing costs, targeted workforce reductions, divestitures of non-strategic businesses, and monetization of investments, and is designed to help the Company achieve cost efficiencies. See Note 14. Asset Impairment, Exit, and Restructuring Costs in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1, "Financial Statements" of this Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding restructuring related charges.

#### Government Investigation

As previously disclosed, the Company is under investigation by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Department of Justice ("DOJ") relating to, among other things, intersegment sales between the Company's Nutrition reporting segment and the Company's Ag Services and Oilseeds and Carbohydrate Solutions reporting segments. The Company is continuing to cooperate with the SEC and DOJ investigations and is unable to predict the outcome of these investigations.

#### Material Weakness

As previously disclosed, the Company identified a material weakness in the Company's internal control over financial reporting related to its accounting practices and procedures for segment disclosures. For more information, see "Controls and Procedures" in Part I. Item 4 herein.

#### **Operating Performance Indicators**

The Company's Ag Services and Oilseeds and Carbohydrate Solutions segments are principally agricultural commodity-based businesses where changes in selling prices move in relationship to changes in prices of the commodity-based agricultural raw materials. As a result, changes in agricultural commodity prices have relatively equal impacts on both revenues and cost of products sold. Therefore, margins per volume or metric ton generally are meaningful as performance indicators in these businesses.

The Nutrition segment also utilizes agricultural commodities (or products derived from agricultural commodities) as raw materials. However, in these operations, agricultural commodity market price changes do not necessarily correlate to changes in cost of products sold. Therefore, changes in revenues of these businesses may correspond to changes in margins. Therefore, margins rates generally are meaningful as a performance indicator in these businesses.

The Company has consolidated subsidiaries in approximately 78 countries. For the majority of the Company's subsidiaries located outside the United States, the local currency is the functional currency except for certain significant subsidiaries in Switzerland where Euro is the functional currency, and Brazil and Argentina where U.S. dollar is the functional currency. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the applicable periods. For the majority of the Company's business activities in Brazil and Argentina, the functional currency is the U.S. dollar, however, certain transactions, including taxes, occur in local currency and require remeasurement to the functional currency. Changes in revenues are expected to be correlated to changes in expenses reported by the Company caused by fluctuations in the exchange rates of foreign currencies, primarily the Euro, British pound, Canadian dollar, and Brazilian real, as compared to the U.S. dollar.

The Company measures its performance using key financial metrics including net earnings, adjusted diluted earnings per share (EPS), margins, segment operating profit, total segment operating profit, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA), adjusted EBITDA, return on invested capital, adjusted economic value added, and operating cash flows before working capital. Some of these metrics are not defined by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP) and should be considered in addition to, and not in lieu of, GAAP financial measures. For further information, see the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section below.

The Company's financial results can vary significantly due to changes in factors such as fluctuations in energy prices, weather conditions, crop plantings, government programs and policies, trade policies, changes in global demand, general global economic conditions, changes in standards of living, global production of similar and competitive crops, and geopolitical developments. Due to the unpredictable nature of these and other factors, the Company undertakes no responsibility for updating any forward-looking information contained within "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

#### Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

Market Factors Influencing Operations or Results in the Three Months Ended March 31, 2025

The Company is subject to a variety of market factors which affect the Company's operating results.

In the Ag Services and Oilseeds segment, increased global supplies of grains and oilseeds, higher projected ending stocks-to-use ratios, and tariff and trade policy uncertainty resulted in compressed margins and limited forward commitments by customers. Ag Services was negatively impacted in North America by a decrease in exports due to a large South American harvest, market trade uncertainties, including the absence of a milo export program with China, and a reduction in exportable surplus from Europe, Middle East, and Africa (EMEA), and India. In Crushing and Refined Products and Other (RPO), increased industry capacity lowered margins for North American soy and canola, while EMEA biodiesel margins declined due to biofuel and trade policy uncertainty.

In the Carbohydrate Solutions segment, strong export demand for ethanol helped offset higher industry production, which helped minimize the imbalance between production and domestic demand. For Starches and Sweeteners, North America saw lower starch margins due to demand softness in the paper and corrugated markets. EMEA saw higher corn costs and increased competition.

In the Nutrition segment, Human Nutrition demand was mixed across food and beverage categories as affordability remains a primary concern for consumers. In Animal Nutrition, declining commodity markets led to decreased spending, although additive markets experienced modest growth.

Analysis of Results of Operations

Earnings before income taxes decreased \$532 million from \$885 million to \$353 million primarily driven by lower pricing and execution margins, in addition to lower equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates.

Total segment operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) decreased \$449 million from \$1.2 billion to \$747 million driven by lower results in the Ag Services and Oilseeds segment. Total segment operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) in the three months ended March 31, 2025 excluded restructuring and net settlement contingencies of \$49 million. Total segment operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) in the three months ended March 31, 2024 excluded asset impairment and restructuring charges of \$6 million.

Total segment operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) is reconciled to earnings before income taxes, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section below.

Processed volumes by certain products for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows (in metric tons).

# Three Months Ended March 31,

(In thousands)	2025	2024	Change
Oilseeds	9,091	9,387	(296)
Com	4,581	4,407	174

The Company generally operates its production facilities, on an overall basis, at or near capacity, adjusting facilities individually, as needed, to react to the current margin environment and seasonal local supply and demand conditions. The overall decrease in processed oilseeds volumes was primarily related to lower North America crush volumes in the current year quarter due to unplanned plant downtime. The overall increase in processed corn volumes was primarily related to increased plant reliability and utilization in the current year quarter due to decreased unplanned plant downtime when compared to the prior year quarter.

Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, were as follows (in millions):

#### Three Months Ended March 31

	March 31,		
	2025	2024	Change
Ag Services and Oilseeds			
Ag Services	\$ 10,536 \$	11,197	\$ (661)
Crushing	2,639	3,327	(688)
Refined Products and Other	2,500	2,695	(195)
Total Ag Services and Oilseeds	15,675	17,219	(1,544)
Carbohydrate Solutions			
Starches and Sweeteners	1,937	2,156	(219)
Vantage Corn Processors	634	527	107
Total Carbohydrate Solutions	 2,571	2,683	(112)
Nutrition			
Human Nutrition	998	964	34
Animal Nutrition	819	872	(53)
Total Nutrition	1,817	1,836	(19)
Total Segment Revenues	20,063	21,738	(1,675)
Other Business	112	109	2
Other Dusiness	112	109	3
Total Revenues	\$ 20,175 \$	21,847	\$ (1,672)

Revenues and cost of products sold in agricultural merchandising and processing businesses are significantly correlated to the underlying commodity prices and volumes. In periods of significant changes in market prices, the underlying performance of the Company is better evaluated by looking at margins since both revenues and cost of products sold, particularly in the Ag Services and Oilseeds segment, generally have a relatively equal impact from market price changes which generally result in an insignificant impact to gross profit.

Revenues decreased \$1.7 billion to \$20.2 billion driven by lower sales prices (\$2.0 billion), partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$291 million). Lower sales prices of meal, soybeans, and biodiesel and lower sales volumes of sorghum were partially offset by higher sales volumes of com, oils, flavors, and ethanol. Ag Services and Oilseeds revenues decreased 9% to \$15.7 billion driven by lower sales prices (\$1.7 billion), partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$143 million). Carbohydrate Solutions revenues decreased 4% to \$2.6 billion driven by lower sales prices (\$138 million), partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$26 million). Nutrition revenues decreased 1% to \$1.8 billion driven by lower sales prices (\$141 million), partially offset by higher sales volumes (\$122 million).

Cost of products sold decreased \$1.2 billion to \$19.0 billion primarily driven by lower average commodity costs. Manufacturing expenses increased \$113 million to \$1.9 billion, driven by increases in maintenance expenses due to work performed at Ag Services & Oilseeds facilities in Decatur, Illinois and higher grind at Carbohydrates Solutions facilities and increases in energy pricing in EMEA.

Gross profit decreased \$479 million, or 29%, to \$1.2 billion driven by a decrease in margins of \$286 million, \$123 million, \$64 million, and \$42 million for Crushing, Ag Services, Starches and Sweeteners, and Refined Products and Other, respectively, partially offset by a margin increase of \$45 million in Vantage Com Processors.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses decreased \$19 million to \$932 million, driven by decreased employee compensation costs and lower financing fees, partially offset by higher legal fees.

Asset impairment, exit, and restructuring costs increased \$20 million to \$38 million. Charges in the current year quarter were driven by the Company's restructuring program announced in February 2025, and included \$34 million of reportable segment specific restructuring charges and \$4 million of restructuring in Corporate. Charges in the prior year quarter consisted of \$3 million of impairments related to certain long-lived assets and \$3 million of restructuring charges within reportable segments, and restructuring of \$12 million in Corporate.

Equity in earnings of unconsolidated affiliates decreased \$68 million to \$144 million driven by lower earnings from the Company's investments in Wilmar, partially offset by higher earnings from the Company's investment in Olenex Sarl and SoyVen.

Interest and investment income increased \$15 million to \$138 million, primarily driven by investment valuation gains in the current year quarter of \$1 million compared to prior year quarter investment valuation losses of \$16 million.

Interest expense decreased \$8 million to \$158 million driven by lower interest rates.

Other income — net decreased \$7 million to \$19 million, driven by provisions for contingent losses of \$23 million, partially offset by gains on sales of marketable securities of \$17 million.

Income tax expense decreased \$105 million to \$61 million. The Company's effective tax rate for three months ended March 31, 2025 was 17.3% compared to 18.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the impact of discrete tax items in the prior year quarter.

Three Months Ended

Segment operating profit for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was as follows (in millions).

	Tifree Mo	nuis	rnaea		
March 31,					
	2025		2024		Change
\$	159	\$	232	\$	(73)
	47		313		(266)
	134		170		(36)
	72		149		(77)
\$	412	\$	864	\$	(452)
\$	207	\$	261	\$	(54)
	33		(13)		46
\$	240	\$	248	\$	(8)
\$	75	\$	76	\$	(1)
					12
s		\$		S	11
	\$	\$ 159 47 134 72 \$ 412  \$ 207 33 \$ 240  \$ 75 20	\$ 159 \$ 47 134 72 \$ 412 \$ \$ 33 \$ 240 \$ \$	\$     159     \$     232       47     313       134     170       72     149       \$     412     \$     864       \$     207     \$     261       33     (13)       \$     240     \$     248       \$     75     \$     76       20     8	March 31,   2024

<sup>(1)</sup> For the first quarter ended March 31, 2025, segment operating profit for the Ag Services and Oilseeds, Carbohydrate Solutions and Nutrition segments included a positive impact of timing-related adjustments for incentive compensation payouts of \$45 million, \$12 million, and \$20 million, respectively. The offsetting adjustment of \$77 million was recorded in Corporate with no net impact to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

In the Ag Services and Oilseeds segment, segment operating profit decreased 52%. The Ag Services subsegment had lower operating profit compared to the prior year quarter, driven by a decrease in volumes and margins, primarily due to increased global supplies of grains and oilseeds, higher projected ending stocks-to-use ratios, and tariff and trade policy uncertainty. Margins were also impacted by negative mark-to-market timing impacts during the quarter and the impact of certain export duties. These impacts were partially offset by higher destination marketing volumes and related margins in the quarter. The Ag Services subsegment had approximately \$30 million of net negative mark-to-market timing impacts during the quarter, compared to approximately \$18 million of net positive impacts in the prior year quarter. The Crushing subsegment had lower operating profit versus the prior year quarter, driven by lower margins due to increased industry capacity, competitive meal exports from Argentina, higher manufacturing costs, and lower vegetable oil demand due to biofuel and trade policy uncertainty; these were partially offset by improved margins and volumes in South American Crushing. The Crushing subsegment had approximately \$4 million of net positive mark-to-market timing impacts during the quarter, compared to approximately \$40 million of net positive impacts in the prior year quarter. The RPO subsegment operating profit was lower than the prior year quarter, as lower vegetable oil demand and biofuel and trade policy uncertainty negatively impacted biodiesel margins in Europe and North America. Softer oil demand in North America and increased crush capacity also negatively impacted refining margins compared to the prior year quarter. RPO had approximately \$40 million of net positive mark-to-market timing impacts during the quarter, compared to approximately \$30 million of net negative impacts in the prior year quarter. Wilmar earnings decreased by \$77 million to \$72 million in the current year quarter.

In the Carbohydrate Solutions segment, segment operating profit decreased 3% compared to the prior year quarter. The Starches and Sweeteners subsegment operating profit was lower compared to the prior year quarter driven by lower North American starch margins, lower EMEA Starches and Sweeteners volumes and margins, and higher manufacturing costs. North American liquid sweetener margins and global wheat milling margins and volumes improved relative to the prior year quarter. The Vantage Corn Processors subsegment operating profit increased compared to the prior year quarter, driven by higher ethanol volumes and improved margins.

In the Nutrition segment, segment operating profit increased 13%. Human Nutrition results were flat compared to the prior year quarter. Flavors results were higher compared to the prior year quarter driven by higher volumes and margins. Specialty Ingredients results were lower compared to the prior year quarter driven by lower margins. In Health and Wellness, lower operating profit was driven by certain negative valuation adjustments. Animal Nutrition operating profit was higher compared to the prior year quarter, driven by improved market conditions, leading to higher margins, and cost optimization efforts.

Other Business and Corporate Results

Other Business contribution of operating profit decreased 21% from \$121 million to \$96 million. Lower net interest income due to lower customer deposit balances drove decreased operating profit in ADM Investor Services. Captive insurance results were lower driven by decreased interest income.

Three Months Ended

Corporate results for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows (in millions):

	1111 00 112	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	Mar	March 31,		
	2025	2024	Change	
Interest expense-net (1)	(100)	(110)	10	
Unallocated corporate function costs (2)	(352)	(304)	(48)	
Restructuring charges (3)	(5)	(12)	7	
Other income — net <sup>(4)</sup>	16		16	
Total Corporate	\$ (441)	\$ (426)	\$ (15)	

- (1) Interest expense-net decreased, driven by higher interest income on tax receivables and higher capitalized interest, partially offset by higher interest costs on outstanding debt.
- (2) Unallocated corporate function costs increased, primarily driven by timing-related incentive compensation adjustments, partially offset by lower technological spend.
- (3) Restructuring charges decreased, driven by lower severance charges.
- (4) Other income includes foreign exchange gains and losses. The prior year quarter also included valuation losses related to an ADM Ventures investment.

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The Company uses certain "non-GAAP" financial measures as defined by the SEC. These are measures of performance not defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and should be considered in addition to, not in lieu of, GAAP reported measures. Reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are included in this section.

The Company uses adjusted net earnings, adjusted diluted EPS, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, and total segment operating profit, non-GAAP financial measures as defined by the SEC, to evaluate the Company's financial performance.

Adjusted net earnings is defined as net earnings adjusted for the effects on net earnings of specified items as more fully described in the reconciliation tables. Adjusted diluted EPS is defined as diluted EPS adjusted for the effects on reported diluted EPS of specified items as more fully described in the reconciliation tables.

EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest on borrowings, taxes, and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest on borrowings, taxes, depreciation, and amortization, adjusted to exclude the impact of specified items as more fully described in the reconciliation tables.

Total segment operating profit is defined as ADM's consolidated earnings before income taxes, adjusted for Other Business, Corporate, and specified items as more fully described in the reconciliation tables.

Management believes that adjusted net earnings, adjusted diluted EPS, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, and total segment operating profit are useful measures of the Company's performance because they provide investors additional information about the Company's operations allowing better evaluation of underlying business performance and better period-to-period comparability.

Adjusted net earnings, adjusted diluted EPS, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, and total segment operating profit are not intended to replace or be an alternative to net earnings, diluted EPS, and earnings before income taxes, the most directly comparable amounts reported under GAAP.

The table below provides a reconciliation of net earnings (the most directly comparable GAAP measure) to adjusted net earnings (a non-GAAP measure) and diluted EPS (the most directly comparable GAAP measure) to adjusted diluted EPS (a non-GAAP measure) for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 In millions Per share In millions Per share Average number of shares outstanding - diluted 483 514 Net earnings and reported EPS (diluted) \$ 295 \$ 0.61 \$ 729 \$ 1.42 Adjustments: Impairment, exit, restructuring charges, and settlement contingencies (net of tax of \$11 million in 2025 and \$0 million in 2024)  $^{(1)}$ 43 0.09 18 0.03 0.01 Certain discrete tax adjustments 3 0.09 43 0.04 21 Total adjustments 338 750 0.70 1.46 Adjusted net earnings and adjusted diluted EPS \$ \$

The table below provides a reconciliation of net earnings (the most directly comparable GAAP measure) to EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) and adjusted EBITDA (a non-GAAP measure) for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

	Т	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2025		2024	
Net Earnings Attributable to Archer-Daniels-Midland Company	\$	295 \$	729	
Net (losses) attributable to non-controlling interests		(3)	(10)	
Income tax expense		61	166	
Earnings Before Income Taxes	·	353	885	
Interest expense (1)		116	115	
Depreciation and amortization (2)		284	280	
EBITDA		753	1,280	
Impairment, exit, restructuring charges and settlement contingencies		54	_	
Expenses related to acquisitions		_	18	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	807 \$	1,298	

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents interest expense on borrowings and therefore excludes ADM Investor Services related interest expense.

<sup>(1)</sup> Tax effected using the U.S. and other applicable tax rates.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes \$3 million of accelerated depreciation recorded within restructuring charges as a specified item for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

The table below provides a reconciliation of earnings before income taxes (the most directly comparable GAAP measure) to total segment operating profit (a non-GAAP measure) for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions).

		Three Months Ended March 31,		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2025		2024
Earnings Before Income Taxes	\$	353	\$	885
Other Business (earnings)		(96)		(121)
Corporate		441		426
Specified Items:				
Impairment, exit, restructuring charges and settlement contingencies		49		6
Total Segment Operating Profit	\$	747	\$	1,196

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's objective is to have sufficient liquidity, balance sheet strength, and financial flexibility to fund the operating and capital requirements of a capital-intensive agricultural commodity-based business. The Company depends on access to credit markets, which can be impacted by its credit rating and factors outside of the Company's control, to fund its working capital needs and capital expenditures.

The primary source of funds to finance the Company's operations, capital expenditures, and advancement of its growth strategy is cash generated by operations and lines of credit, including a commercial paper borrowing facility and accounts receivable securitization programs. In addition, the Company believes it has access to funds from public and private equity and debt capital markets in both U.S. and international markets.

At March 31, 2025, the Company's capital resources included shareholders' equity of \$22.1 billion and lines of credit, including the accounts receivable securitization programs described below, totaling \$12.4 billion, of which \$7.6 billion was unused. Of the Company's total lines of credit, \$5.1 billion supported the combined U.S. and European commercial paper borrowing programs, against which there was \$2.6 billion of commercial paper outstanding at March 31, 2025.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had \$864 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$633 million of which was cash held by foreign subsidiaries whose undistributed earnings are considered indefinitely reinvested. Based on the Company's historical ability to generate sufficient cash flows from its U.S. operations and unused and available U.S. credit capacity of \$3.2 billion, the Company has asserted that these funds are indefinitely reinvested outside the U.S.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company had total available liquidity of \$8.4 billion comprised of cash and cash equivalents and unused lines of credit. The Company believes that cash flows from operations, cash and cash equivalents on hand, and unused lines of credit will be sufficient to meet its ongoing liquidity requirements for at least the next twelve months.

#### Operating Cash Flows

Cash (used in) provided by operating activities was \$(342) million and \$700 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily driven by lower earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and changes in net working capital. Changes in net working capital were driven by changes in segregated investments, payables to brokerage customers, trade receivables, inventory, and trade payables.

Segregated investments decreased \$220 million compared to an increase of \$159 million in the prior year quarter and brokerage payables decreased \$79 million compared to an increase of \$319 million in the prior year quarter, both driven by decreased customer balances in the brokerage business due to market uncertainty.

Trade receivables increased by \$655 million in the current quarter compared to a decrease of \$61 million in the prior year quarter, primarily driven by the timing of sales in South America.

Inventories and trade payables decreased \$137 million and \$423 million, respectively, compared to a decrease of \$295 million and \$713 million, respectively, in the prior year quarter, reflecting increased procurement in the current quarter, driven by timing and an improved harvest in South America.

#### Investing Cash Flows

Net cash used in investing activities was \$129 million and \$1.2 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2025 included additions to property, plant and equipment of \$291 million and a business acquisition, net of cash acquired of \$90 million, partially offset by proceeds from sales of marketable securities of \$248 million.

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2024 included additions to property, plant and equipment of \$328 million and business acquisitions, net of cash acquired of \$915 million.

#### Financing Cash Flows

Net cash provided by (used in) in financing activities was \$587 million and \$(2) million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 included net borrowings under short-term credit agreements of \$863 million and \$1.6 billion, respectively.

No share repurchases were made in the three months ended March 31, 2025. Share repurchases for the three months ended March 31, 2024 were \$1.3 billion.

Dividends paid for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were \$247 million and \$257 million, respectively.

## Financial Ratios

At March 31, 2025, the Company had a current ratio, defined as current assets divided by current liabilities, of 1.4 to 1. Included in working capital at March 31, 2025 was \$7.0 billion of readily marketable commodity inventories.

The Company's ratio of long-term debt to total capital (the sum of long-term debt of \$7.6 billion and shareholders' equity of \$22.1 billion at March 31, 2025 and the sum of long-term debt of \$7.6 billion and shareholders' equity of \$22.2 billion at December 31, 2024) was 26% and 25% at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The Company's ratio of net debt (the sum of short-term debt of \$2.8 billion, current maturities of long-term debt of \$704 million, and long-term debt of \$7.6 billion less the sum of cash and cash equivalents of \$864 million and short-term marketable securities of \$33 million at March 31, 2025 and the sum of short-term debt of \$1.9 billion, current maturities of long-term debt of \$674 million, and long-term debt of \$7.6 billion less the sum of cash and cash equivalents of \$611 million and short-term marketable securities of \$246 million at December 31, 2024) to capital (the sum of net debt of \$10.2 billion and shareholders' equity of \$22.1 billion at March 31, 2025 and the sum of net debt of \$9.3 billion and shareholders' equity of \$22.2 billion at December 31, 2024) was 31% and 30% at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Stock Repurchase Program

On March 12, 2024, the Company entered into an accelerated share repurchase ("ASR") transaction agreement with Merrill Lynch International, an affiliate of BofA Securities, Inc., to repurchase \$1.0 billion of ADM common stock as part of ADM's existing share repurchase program.

On March 28, 2024, the Company received an interim delivery of 8,880,986 shares at an average share price of \$60.596, or \$538 million in aggregate. On April 15, 2024, the Company received a final delivery of 7,325,733 shares at an average share price of \$63.045, or \$462 million in aggregate, as final settlement of the ASR transaction.

On December 11, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved a second extension of the stock repurchase program through December 31, 2029 and the repurchase of up to an additional 100 million shares under the extended program. As of March 31, 2025, the Company had 115 million remaining shares under its share repurchase programuntil December 31, 2029.

Accounts Receivable Securitization Program

The Company has accounts receivable securitization programs (the "Programs") with certain commercial paper conduit purchasers and committed purchasers. The Programs provide the Company with up to \$2.9 billion in funding against accounts receivable transferred into the Programs and expands the Company's access to liquidity through efficient use of its balance sheet assets (see Note 15. Sale of Accounts Receivable within "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Item 1 herein, "Consolidated Financial Statements" for further information). As of March 31, 2025, the Company had \$813 million unused capacity of its facility under the Programs.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

The Company's purchase obligations as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were \$14.2 billion and \$12.4 billion, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, the Company expects to make payments related to purchase obligations of \$11.6 billion within the next twelve months. There were no other material changes in the Company's contractual obligations during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

There were no material changes in the Company's critical accounting estimates during the three months ended March 31, 2025. For a description of the Company's critical accounting estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements, see Part II. Item 7 and Note 1 of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part II. Item 8 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The market risk inherent in the Company's market risk sensitive instruments and positions is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in: commodity market prices as they relate to the Company's net commodity position, foreign currency exchange rates, equity price and interest rates.

For detailed information regarding the Company's market risk sensitive instruments and positions, see Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

#### ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of March 31, 2025, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")). Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of March 31, 2025, due to the material weakness described below

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, during the fourth quarter of 2023, in connection with the Company's investigation relating to intersegment sales, the Company identified a material weakness in its internal control over financial reporting related to the Company's accounting practices and procedures for segment disclosures. The material weakness resulted from inadequate controls that allowed for certain intersegment sales to be reported at amounts that were not in accordance with ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Specifically, the Company did not have adequate controls in place around measurement of certain intersegment sales between the Company's reporting segments. In addition, appropriate controls were not in place for the reporting of intersegment sales and for the application of disclosure requirements within ASC 280, Segment Reporting. The absence of adequate controls with respect to the reporting of intersegment sales impacted the completeness and accuracy of the Company's segment disclosures and review controls over projected financial information utilized in goodwill and other long-lived asset impairment tests.

#### Remediation Plan

The Company has implemented and continues to enhance its internal controls to remediate the identified material weakness in its internal control over financial reporting related to the Company's accounting practices and procedures for intersegment sales and to enhance the reliability of its financial statements with respect to the pricing and reporting of such sales. Specifically, the Company has (i) enhanced the Company's procedures and accounting policies with respect to the measurement of intersegment sales and (ii) improved its documentation of the Company's pricing guidelines for intersegment sales. In addition, the design and documentation of the execution of pricing and measurement controls for segment disclosure purposes and projected financial information used in impairment analyses have been enhanced, and testing of these controls will continue as part of the regular internal control over financial reporting process. Further, training for relevant personnel on the measurement of intersegment sales and application of relevant accounting guidance to intersegment sales and segment disclosures has been provided and remains ongoing.

While the Company believes that these efforts have improved its internal control over financial reporting, the Company is not yet able to conclude that the steps the Company has taken will remediate the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting. Management has substantially completed the design for the enhanced controls and is in the process of testing operational effectiveness of the new and enhanced controls.

## Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company is undertaking upgrades to its IT platforms and, in particular, certain of its enterprise resource planning (ERP) systems on a worldwide basis, which is expected to occur in phases over the next several years. The Company did not have any material changes to its IT platforms during the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Except for the material weakness described above and the related implementation of remediation measures, there have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of Vandamme Hugaria Kft. As a result of the acquisition, the Company is in the process of reviewing the internal control structures of the business and, if necessary, will make appropriate changes as the Company incorporates its controls and procedures into the acquired business.

## ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For information regarding certain legal proceedings involving the Company, see Part I. Item 1. Note 17. Legal Proceedings of "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements", which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

## Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information about purchases by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2025 of equity securities that are registered by the Company pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act. Under the Company's current stock repurchase program, subject to applicable law, share repurchases may be made from time to time in open market transactions or privately negotiated transactions.

P	eriod	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	ge Price er Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of a Publicly Announced Program <sup>(2)</sup>	Number of Shares Remaining to be Purchased Under the Program <sup>(2)</sup>
January 1, 2025 to					
January 31, 2025		13,999	\$ 50.62	_	114,764,049
February 1, 2025 to					
February 28, 2025		749,160	45.96	_	114,764,049
March 1, 2025 to					
March 31, 2025		63,668	47.19	_	114,764,049
Total	•	826,827	\$ 46.13		114,764,049

- (1) Total shares purchased represent shares received as payments for the withholding taxes on vested restricted stock awards.
- (2) On November 5, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to 100,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock during the period commencing January 1, 2015 and ending December 31, 2019. On August 7, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors approved the extension of the stock repurchase program through December 31, 2024 and the repurchase of up to an additional 100,000,000 shares under the extended program. On December 11, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved a second extension of the stock repurchase program through December 31, 2029 and the repurchase of up to an additional 100,000,000 shares under the extended program.

## ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None of the Company's directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Exchange Act) adopted, modified or terminated any contract, instruction, or written plan for the purchase or sale of ADM's securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Exchange Act or any non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K) during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

# ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

uibit N	o. <u>Description</u>	SEC Document Reference
(3.1)	Composite Certificate of Incorporation, as amended.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 13, 2001.
(3.2)	Bylaws, as amended through November 2, 2022.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 14, 2023).
(10.1)	Form of Performance Share Unit Award Agreement under the Company's Incentive Compensation Plan.	s 2020ed herewith.
(10.2)	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Company's 2 Compensation Plan.	020Filheade Interseswith.
(31.1)	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a–14(a) and 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	
(31.2)	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a–14(a) and 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended	
(32.1)	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 200	
(32.2)	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as a pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 200	
(101)	Inline XBRL file set for the Consolidated Financial Statements and acconnotes in Part I, Item 1, "Financial Statements" and for the under Part II, Item 5, "Other Information" of this Quarterly Form 10-Q.	information
(104)	Inline XBRL for the cover page of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in Exhibit 101 Inline XBRL file set.	clu <b>dddihelne</b> with.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND COMPANY

(Registrant)

Dated: May 6, 2025 /s/ M. Patolawala

M. Patolawala

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)